



LOUGHS AGENCY

Annual Report and Accounts

Covering the period 1 January 2003 to 31 December 2004



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for the period ended 31 December 2003 & 31 December 2004

Laid before the Northern Ireland Assembly and both Houses of the Oireachtas in accordance with the North/South Co-operation (Implementation Bodies)
(Northern Ireland) Order 1999 Schedule 1, Annex 2, Part 7,
Paragraphs 1.3 and 2.6

12th October 2007

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1. CHAIRMAN'S INTRODUCTION

I am pleased to present the Annual Report for 2003 and 2004 which sets out the major achievements of the organisation and challenges met during the year.

I am very grateful for the commitment of the staff of the Loughs Agency and support provided by the Board members, our Sponsoring Departments, the Department of Communications Marine and Natural Resources, the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development; the North/South Ministerial Council, Departments of Finance and their officials.

The challenges have been many, but so too have been the achievements. The expertise in fishery management inherited from the Foyle Fisheries Commission has provided us with a solid foundation to build on for the future and to deliver our aim:

"to provide sustainable social, economic and environmental benefits through the effective conservation, management, promotion and development of the fisheries and marine resources of the Foyle and Carlingford Areas for the benefit of all".

Peter Savage Chairman

2. CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S OVERVIEW

During the period of this report work continued on the draft Bills to amend the primary legislation under which the Loughs Agency of the Foyle, Carlingford and Irish Lights Commission operates. The Sponsoring Departments deployed additional resources to this work and much progress has been made.

In preparation of the enactment of this legislation the Agency completed its draft Implementation Plan for regulation and licensing of shellfish and aquaculture and public consultation on this will be initiated early in 2005.

The salmon runs recorded during the period were excellent in 2003 but showed a small drop in 2004. The 2003 runs were such as to trigger a one week extension to the commercial fishery, but not in 2004. In 2004 a major fish kill occurred on the River Strule at Omagh with over 700 salmon killed. This, following consultations with local anglers and fishery owners, resulted in the area affected being closed to angling some five weeks early to conserve the remaining breeding stocks.

Work continued on the genetic diversity of the salmon stocks of the Foyle Area and a full report of this pioneering work will be published in 2005. Continued development of the salmon management regime was approved by the Board and the Sponsoring Departments in that the Agency in partnership with the Marine Institute, National Institute for Agricultural Research (France) and Glasgow University and DARD initiated the development of Pre Fisheries Abundance Model and this work will be completed in 2008.

The Agency's interpretive centre "Riverwatch" welcomed its 10,000th visitor during the period of the report and the outreach programmes such as "adopt a stream" and "hatchery in the classroom" generated considerable interest throughout the catchments.

The Agency's promotional responsibilities also were successful particularly the first annual Angling Fair in March 2004 which attracted over 3,000 visitors and the Carlingford Saltwater Fly & Lure Fishing festival, among others.

I believe that the Agency continues to make progress in fully shouldering its responsibilities and would wish to record my gratitude to the Board for their support and guidance, to the staff of the Agency for their dedication and commitment and to our Sponsoring Departments and the Secretariat of the NSMC for their ongoing assistance and support for the work of the Agency.

RJ Derick Anderson Chief Executive

3. MISSION STATEMENT

The Loughs Agency aims to provide sustainable social, economic and environmental benefits through the effective conservation, management, promotion and development of the fisheries and marine resources of the Foyle and Carlingford Areas.

4. OBJECTIVES

The principal objectives of the Agency in the Foyle and Carlingford Areas are:—

- To conserve and protect the salmon and inland fisheries of the Foyle and Carlingford Areas;
- To manage and develop the salmon and inland fisheries of the Foyle and Carlingford Areas;
- To promote the development of Lough Foyle and Carlingford Lough for commercial and recreational purposes;
- To licence and develop aquaculture;
- To develop marine tourism;
- To pursue increased efficiency and continuous improvement in the delivery of services to all customers;
- To ensure the efficient, effective, and economic utilisation of resources available to the Agency.

See Appendix 1 for outturn against objectives.

5. BOARD MEMBERSHIP 2003/2004

Mr Peter Savage Chairperson
Lord Cooke of Islandreagh Vice Chairperson

Mr Jack Allen Ms Siobhan Logue
Mr Keith Anderson * Mr Joseph Martin

Mr Dick Blakiston-Houston

Miss Jacqui McConville

Mr Francis Feely

Mr Tarlach O'Crosain

Dr Patrick Griffin

Mr Andrew Ward

• resigned in 17th November 2004 due to work commitments

The Board met on six occasions during 2003 as follows:

• 5th March 2003 Ballymascanlon House Hotel Dundalk

21st May 2003 Agency Headquarters Prehen
 9th July 2003 Agency Headquarters Prehen
 3rd September 2003 Agency Headquarters Prehen

• 22nd October 2003 Holy Trinity Heritage Centre Carlingford

• 10th December 2003 Agency Headquarters Prehen

In 2004 the Board met on five occasions as follows:

• 24th March 2004 Agency Headquarters Prehen

• 19th May 2004 Armagh City Hotel

• 15th September 2004 Ballymascanlon House Hotel Dundalk

• 17th November 2004 Agency Headquarters Prehen

• 15th December 2004 Armagh City Hotel

Audit Finance & Personnel	Shellfish	Salmon and Inland Fisheries	Marine Tourism
Peter Savage	Joseph Martin	Dick Blakiston-Houston	Francis Feely
Jack Allen	Patrick Griffin	Tarlach O'Crosain	Andrew Ward
Siobhan Logue	Siobhan Logue	Andrew Ward	Lord Cooke of Islandreagh
Patrick Griffin	Tarlach O'Crosain	Francis Feely	Keith Anderson

6. FOYLE AND CARLINGFORD AREA ADVISORY FORUM

At its first meeting the NSMC-FCILC sector asked the Board to bring forward proposals for establishing consultation mechanisms with relevant interest groups in the Foyle and Carlingford Areas. The NSMC subsequently agreed to the establishment of the Foyle and Carlingford Area Advisory Forum through a selection process independent of the Agency to critique and advise the Agency in relation to its main strategic objectives:—

- Conservation and Protection
- Development of Aquaculture
- Development of Inland fisheries
- Development of Marine Tourism
- Customer Service

During the period of this report the following meetings of the Forum were held:

January 2003 Mr Brian McDermott relinquished the chair and the Forum acknowledged his commitment to both the current forum and its predecessor the Foyle Area Advisory Forum. Mr Pat McLaughlin was elected to the chair, Mr Eamon Mullan vice-chair and Mr Gary Neill as secretary.

March 2003 the Forum adopted new standing orders and discussed the Shellfish Code of Practice, the Audit of fisheries Based Recreation and Leisure and also the proposed Marine Tourism Study.

June 2003 the Forum were given a presentation on the EU Water framework Directive and the impact on the Agency's areas of responsibility.

September 2003 the Forum discussed the electrofishing results and the salmon runs for the season they also discussed the proposed draft conservation and protection regulations.

November 2003 the Forum received a presentation on the DNA — Genetics work being carried out in partnership with QUB and also the Agency's proposals for angling Development in the Foyle and Carlingford areas.

April 2004 discussions included the Marine Tourism Study and the progress to date on the draft Foyle and Carlingford Fisheries Bill.

7. STAFFING

Recruitment

The Body continued to recruit its full complement of permanent staff. The Agency's organisational structure is currently under review and the recommendations are being considered by the sponsoring Departments and the Departments of Finance. Vacancies were widely advertised across the island of Ireland and attracted substantial interest. Applications were of a high calibre and had a wide representation in terms of gender, community background and North/South Origin. During 2003 & 2004 the following posts were filled:

- Angling Manager
- EO1 (Finance)
- Deputy Coxswain
- Administrative Officers & Assistant
- River Watchers

Retirements

There were no retirements during the period of this report.

8. STAFF DEVELOPMENT

The Agency continued to invest in the training and development of its staff during the period of this report and the programme of training included Powerboat Instructor, Coastal Navigation, Sea Survival, First Aid Aboard Ship and there were a range of other courses and awareness seminars conducted, for example Health and Safety, Certificate in Management Practice and Risk Management.

A full training needs analysis was carried out during 2004 the Agency plans to introduce personal development plans in 2005.

9. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

The redesign of the Agency's web site (www.loughs-agency.org) was initiated as part of the organisation's commitment to providing a useful and up-to-date portal for those seeking information about angling, marine tourism and aquaculture in the Foyle and Carlingford Areas.

We took a number of steps to improve the security and communications and also the collection & transfer of data. These included the introduction of broadband into our headquarters with the planned rollout to all fish counter sites as the service becomes more widely available, the piloting of remote digital video technology used in the validation of the fish counting systems and also a system of off-site back ups was put in place.

10. EDUCATION AND INTERPRETIVE CENTRE "RIVERWATCH"

The "Riverwatch" Interpretive Centre was recognised as a tourist attraction by the Northern Ireland Tourist Board in the middle of 2003 and through restricted marketing efforts welcomed 4660 visitors through it's doors. Relationships with schools and community organisations were established through pilot outreach schemes such as river clean ups, historical evenings, fishing trips, etc. Links with other local tourist attractions and organisations such as Derry Visitor and Convention Bureau and the Harbour Museum, Du Pont Visitor Centre and Toucan One Cruises were developed to extend and enhance the experience of visitors.

During 2004, through increased marketing and promotion, 6203 visitors viewed the centre or took part in educational outreach programmes. The outreach portfolio was developed to include Hatchery In the Classroom, Alevin Release, Vital Signs, Fishing Festivals, Big Draw, Festival of Science and other small-scale initiatives. The outreach projects complement the key messages in the visitor centre and the work of the Agency. All participants enjoyed their experiences and the visitor book boasts comments such as:

'Thought provoking, educational and impressive facilities'

'Brilliant presentations and very informative. Pleasantly surprised!'

'Pupils and teachers alike really enjoyed this trip. It was very worthwhile'. — St Peter's High School.

'We had a fabulous day and did loads of follow up work. We would be delighted to do the release again next year'. — Broadbridge Primary School.

11. FISHERIES MANAGEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT

11.1 Salmon Management and Development

Background

The management regime operating for salmon in the Foyle Catchment is unique in the North East Atlantic and was established by the Foyle Fisheries Commission following the Report by PF Elson and ALW Tuomi, "The Foyle Fisheries, New Basis for Rational Management" published in 1975. The strategy has been refined in the intervening period using the most up to date technology and latest scientific knowledge including a full review of escapement targets by the Agency's Scientific Advisors in 1997. For further details on these strategies and information the Agency utilises in managing fisheries please refer to previous years Annual Reports. There follows a brief update on the information collected in 2003 and 2004.

Audit Points

Commercial Catches

Overall commercial catches for 2003 were down on the previous year of 2002 although were still up on the 2001 figure. Sufficient numbers of salmon crossed the counter at Sion Mills on the River Mourne to trigger a one week extension to

the commercial fishing season. The 2004 season was disappointing for the drift nets although the draft net returns were about average. Catches are detailed in tables 4 & 5 & 6 in Appendix 2.

Fish Counters

All counters operated satisfactorily in 2003 with no major problems reported. The 2004 run through the counters on the Mourne was quite good although the numbers crossing the Finn and Roe were down on previous years while the Faughan was about average. The Finn was the only River in the Foyle area in 2004 to not meet its conservation limits or management targets, the Agency will continue to monitor this situation. The Owenkillew counter experienced ongoing technical difficulties during the year so the count from this site is incomplete. Results from these may be found in Tables 2 & 3 in Appendix 2.

Angling

The percentage of anglers making a return on their logbooks in 2003 were down on the 2002 figure at 15% although this figure is still much higher than that pre-carcass tagging. In 2004 the percentage return increased to 21% and the adjusted number of salmon caught were about the same as 2003 although well down on the 2002 season. The reported catch was adjusted to allow for unreported returns and these figures are shown in Tables 10, 11 & 12 in Appendix 2.

Redd Counts

Weather conditions are all important when counting redds as they are very difficult to determine in high turbid water conditions and in addition, high water flows may flatten the mounds of gravel created by redding action thus when clearer conditions return no visible evidence of the redd remains. However, 2003 was a year with water conditions and thus it is believed a relatively accurate count was achieved.

Electrofishing

In 2003, 396 sites were semi-quantitatively surveyed in the Foyle area by electric fishing. Overall on average there were 10 trout fry and 19 salmon fry present at each site.

In 2004, 484 sites were semi-quantitatively electrically fished, with an average of 6 trout fry and 17 salmon fry present at each site. 72 sites were surveyed in the Carlingford area and 412 sites in the Foyle area. Within the Foyle area 150 sites were surveyed in the eastern region (rivers Roe, Burndennett and Faughan), 110 sites in the southern region (rivers Strule, Camowen, Drumragh and Fairywater), 43 sites in the western region, (rivers Finn, Deele and Culdaff) and 109 in the central region (rivers Mourne, Derg and Owenkillew).

Further details are provided in the Status Report which is available from the Agency or on our web site www.loughs-agency.org

Coded Wire Tagging (CWT)

This programme continued in 2003 on the Rivers Finn and Faughan and is undertaken for a number of reasons including the collection of biological data on the smolt run and a minimum estimate of marine survival rates. Table 1 outlines the numbers of smolts tagged at Killygordon on the River Finn and some of the biological characteristics. Table 2 highlights the recapture data.

The Marine Institute collates the recapture data from the tagging programme. For fish tagged in any year there is a lag of 2 years before the recapture data is available.

All micro-tagged fish have had their adipose fin removed (small fin between dorsal fin and tail), if any fisher catches a salmon or grilse without this fin a bounty is payable on the return of the fish head to Loughs Agency Headquarters in Prehen, please include location and date fish was caught, length, weight and scale sample.

Table 1. Numbers of smolt tagged on River Finn 2002-2004

Year	Number of Smolts Tagged	Mean Age	Mean Length (cm)	Mean Weight (g)
2002	690	2+	12.5	19.8
2003	2252	2+	12.7	20.2
2004	773	2+	12.73	20.31

Table 2. Re-capture data from River Finn micro-tagging programme. Note lag in data due to length of time spent at sea and length of time needed to collate data.

Year Tagged	Year Re-captured	Numbers Recaptured	Re-capture Location
2002	2003	10	Donegal, Foyle area, North Coast, Mayo, Galway
	2004	1	River Finn
2003	2004	25	Donegal, Foyle area, Mayo, Kerry, River Finn
	2005 (No data available yet)	(No data available yet)	(No data available yet)

The Agency through Interreg IIIa Water Measure Programme purchased CWT equipment for use in the Foyle and Carlingford areas. This will allow the Agency to potentially expand the programme in future years.

Instream Works

Following the recent genetic programme which highlighted the ineffectiveness of historical stocking programmes on the River Roe the Agency undertook a series of instream enhancement initiatives in 2004. These included in the Camowen catchment work in the Glencurry Burn and Cloghfin River and also removal of impassable barriers to fish on the Cranny Burn in Omagh. Other habitat enhancement schemes included work on the Faughan and the Roe. These were drawn up in consultation with Dr. Martin O'Grady from the Central Fisheries Board and it is hoped they will aid in maintaining and improving the runs of salmon and trout back to the Foyle in the years to come.

Conservation

The genetic programme was ongoing 2003 and reported towards the end of 2004. The report is currently undergoing peer review and a published report will be issued in 2005 and will be available on the Agency's website at www.loughs-agency.org

11.2 Coarse Fisheries Management and Development

Background

Coarse fishing is of particular importance in the Carlingford area, the Agency continued to work with Newry and Mourne District Council and tourism interests to develop and promote the canal. Significant potential for development also exists in the Foyle Area and elsewhere in the Carlingford Area. The fisheries on the Baronscourt Lakes are already very important, as is the River Strule at its confluence with the River Fairywater.

11.3 Shellfish Management and Development

Background

The weekly shore monitoring program in Lough Foyle was continued throughout 2003 and 2004 with additional reference sites being added to the sample list for greater spatial coverage of the Lough. Boat monitoring was carried out periodically in both Carlingford Lough and Lough Foyle as a comparison to the shore samples. The baseline data being recorded during these sample runs will be used to assess fluctuations in local environmental variables and these values can then be cross-referenced with reproductive periods and growth rates of the shellfish in the Loughs.

As well as the above water quality records the Agency commenced sampling of water and shellfish within the Lough for statutory sampling programs operated by DARD and the Marine Institute. This included taking water samples for estimations of phytoplankton abundance and identification of toxic algal blooms. The water samples for these programs are taken weekly from sites within Lough Foyle and Carlingford and forwarded to the relevant authorities for examination. Mussel samples were also taken on a monthly basis from the Loughs and forwarded to the relevant departments for classification for toxic algal concentrations.

A joint shellfish survey of Lough Foyle by Aquaculture Initiative, BIM and the Loughs Agency took place in 2003 and again in 2004 during May and August. This survey included dredging of the Lough and records of the abundance and distribution of mussel, oysters and their predators being made. A preliminary summary of this survey was given to the fishermen in September 2004 showing good recruitment to the native oyster fishery in the northern beds, however oysters

in other areas were considerably smaller than previous years and densities were not thought to be lower on many of the

In May of 2003 a shellfish workshop was hosted by the Agency in the Canal Court Hotel, Newry. The workshop was entitled "Managing Shellfish for Sustainability". This workshop attracted speakers from the UK, Ireland, Holland, and America. These speakers related their experiences of trying to manage shellfisheries in their respective countries in a sustainable manner and presented much food for thought to the workshop delegates in relation to the proper management of the resources of Loughs Foyle and Carlingford. The report of this workshop is available on the Agency's website at www.loughs-agency.org.

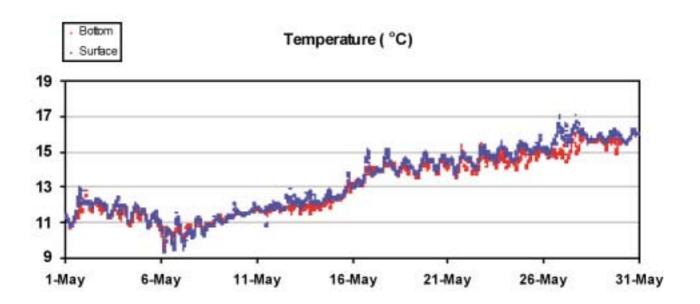
Trials using the RoxAnn groundmaster equipment have also been completed during the early part of 2003 This equipment enables a detailed seabed map to be created through acoustic surveying of the substrate from a boat platform. Unfortunately weather conditions can affect the reliability of the results of this system and it relies on calm weather for accurate operation. This was not always possible during 2003 and boat and manpower availability during the busy salmon season was also a factor. The trials were further developed in 2004 and a survey of the inner Lough was initiated in October. The survey worked on a 400m grid system, with RoxAnn data being collected from latitudinal transects running at 400m spacing from east-west and west-east. The survey was successful in collecting large amounts of data on the substrate types available in the inner Lough however weather hampered the effort towards the end of 2004 and made much of the RoxAnn data unsuitable for interpretation due to spiking.

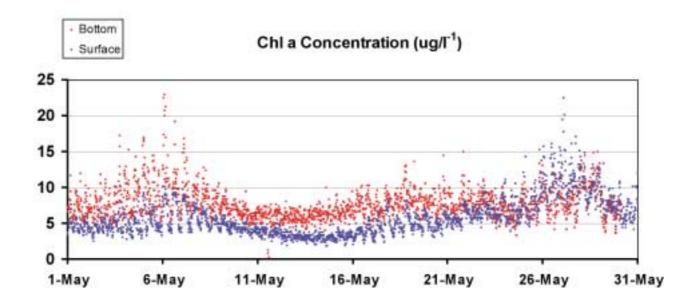
The Environmental Monitoring Systems purchased in 2002 were in development during the beginning of 2003 and the first buoy in the system was launched in late 2003. These systems allow in situ continuous automatic records of temperature, dissolved oxygen, depth, and chlorophyll fluorescence to be made. These systems have a patented wipe clean technology to allow them to be submersed in marine waters for long periods without the accuracy of results decreasing with time. The first of the systems was launched at Black Braes in Lough Foyle and its hoped that this system will provide high accuracy information about the quality of the water in the Foyle for shellfish for many years ahead. Initial results are good and the system is generating detailed records of temperature and chlorophyll-a fluctuations in the inner Lough. The data from this monitoring system is available online for the benefit of private and educational users. Refinements in the variability of the data are being made and it is hoped that the Carlingford Buoy will be deployed in early 2004.

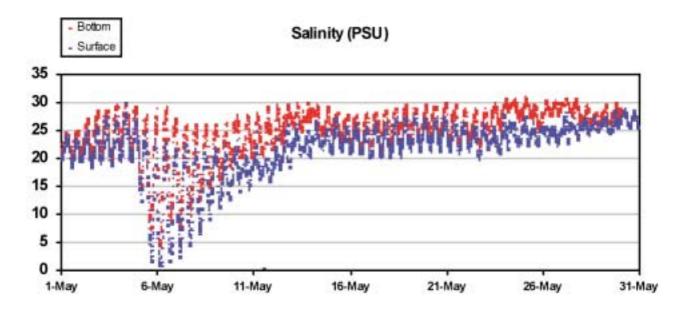
During 2004 the Environmental Monitoring System deployed at Black Braes in Lough Foyle was checked and calibrated monthly. The system is operating well and the data is being refined for release to the stakeholders. These systems allow *in situ* continuous automatic records of temperature, dissolved oxygen, depth, and chlorophyll fluorescence to be made. These systems have a patented wipe clean technology to allow them to be submersed in marine waters for long periods without the accuracy of results decreasing with time. The second of the systems was launched in Carlingford during 2004. This is the first system to be deployed in Carlingford and so far it has performed excellently, producing much needed data on the fluctuating environmental variables within the water body. The data from this monitoring system is available online for the benefit of private and educational users. Refinements in the variability of the data are being made and it is hoped that all data can be presented in a useable format soon.

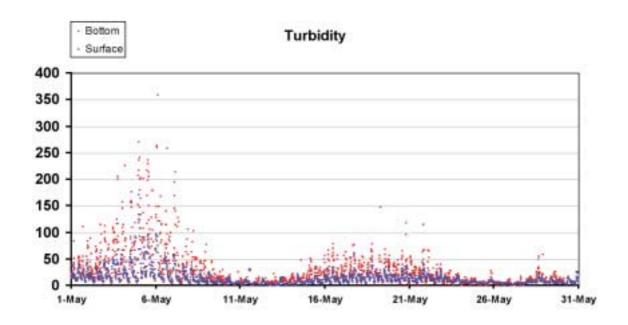
The Agency was successful in a bid to the European Regional Development Fund through the INTERREG IIIA Water Measure Programme for the purchase of four additional systems which were delivered in December 2004. It is intended that one each shall be deployed in the outer loughs of Foyle and Carlingford respectively. Of the remaining systems it is hoped to deploy one seawards of Lough Foyle and the other in a freshwater system.

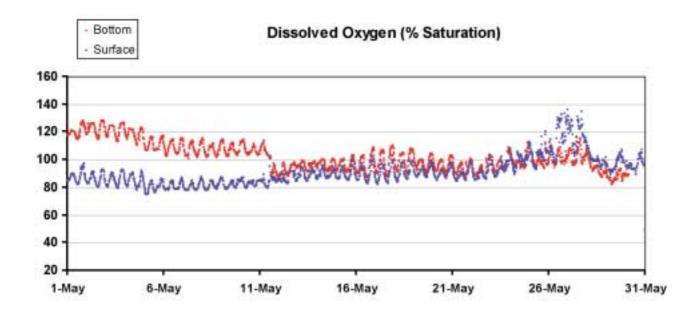
A chlorophyll and nutrient monitoring program was commenced during 2004. This program involved water samples from 12 sites within Lough Foyle and the River Foyle being sampled on a monthly basis. Chlorophyll and nutrient samples allow estimates of productivity to be made and will allow the records from the environmental monitoring systems to be cross checked as a calibration or quality control measure. The program is being run in collaboration with DARD Aquatic Services, who will process samples and determine results.

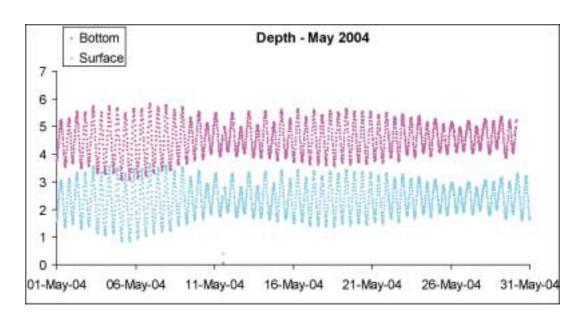












A survey of the reproductive activity of the native oysters in Lough Foyle was carried out from May to August 2004. This involved taking a sample of oysters from the major beds in the Lough and estimating the degree of reproductive activity within each individual. Spat collectors were also deployed to monitor settlement of spat within the oyster beds and temperature and salinity measurements were made throughout the summer to determine how these variables influenced breeding success of the stock. Unfortunately very little reproductive behaviour was observed within the samples and it was thought that this may have been due to the small size of the oysters on the main beds or the fact that sample size was not big enough.

The production tonnage for the shellfisheries in Loughs Foyle and Carlingford are outlined in Table 3

Table 3

Species	Year	Production Area	Volume	Sum of Value (£)	
Bottom Mussel	2003	Lough Foyle	15,318	€10,504,240	
Native Oyster	2003	Lough Foyle	50	not known	
Bottom Mussel	2003	Carlingford Lough	1,500	€1,725,000	
Gigas Oyster	2003	Carlingford Lough	457	€900,350	
Native Oyster	2004	Lough Foyle	50	not known	
Bottom Mussel	2004	Lough Foyle	12,162	€8,762,960	
Gigas Oyster	2004	Carlingford Lough	320	€332,200	
Bottom Mussel	2004	Carlingford Lough	2,500	€2,468,000	

12. CONSERVATION AND PROTECTION OF FISHERIES

Enforcement of the Fisheries Acts and Regulations remains a primary function of the Loughs Agency staff. Details of Loughs Agency seizures are presented in Tables 21A & B in Appendix 2. During 2003 salmon runs back to the Foyle were again excellent but while a long dry spell during the summer and autumn inhibited angling activity, sufficient salmon moved into the fresh water to trigger a one week extension to the commercial fishery as in 2002.

In August 2004 a major fish kill occurred on the River Strule in which over 700 adult salmon were recovered. The Agency following consultation with the local angling interests and fishery owners, introduced an emergency regulation to bring forward the beginning of the close season in the River Strule and its tributaries from 21 October to 13 September. This regulation allowed the remaining salmon migrating to their spawning grounds protection and helped minimise the effect of the incident as evidenced by the assessment of the spawning activity in the area.

Regulations introduced during 2004 included further protection for spring salmon with a one salmonid bag limit for the period 1 March to 31 May and a four fish limit for the remainder of the season. Sustained enforcement of fishery legislation by Agency staff continues to contribute towards the observed reduction of illegal fishing.

Details of Loughs Agency prosecutions are presented in Tables 20A & B in Appendix 2.

Loughs Agency would wish to acknowledge the substantial assistance given by DARD, the Garda Síochána and the Police Service for Northern Ireland in the enforcement of the Fisheries Acts in the Loughs Agency area. Also particular thanks to the private river watchers who, often in very difficult circumstances and on a voluntary basis, provide additional protection on their fisheries to the benefit of all. This help is very much appreciated by the Board of the FCILC, the Loughs Agency and its staff.

Seed mussel fishery patrols were undertaken by DARD and DCMNR assisted by the Loughs Agency during October and November 2003. This required extensive patrol on-board the FPV Lough Bradán observing the fishing activities of mussel dredgers and also boarding of vessels for estimation of catches and quality of seed reserves. This fishery was open for the majority of the period from October to January and the Loughs Agency directed much of its effort towards the observation of this fishery and the facilitating of department officials in their roles as officers of this fishery.

13. WATER QUALITY

The Agency ceased to act as formal agents of The Environment and Heritage Service on 31 May 2004 with regard to the control of water pollution, the Agency staff, however retain their authority under the Water (Northern Ireland) Order 1999, and also through the enforcement of the Foyle Fisheries Acts 1952 enabling Agency staff to work closely with

Environment and Heritage staff should the need arise. The Agency will continue to be the lead organisation in investigations pertaining to fish kills.

The protocols for the interactions between the two bodies will be formalised within a Memorandum of Understanding currently being drafted jointly by both parties.

Whilst the Agency is no longer involved in the comprehensive river monitoring regime that will be continued by EHS staff all results resulting arising from this programme are available to the Agency for appraisal and interpretation.

A similar regime exists with regard to the routine Consent compliance sampling programme, with the results from the samples collected by EHS staff made available to the Agency, thus allowing the Agency to assess the individual premises performance, and take any appropriate action.

The Agency believes that its strategy of targeting catchments that appear to be stressed for its Proactive Pollution Prevention Programme is both sound and beneficial to these catchments, the base information for this strategy is primarily sourced from the qualitative electro-fishing surveys carried out each year and to a lesser extent from the habitat update programme and the redd count surveys.

The Agency continues to be a statutory consultee regarding developments that have the potential to impact on the riverine, environment either from a water quality or physical habitat aspect. This includes discussions with the Forest Service & various forestry bodies regarding possible impact of proposed planting schemes, roads service regarding new river crossings and road schemes, Water Service regarding sewage and water abstraction schemes, Planning Service regarding new developments, Environment and Heritage Service regarding discharge consents, their quality and possible impact, and Rivers Agency regarding drainage and watercourse management issues, including habitat reinstatement works.

The Agency has purchased and installed telemetry buoys in both Lough Foyle and in Carlingford Lough, the purpose of which is to measure and record several water quality parameters that will be used to develop carrying capacity models for shellfish in both Loughs.

14. EU INTERREG IIIA WATER MEASURE PROGRAMME

In 2004 the Agency received funding from the European Regional Development Fund through the INTERREG IIIA Programme, administered by the Environment and Heritage Service, on behalf of the Department of Environment for the following projects:









- Inshore Patrol Vessel for Carlingford Lough (€209k) This vessel will be used by the Agency for protection and survey work mainly within Carlingford Lough.
- Four Auto-Telemetry Monitoring Buoys (€233k) for real-time monitoring of the waters of both Lough Foyle and Carlingford Lough. This project is in partnership with Environment and Heritage Service, Marine Institute, Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, the Environmental Protection Agency and will be deployed early in 2005.
- Coded Wire Tagging & Detection Units (€82k). These units will be used for the 2005 smolt run and for monitoring the returning adult salmon.
- Weir and Fish Counter River Strule Omagh (€155k) this project has been developed in partnership with Omagh District Council and is on target for completion in mid 2005.

15. MARINE TOURISM

The Agency was given the new function of the development of marine tourism by the British Irish Agreement. Progress on developing this function was delayed during the year by the suspension of the Northern Ireland Assembly however an "Audit of the Fisheries-based Recreation and Leisure Resource of both the Foyle and Carlingford Areas" was completed by Fitzpatrick Associates towards the end of 2002 and this formed the basis for consultation with interest groups and the preparation of a 5 year development plan for the Foyle and Carlingford Areas. A further joint study of Marine Leisure in both Areas in co-operation with the North West and Eastern Regional Cross Border Groups was initiated in 2004.

GLOSSARY

Bacteriology — Refers to bacteria

Benthic surveys — Surveys of the sea bed

Biotoxins — Toxins produced by certain species of algae

Coarse fish — Fish such as roach, rudd, bream, perch, pike, tench etc.

Egg deposition — The number of eggs deposited by the adult fish

Electrofishing — A technique employing electricity to capture fish. It does this through specialised equipment producing an electric charge which allows fish within an area to be stunned, and caught unharmed.

Eyed ova — Developmental stage of a salmon/trout egg where the eyes of the young fish become visible.

Macro-invertebrates — Insects found in streams

Spawning escapement — The number of fish left to spawn at the end of the season.

Salmonids — Trout and salmon.

APPENDIX 1

OUTTURN AGAINST TARGETS 2004

OBJE	CTIVE	UPDATE
1.	To conserve and protect the salmon and inland fisheries of the Foyle and Carlingford Areas.	
KEY A	ACTIVITY	
1.1	Habitat protection	
1.1	Enforcement	
1.1	Education	
PERF	ORMANCE TARGET	
1.1.1	Proactively promote pollution prevention by presence on rivers and carry out 1,500 farm visits.	80% complete
1.1.2	Respond to all pollution reports within 8 hours of notification.	Achieved to date no breaches of SLA
1.1.3	Specify fisheries protection requirements for forestry, engineering, and other works affecting the riverine environment of the Foyle and Carlingford Areas, and respond within 21 days of consultation.	Ongoing
1.2.1	Provide 120 days at sea protection in Lough Foyle and area seaward of Lough Foyle and check licences of 100% of boats observed fishing.	65% complete (Lough Bradan out of water being serviced and rewired)
1.2.2	Provide 40 days at sea protection in Carlingford Lough.	23% complete (Carlingford Rib under repair)
1.2.3	Check 3,000 angling licences and logbooks in the Foyle Area, reducing the number of unlicensed anglers detected to less than 0.5%.	84% complete
1.2.4	Check 600 angling licences in the Carlingford Area, reducing the number of unlicensed anglers detected to less than 0.5%.	58% complete
1.2.5	Check 100% of operational netsmen's log books during the commercial season.	Achieved
1.2.6	Check 100% of licensed salmon dealers once per week between 1st March and 30th October.	Achieved
1.2.7	Increase visitor numbers to the "Riverwatch" interpretive	6203 (industrial action by teachers at peak time)
	centre by 50% on visits in 2003.	(4660 in 2003)
OBJE	CTIVE	UPDATE
2.	To manage and develop the Salmon and Inland Fisheries of the Foyle and Carlingford Areas.	
KEY A	CTIVITY	
2.1	Management information.	

The Improvement of Fisheries Habitat.

Provide information and advice in relation to the Foyle and Carlingford Bill.

2.22.3

PERFORMANCE TARGET

2.1.1 Provide validated adult recruitment figures from the fish counters on the Rivers Roe, Faughan, Mourne, Owenkillew, Camowen, Culdaff and Finn by December 2004.

Finn and Mourne Validation Complete others to follow in 2005.

2.1.2 Survey 340 electro-fishing sites by the end of September 2004.

Electrofishing completed

2.1.3 Establish exploitation rates by commercial and recreational fisheries by December 2004.

Awaiting outcome of PFA/Genetics and Digital Photography

2.1.4 Carry out 5 coarse fishery surveys by October 2004.

Lough Derg completed August others to follow in 2005

2.1.5 Undertake a review of the conservation limits and

Ongoing as 2.1.3

escapement targets for the Foyle catchment by June 2004. 2.1.6 Complete aerial digital photographic surveys of the

Finn Complete others awaiting new digital technology (now May 2005)

freshwater Foyle and Carlingford catchments by
May 2004.

Ongoing DNA work

2.1.7 Introduce a programme of sampling in the commercial salmon fisheries to establish temporal and spatial variances in the exploited populations.

Work on Rivers Roe and Faughan completed. Business cases for the Dennett, Omagh catchment and Culdaff currently being worked up in partnership with Rivers Agency.

2.2.1 Submit proposals for habitat improvement schemes and associated business plans for the Rivers Deele, Culdaff, Roe, Faughan, and Camowen to Departments by March 2004.

Work on the Rivers Roe and Faughan now complete. SLA agreed with Rivers Agency.

2.2.2 Commence work on the habitat improvement schemes in May 2004.

Ongoing see 2.2.2

2.2.3 Identify areas for enhancement for each sub catchment that will achieve a 5% increase in 2003 spawning target.

Ongoing see 2.2.2

2.2.4 Deliver improvement in habitat to provide 10% increase in the 2003-spawning target.

Delayed due to H&S risk assessments, to date two groups have carried out cleanups Oakgrove (St. Columb's Park), YMCA (Drumahoe),

2.2.5 Encourage 20 groups of Riverwatch clients to use the 'adopt a stream' programme to improve their local stream/river habitat.

Ongoing

2.3.1 Respond to requests for information and advice in relation to the Foyle and Carlingford Bill within the deadlines set, and attend the Committee Stage of the Bill.

OBJECTIVE

UPDATE

3. To promote the development of Lough Foyle and Carlingford Lough for commercial and recreational purposes.

KEY ACTIVITY

3.1 Develop a strategic plan for the promotion of the development of Lough Foyle and Carlingford Lough for commercial and recreational purposes.

PERFORMANCE TARGET

3.1.1 Prepare a strategic plan for the promotion of the development of Lough Foyle and Carlingford Lough for commercial and recreational purposes, including any provision for funding, by June 2004 derived from the Study of Marine Tourism and the Fisheries Based Recreation and Leisure Development Plan.

Final draft of Marine Tourism Study Commenced received currently being considered by the Marine Tourism Sub Cttee.

3.1.2 Provide up to date angling information through the Agency's web site, information line and angling press notes

Ongoing — weekly press release, foyleline, web updated. Website currently being redesigned.

OBJECTIVE

4. To licence and develop aquaculture

KEY ACTIVITY

- 4.1.1 Put into practice those parts of Implementation Plan required prior to the enactment of the Foyle and Carlingford Fisheries Bill.
- 4.1.2 Provide information and advice in relation to the Foyle and Carlingford Fisheries Bill.

UPDATE

PERFORMANCE TARGET

- 4.1.1 Further develop monitoring programme to provide scientific basis for the management and implementation of the provisions of the forthcoming Primary Legislation.
- 4.1.2 Continue consultation on the proposals for developing sustainable aquaculture in Lough Foyle and Carlingford Lough within 6 months of the enactment of Primary Legislation.
- 4.1.3 Finalise a development plan for aquaculture within 9 months of the enactment of the Primary Legislation.
- 4.2.1 Respond to requests for information and advice in relation to the Foyle and Carlingford Bill within the deadlines set, and attend the Committee Stage of the Bill.

PFA/DNA/Digital Photography work commenced.

No primary legislation yet No primary legislation yet

No primary legislation yet.

No primary legislation yet.

OBJECTIVE

5. To develop marine tourism

KEY ACTIVITY

- 5.1 Develop a strategic plan for the development of marine tourism in consultation with other interested agencies and organisations.
- 5.2 Commence the implementation of the marine tourism strategy.

UPDATE

PERFORMANCE TARGET

- 5.1.1 Develop a strategy for the development of marine tourism in the Foyle and Carlingford Areas, including the identification of potential partnerships, any proposals for funding and targets for its implementation, by June 2004.
- 5.2.1 Commence the implementation of the marine tourism strategy by September 2004.

Marine Tourism Study final draft received following consultation workshops currently being considered by MT Board/Sub Committee.

To follow adoption of recommendations from study.

OBJECTIVE

6. To pursue increased efficiency and continuous improvement in the delivery of services to all customers.

KEY ACTIVITY

6.1 The provision of information and services to customers developed to a high standard, and tailored to customer requirements.

UPDATE

- 6.2 To maintain and improve human resources within the Agency, in order to ensure a high level of customer service.
- 6.3 Targeting Social Need and Equality Obligations (section 75 NI Act 1998)

PERFORMANCE TARGET

- 6.1.1 Respond to all correspondence received within 15 working Achieved days.
- 6.1.2 Provide timely, relevant and accurate information to Sponsoring Departments, FCILC Board, Advisory Forum and North South Ministerial Council Secretariat in order to meet specified deadlines.

Ongoing

- 6.1.3 Regularly review and update material held on the Agency's website.
- Web site re-design now under construction to be completed in early 2005.
- 6.1.4 Complete the recruitment of the 2nd Advisory Forum by April 2004.
- Advice from NSMC 1 year extension to current Forum IP procedures in process.
- 6.2.1 Arrange training and development opportunities including equality training for staff in accordance with the Agency's revised Training and Development Plan.
- Ongoing. Training needs workshop held.
- 6.3.1 Consider nTSN when planning, delivering and evaluating all activities and review nTSN action plan by December 2004 and provide timely quarterly updates to sponsor Departments.
- Ongoing
- 6.3.2 Throughout the year promote and maintain equal opportunities awareness in all activities.
- Ongoing
- 6.3.3 Implement and promote the key recommendations derived from the Agency's outreach and dissemination strategy.
- Ongoing
- 6.3.4 Review and update were necessary the Agency's Risk Management Strategy at least on a quarterly basis.
- Updated and register approved by Board

OBJECTIVE

UPDATE

7. To ensure the efficient, effective and economic consumption of resources available to the Agency.

KEY ACTIVITY

7.1 Ensure optimal use of Agency resources, and that all expenditure complies with relevant guidance.

PERFORMANCE TARGET

- 7.1.1 Ensure compliance with DAO's and applicable financial guidance North and South.
- Ongoing
- 7.1.2 Comply with provisions of the Loughs Agency's Financial Memorandum.
- FM agreed by Board & signed off by Sponsor Depts.
- 7.1.3 Inform Sponsoring Departments of any budgetary changes (deviants with budgetary changes) in a timely manner.
- Ongoing
- 7.1.4 Review the Agency's Fraud Policy by September 2004 and implement any amendments.
- Revised and incorporated into FM

Appendix 2

Fisheries Conservation Protection and Management Statistics

Table 1 Foyle Area Spawning Counts 1995/96 - 2004/05

* Camowen 708 59 Culdaff 0 46 Deele 422 51 * Dennett 266 50 * Derumragh 666 59 * Drumragh 666 59 * Glenelly 370 6 * Glenelly 370 6 * Mourne 338 0 * Owenkillew 750 0 * Reelan 126 454 * Roe 1222 241 * Strule & Tribs 710 267		278 45 67 0 516 153	209 31 69 58 553 117	32 0 16 0 119 80	214 42 72	131	099	571	767
ff 0 422 tt 266 agh 666 m 590 ky 370 e 338 allew 750 126 1222 & Tribs 7746		45 67 0 516 153	31 69 58 553 117 84	0 16 0 119 80	42				
tt 22 tt 266 agh 666 m 590 ky 370 e e 338 dillew 750 126 1222 & Tribs 710		67 0 516 153	69 58 553 117 84	16 0 119 80	72	0	24	12	0
tt 266 734 agh 666 m 590 ky 370 e 338 ellew 750 126 1222 & Tribs 7746		0 516 153 0	58 553 117 84	0 119 80		99	80	88	0
agh 666 m 590 ky 370 e 338 dillew 750 126 1222 & Tribs 7746		516 153 0	553 117 84	119	78	31	29	29	11
agh 666 un 590 ky 844 ky 370 e 338 illew 750 126 1222 & Tribs 710		153	117	80	541	467	849	536	58
m 590 844 ky 370 e		0	84	ŗ	147	150	545	321	473
by 370 e 338 dillew 750 126 1222 & Tribs 710				53	87	233	673	441	501
ly 370 e 338 dillew 750 126 122 & Tribs 710	234	552	357	117	159	137	234	101	149
e 338 illew 750 126 1222 & Tribs 710		99	26	0	28	0	31	0	0
### 126 ### 122 #### 122 ##### 710	18	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
126 1222 & Tribs 710	244	337	93	0	138	112	89	3	0
Roe 1222 Strule & Tribs 710 Totals 7746	366	241	203	87	245	154	377	350	410
Strule & Tribs 710 Totals 7746	1247	0	169	136	383	186	630	672	43
7746	Nil	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OT 1.	5174	2272	1969	640	2134	1667	4238	3163	2412
* Mourne System 4276 1928	1945	1367	866	231	1068	860	2153	1431	1298
→ Finn System 970 1280	1118	793	560	204	404	291	611	451	559

The Figures relate to Dr. Elson's "Estimated Spawner Requirements" (The Foyle Fisheries : New Basis for Rational Management. Elson and Tuomi. Table 14)

Table 2: Foyle Area Fish Counter Data 1989 — 2004

Year	Faughan	Sion Mills	Glenelly Owenkillew	Roe	Finn
1989	8287				
1990	6458				
1991	4301	7987			
1992	7357	7420			
1993	8655	17978			
1994	7439	19908			
1995	10838	7547			
1996	13297	8978			
1997	3525	7047			
1998	3077	9599			
1999	*	6514			
2000	2551	4690			
2001	1518	6250	2742	3265	3311
2002	4288	12991	4543	5459	5768
2003	3097	12129	1908	4086	6461
2004	2,855	10,270	99	1.922	3,778

[•] Counter out of order for the 1999 season

Table 3A: Foyle Area Fish Counter Data 2003

Month	No. of fish >45cm					
	Mourne	Finn	Roe	Faughan	Owenkillew	
January		2				
February		-11				
March		43				
April		104				
May	127	695	26	5	7	
June	6040	1371	114	468	493	
July	2837	2962	1604	1182	934	
August	212	1	276	430	76	
September	1002	809	518	186	216	
October	731	396	954	462	182	
November	952	183	535	362	1	
December	228	-94	59	2	-1	
Total	12129	6461	4086	3097	191908	

Minus figures early in the year a result of previously spawned salmon kelts migrating back out to sea.

Table 3B: Foyle Area Fish Counter Data 2004 providers

Month	No. of fish >45cm				
	Mourne	Finn	Roe	Faughan	Owenkillew
January	65	3	-3	-6	0
February	6	-16	-8	0	0
/Iarch	-8	77	-1	0	2
April	81	-16	-15	4	0
Лау	217	57	25	36	0
une	3344	1851	51	75	2
ly	1908	880	35	903	0
ıgust	1916	455	380	1002	77
ptember	1534	200	690	575	18
ctober	596	130	360	153	_
lovember	473	1520	169	62	_
December	138	5	239	51	_
OTAL	10,270	3,778	1.922	2,855	99

Minus figures early in the year a result of previously spawned salmon kelts migrating back out to sea.

Table 4A

Foyle Area Weekly Catches of Salmon and Grilse By Commercial Engines 2003 THE STATE OF THE

	Week Ending	Drift Nets Sea Only	ets ıly	Drif Redcasi	Drift Nets Redcastle to Sea	Culmo	Drift Nets Culmore to Redcastle		Draft Nets River Foyle & River Roe		Totals
		No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.
	15-Jun	1		I	I		I		1		
	21-Jun	380	948	1249	3546	85	199	3110	9829	4824	11479
	28-Jun	543	1370	2148	5619	92	224	3315	7245	8609	14458
	05-Jul	652	1503	2528	6481	102	240	2628	5764	5910	13988
	12-Jul	200	1502	1769	4723	117	272	2953	5253	5039	11750
	19-Jul	487	1215	1377	3740	49	130	1804	4255	3717	9340
	26-Jul	358	924	1222	3265	22	99	1344	3229	2946	7474
27	02-Aug	217	632	962	2936	35	94	1406	3483	2653	7145
,	09-Aug	45	123	558	1590	11	34	931	2450	1545	4197
	16-Aug						1				
	23-Aug	1	1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı		
	Totals	3382	8217	11846	31899	513	1249	16991	38465	32732	79830

Table 4B

Foyle Area Weekly Catches of Salmon and Grilse By Commercial Engines 2004

Week Ending	Fixed	d les	Drift Nets Sea Only	ets y	Drift Nets Redcastle to Sea	Culmo	Drift Nets Culmore to Redcastle	D Riv R	Draft Nets River Foyle & River Roe		Totals	S
	No.	Kgs	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.
19-Jun	1	1	06	235	495	1231	16	35	1321	2992	1922	4494
26-Jun	1	1	113	348	629	1688	72	173	1570	3447	2414	5656
03-Jul	1	1	318	816	1713	4798	29	177	1444	2887	3542	8678
10-Jul	2	13	451	1197	1821	4697	38	89	1813	3792	4128	9788
17-Jul	1	1	436	1166	2158	2002	113	255	1338	3059	4045	10188
24-Jul	1	1	289	787	1438	1859	23	09	908	2070	2556	6895
31-Jul	1	1	549	1607	1859	5422	82	500	1198	3223	3688	10461
07-Aug							1	1				
14-Aug					1							
21-Aug	I	I	I	1	I	I	I	I	1	1	1	-
28-Aug	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	
Totals	5	13	2246	6156	10143 2	27522	411	866	9490	21470	22295	56160

Table 5

Foyle Area Annual Catches of Salmon and Grilse By Various Classes of Commercial Fishing Engines 1994-2004

Class of Fishing				Annual Cate	Catch (Nos.) of Salmon & Grilse	almon & Gril	Se				
Engine	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Drift Nets : Sea Only	4427	8413	2932	5509	7539	2792	3628	2169	5262	3382	2246
Drift Nets: Lough & Sea	16791	10656	10879	18840	22717	12097	17339	10739	22556	11846	10143
Drift Nets: Lough Only	7590	6083	6147	7058	1040	208	1366	592	1033	513	411
Draft Nets : River Foyle & River Roe	10046	10760	10586	12556	11141	7893	10339	9476	11917	16991	9490
Fixed Engines :	1	I	1	1	I	I	I	I	1	1	5
TOTALS	38854	35912	30544	43963	42437	23290	32672	22976	40768	32732	22295

Table 6

Foyle Area Average Annual Catches of Salmon and Grilse for each Class of Commercial Fishing Engine 1994-2004

Class of Fishing Engine	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Drift Nets : Sea Only	221	421	154	290	377	147	202	121	310	188	173
Drift Nets:	207	133	136	248	288	153	228	141	289	154	147
Lough & Sea Drift Nets:	069	202	683	642	95	26	171	74	129	73	59
Lough Only Draft Nets : River Foyle &	165	192	196	246	227	184	220	220	277	347	421
River Roe Fixed Engines			I	I	I	I	I	1	1		5

Table 7

Number of Commercial Licences Issued 1994-2004

Class of Licence 1994	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Drift Nets:	20	20	19	19	20	19	18	18	17	18	13
Sea Only											
Drift Nets:	81	80	80	92	79	79	92	92	78	77	69
Lough & Sea											
Drift Nets:	11	12	6	11	11	6	8	∞	∞	9	7
Lough Only											
Draft Nets:	26	55	53	20	48	42	46	42	43	20	51
River Foyle											
River Roe	1	1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fixed Engines	1	1	1	1	1	I	I	I	1	1	1

Table 8

Proportion of Foyle Area Net Catch Taken By Various Classes of Fishing Engines 1994-2004

Class of Fishing				Prop	Proportion of Foyle Area Net Catch	le Area Net C	atch				
Engine	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Drift Nets: Sea Only	11.4	23.4	9.6	12.5	17.8	12.8	11.1	9.4	12.9	10.3	10.1
Drift Nets : Lough & Sea	43.2	29.7	35.6	42.9	53.4	55.4	53.1	46.7	55.4	36.2	45.5
Drift Nets: Lough Only	19.5	16.9	20.1	16.0	2.5	2.3	4.2	2.6	2.5	1.6	1.8
Draft Nets: River Foyle & River Roe	25.9	30.0	34.7	28.6	26.3	29.5	31.6	41.3	29.2	51.9	42.58
Fixed Engines:	I								I	I	0.05

 Table 9

Purchases of Rod Caught Salmon March — April 30th 1991 — 2004

Year	No. of Salmon Purchased
1991	149
1992	172
1993	73
1994	483
1995	167
1996	129
1997	195
1998	186
1999	124
2000	170
2001	39
2002	118
2003	85
2004	151

Table 10A

ROD CATCH RETURNS (SALMON & GRILSE) 2003

2003	Ma	March	A	April		May	J.	June	J.	July	Au	August	Septe	September	October	ber	Recorded	eq	Totals	S
	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.
CAMOWEN									4	7	2	7	5	15	5	111			16	41
CLANRYE																			0	0
CULDAFF																			0	0
DENNETT													2	9					2	9
DERG			2	5	14	63	22	62	45	91	13	27	25	20	35	69			156	367
DRUMRAGH									1	2			2	3	9	10			6	15
FAUGHAN			2	2	∞	20	62	121	94	176	30	62	80	208	59	142			335	732
FINN	13	38	7	21	183	547	160	323	145	290	18	34	34	26	∞	16	2	3	570	1328
FOYLE			1	4			3	9	2	3									9	13
GLENELLY								2			3	10	1	2	16	43			21	57
MOURNE				3	6	33	89	144	107	222	71	153	104	292	28	182			418	1030
OWENKILLEW			2	7					5	11		4	12	38	∞	25			28	85
REELAN					2	∞		5	7	14	7	14	3						20	42
ROE					2	9	5	6	40	82	16	53	36	103	29	178			158	431
STRULE					5	19	13	35	36	75	11	18	21	20	14	35			100	232
WHITEWATER																			0	0
River not recorded									П	П	2	9			2	9			2	13
Totals	13	38	15	42	223	695	335	208	487	974	174	389	325	826	270	717	8	က	1844	4391

Table 10B

ROD CATCH RETURNS (SALMON & GRILSE) 2004

CAMOWENY CLANKYCHOUNDLY CLANKYCHOUND	2004	M	March	V	April	W	May	T	June	ſ	July	Au	August	Sept	September	October	pher	Recorded	led	Totals	als
NATIONAL STATE AND STATE A		No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.
NEE HTT. LIGATION LIGAT	CAMOWEN									3	∞	3	9	6	19	-	2			16	35
HTT. HTT. HAND HAND HTT.	CLANRYE																			0	0
ETTI HAND HAND HAND HAND HAND HAND HAND HAND	CULDAFF																			0	0
HACH HAN HAN HAN HAN HAN HAN HAN HAN HAN HA	DENNETT							2	10	1	2					3	11			9	23
HANN IS 67 33 129 31 59 527 183 383 41 96 62 184 62 184 46 46 47 48 67 183 383 41 96 42 97 7 7 8 96 82 184 84 96 82 184 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 8	DERG							16	31	44	96	2	4	12	28	6	25	1	2	84	186
HAN I S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	DRUMRAGH											2	9		2					3	∞
18 67 67 68 129 129 121 24 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	FAUGHAN					19	47	49	103	88	192	110	291	135	380	62	184			464	1197
LLY	FINN	18	29	33	129	31	94	259	527	183	383	41	96	42	97			1	3	809	1397
ELLIX NIVE LA CALLIA CONTROLLE NIVE LA CALLIA CONTROLLE NA LA CALLIA CONTROLLE LA CALL	FOYLE	2	9	1	4			6	16	1	3		4		9					15	39
NNE 1 2 6 22 64 148 164 360 88 224 96 300 76 255 13 25 13 36 31 36 31 32 71 23 71 23 71 23 71 23 71 24 88 12 32 71 24 89 12 32 71 23 71 24 89 12 42 12 42 42 12 42 42 12 42 <th< td=""><td>GLENELLY</td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>12</td><td>39</td><td>17</td><td>52</td><td></td><td></td><td>31</td><td>95</td></th<>	GLENELLY			1	4									12	39	17	52			31	95
WILLEW 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 4 8 12 35 75 75 75 4 8 12 35 75 75 4 12 45 7 45 7 45 7 45 7 45 7 45 45 14 45	MOURNE			5	20	9	22	64	148	164	360	88	224	96	300	92	255	13	36	512	1366
M. Fig. 1. Fig	OWENKILLEW			1	3					4	∞	12	33	22	71	23	78	2	5	64	199
EVATTER 2 8 8 7 8 7 8 9 7 9 9 7 9 9 7 9 9 7 9 9 9 9	REELAN							2	10	10	18			9	6				2	19	39
EWATER 2 A 24 52 18 43 10 30 10 33 108 58 170 413 54 1190 332 853 491 1419 356 1121 18 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78	ROE			2	∞			3	11	27	65	46	129	138	421	141	451			357	1082
EWATER ot recorded 2 73 43 168 58 170 413 874 554 1190 332 853 491 1419 356 1121 18 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78	STRULE							4	6	24	52	18	43	10	30	10	33			99	167
ot recorded 2. A 168 58 170 413 874 554 1190 332 853 491 1419 356 1121 18 48 2285	WHITEWATER													5	10	111	23			17	35
2 73 43 168 58 170 413 874 554 1190 332 853 491 1419 356 1121 18 48 2285	River not recorded					2	7	5	6	4	9	7	15	2	9	3	7			23	20
	Totals	8	73	43		28	170	413	874	554	1190	332	853	491	1419	356	1121	18	48	2285	5917

Table 11a

Kgs. Recorded No. 2 Kgs. October No. September Kgs. No. 2 27 Kgs. August **ROD CATCH RETURNS (TROUT) 2003** No. 39 Kgs. 2 64 27 July No. 10 99 66 25 Kgs. 33 June No. 36 Kgs. 2 May No. 4 Kgs. April No. Kgs. 2 March No. 3 **OWENKILLEW** WHITEWATER DRUMRAGH CAMOWEN FAUGHAN GLENELLY DENNETT CLANRYE CULDAFF MOURNE

Kgs.

No.

Totals

243

361

0

0

3

9

13

12

49

20

119

204

54

61

3

5

2

3

Totals

River not recorded

16

FOYLE

FINN

DERG

REELAN

STRULE

Table 11b

ROD CATCH RETURNS (TROUT) 2004

	Ma	March	V	April		May	J.	June	J.	July	Au	August	Sept	September	October	ber	Recorded	ded	Totals	S
	No.	Kgs.	No.	No. Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.	No.	Kgs.
CAMOWEN																			0	0
CLANRYE																			0	0
CULDAFF																			0	0
DENNETT							3	12	5	3	2	2							10	17
DERG																			0	0
DRUMRAGH																			0	0
FAUGHAN							7	5	4	3			2						14	11
FINN							2	2	2	3									5	9
FOYLE																			0	0
GLENELLY																			0	0
MOURNE							П	1	4	2	4	∞						2	10	13
OWENKILLEW									9	4	1	П	3						10	9
REELAN																			0	0
ROE			2				П		5	3				2	2	3			11	6
STRULE																			0	0
WHITEWATER													3	9					3	9
River not recorded	П	1	2	1	4	2	3	2	1	1	1								12	∞
Totals	8	2	4	1	3	3	17	23	27	20	∞	12	6	10	2	က	1	2	75	92

Table 12

Angling Returns 2003 — 2004

	2003	2004
Number of Licences Issued	8,399	9,629
Total Number of Returns Received	1,303	1,348
Returns as a Percentage of all Licences Issued	15.5	13.99
Number of "Nil" Returns	293	264
Nil Returns as a Percentage of all Returns	3.48	2.74
Number of Salmon and Grilse Reported Caught	1,844	2,285
Average Number of Salmon and Grilse Caught per Return	1.41	1.69
Number of Sea Trout Caught	361	75
Average Number of Sea Trout Caught per Return	0.03	0.06

TABLE 13A: Distribution of Rod Licences 2003

Place of Residence	Season Adult & Juvenile	Endorsement	14 Days	3 Days	Coarse Adult & Juvenile
Foyle &	0.417	0.50	0.1	105	4
Carlingford Area	3417	858	21	165	4
Rest of NI	380	2619	4	529	114
Rest of ROI	39	95	1	41	
TOTAL	3836	3572	26	735	118
England	24	12	48	47	1
Scotland	1	4	9	18	_
Wales	1	2	1	3	
I o M	_	1	4	1	_
TOTAL	26	19	62	69	1
Spain	_	_	4	_	_
Austria	1	_	_	_	_
Belgium		1	1	_	_
Denmark	1	_	_	3	_
France	4	1	2	14	_
Germany		_	1	3	_
Italy		_	_	_	_
Netherlands		1	_	1	_
Poland		_	_	_	_
Switzerland		_	_	11	_
Sweden		_	_	_	_
TOTAL	6	3	8	32	_
Australia	1	_	_	_	_
Canada	_	_	1	_	_
Japan	_	_	_	_	_
Africa	_	_	_	_	_
America		_	_	1	_
New Zealand		1	_	1	_
TOTAL	1	1	1	2	_
OVERALL TOTA	L 3869	3595	97	838	119

TABLE 13B: Distribution of Rod Licences 2004

Place of Residence	Season Adult & Juvenile	Endorsement	14 Days	3 Days	Coarse Adult & Juvenile
Foyle & Carlingford Area	3627	1361	18	288	94
Rest of NI	593	2605	14	440	3
Rest of ROI	54	168	19	155	1
TOTAL	647	2773	33	595	4
England	35	19	22	77	_
Scotland	7	4	3	18	
Wales	2	_	_	_	
I o M	1		3	1	
TOTAL	45	23	28	96	0
Spain	_	_	1	1	_
Austria	1	_	_	_	_
Belgium	_	_	3	_	_
Denmark	2	1	_	_	_
France	5	6	3	27	_
Germany	_	1	1	13	_
Italy	1	_	_	_	
Netherlands	2	_	4	5	
Poland		_	_	1	
Switzerland		_	_	4	
Sweden			_	_	
TOTAL	11	8	12	51	0
Australia	_	_	_	_	_
Canada		1		1	_
Japan	_	_	_	_	_
Africa	_	_	_	1	_
America	_	1	4	3	_
New Zealand	_	2	_	_	_
TOTAL	0	4	4	5	0
OVERALL TOTA	L 4330	4169	95	1035	98

Table 14

Number of Draft Consents to Discharge Considered 2002 — 2004

Nature of Effluent	2002	2003	2004
Sewage Treatment	38	27	50
Sandwashing/Quarry	5	4	2
Landfill	0	1	3
Industrial	3	1	1
Fish Farm	0	0	1
Storm Water	11	11	13
Peat Abstraction	0	0	0
Dumping at Sea	0	1	0
Vehicle Wash	2	1	2
Filling Station/Oil Distribution	3	0	1
Food Processing	0	0	0
TOTALS	62	46	73

Nature of Business	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Sewage Treatment	15	19	35	24	60
Sand washing/Quarry	10	4	4	2	2
Landfill	3	0	0	4	4
Industrial	3	1	3	4	3
Fish Farm	0	0	0	0	1
Storm Water	14	10	10	12	11
Vehicle Wash	2	2	2	1	2
Filling Station/Oil Distribution	3	1	2	1	2
Food Processing	2	1	0	0	0
TOTALS	52	38	56	48	85

Table 16

Details of Sampling of Effluents Londonderry & Carlingford Areas 2002, 2003 & 2004

Nature of Effluent		Number of umples Tak			ber of San to be satis	•		nber of San o be unsati	•
	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004
Farm Wastes	19	20	14	0	0	0	19	20	14
Sewage	4	4	3	0	0	0	4	4	3
Trade Wastes	2	2	3	0	0	0	2	2	3
Others	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	26	26	20	0	0	0	26	26	20

Table 17

Details of Sampling of Effluents Moville Area 2002-2004

Nature of Effluent		Number of mples Tak			ber of San to be satis	-		nber of San o be unsati	•
	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004
Farm Wastes	2	3	4	0	0	0	2	3	4
Sewage	2	2	3	0	0	0	2	2	3
Trade Wastes	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	1
Totals	6	5	8	0	0	0	6	5	8

Table 18

Water Pollution Control Inspections & Pollution Incidents Londonderry 2002-2004

Nature of Effluent	n	er of Inspenade but no	0	Num	ber of Poll incidents	ution		Number of urnings issu	
	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004
Agricultural Wastes	1505	1107	1309	81	73	56	70	59	42
Sewage	182	194	274	18	27	14	5	9	5
Industrial Trade Wastes	61	79	39	39	16	37	17	12	23
Oil Discharges	15	42	27	6	2	4	4	2	4
Others	9	27	21	2	4	3	2	4	3
Totals	1772	1449	1670	146	122	114	98	86	77

Table 19

Water Pollution Control Inspections Moville Area 2002-2004

Nature of Effluent	n	er of Inspenade but no ollution see	0		Number of ution incid			Number of urnings issu	
	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004
Agricultural Wastes	394	341	407	14	12	14	14	11	10
Sewage Wastes	30	36	37	18	21	16	9	2	3
Industrial & Trade Wastes Discharg	41 ges	32	29	4	2	3	4	0	3
Totals	465	409	473	36	35	33	27	13	16

TABLE 20A

DETAILS OF PROSECUTIONS 2003

			Charges In	itiated By			
	Nature of Offence	Age	ncy Staff	Royal Ulste	er Constabulary	Garda	Síochána –
	,	Successful	Unsuccessful	Successful	Unsuccessful	Successful	Unsuccessful
1.	Angling without a licence	7	1	_	_	_	_
2.	Angling during close time	2	_	_	_	_	_
3.	Angling in prohibited area	1	3	_	_	_	_
4.	Unlawful angling	5	3	_	_	_	_
5.	Possession of gaff or illegal instrume	ent —	_	_	_	_	_
6.	Snatching offences	_	_	_	_	_	_
7.	Trespass on a Several Fishery	_	_	_	_	_	_
8.	Using a net in a prohibited area	_	_	_	_	_	_
9.	Possession/use of unlawful net	4	11	_	_	_	_
10.	Fishing a net during close or suspended period		1	_	_	_	_
11.	Assaulting/impeding an authorised person	9	5	_	_	_	_
12.	Unlawful possession of fish	11	4	_	_	_	_
13.	Using a boat/vehicle as an aid to an offence	3	_	_	_	_	_
14.	Exceeding breaking strain	_	_	_			
15.	Permitted deleterious matter to ente a river	er —	1	_	_	_	_
16.	Caused deleterious matter to enter a river	5	_				
17.	Salmon dealing offences	_	_	_	_	_	_
18.	Erect/make use of a fixed engine	13	1	_	_	_	_
TO	TAL CHARGES	60	30	_	_	_	_

TABLE 20B

DETAILS OF PROSECUTIONS 2004

Charges Initiated By Nature of Offence Agency Staff PSNI Garda Síochána Successful Unsuccessful Unsuccessful Unsuccessful Unsuccessful Angling without a licence 2 1. 2. Angling during close time 2 2 3 3. Angling in prohibited area 4. Unlawful angling 3 2 5. Possession of gaff or illegal instrument 6. **Snatching offences** 7. Trespass on a Several Fishery 8. Using a net in a prohibited area 1 3 9. Possession/use of unlawful net 1 13 Fishing a net during close or 10. suspended period 2 2 Assaulting/impeding an authorised 11. 2 5 person 2 12. Unlawful possession of fish 8 Using a boat/vehicle as an aid to an offence 5 Exceeding breaking strain 14. 15. Permitted deleterious matter to enter 3 a river Caused deleterious matter to enter 16. a river 3 Salmon dealing offences 17. Erect/make use of a fixed engine 4 19. Failure to provide name/false details 1 **TOTAL CHARGES 38** 29

TABLE 21A

2003 Seizures

Engines	Nets	Rods & Reels	Boats	Dinghies	Gaffs	Fish	Other
FCILC	165	10	22	0	0	152	6
PSNI	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Garda	0	0	0	0	0	8	0
Angling Clubs	52	0	2	2	0	0	0
TOTALS	219	10	24	2	0	160	6

TABLE 21B

2004 Seizures

Engines	Nets	Landing net	Rods & Reels	Boats Di	inghies	Gaffs	Fish	Other	Bait
FCILC	145	2	12	14	0	0	129	6	4
PSNI	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0
Garda	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Angling Clubs	44	0	4	2	1	0	0	1	0
TOTALS	189	2	16	16	1	0	137	7	4

Table 22A

Rod Licences 2003 — **2004**

Description	2003 No. of Licences	2003 Licence Duty	2004 No. of Licences	2004 Licence Duty
Season	2,529	£54,373.50	2,781	£41,715
Adult Coarse	109	£872	85	£1,275
Juvenile	1,340	£2,680	1,549	£3,098
Juvenile Coarse	10	£20	13	£26
Endorsement	3,595	£3,595	4,169	£4,169
Fourteen-Day	97	£1,018.50	95	£712.50
3 Day	838	£4,190	1,035	£3,622.50
TOTALS	8,518	£66,749	9,727	£54,618

Table 23

Angling Permits 2003 — 2004

	2003	2003	2004	2004
Type of Permit	No.	£	No.	£
River Foyle	14	£280	12	£240
River Foyle Juvenile	11	£110	4	£40
River Finn	129	£2,580	102	£2,040

Table 24

Net Licences 2003 — 2004

		2003			2004	
Description of Licence	No. of Licences Sold	£ Licence Fee	£ Licence Duty Paid	No. of Licences Sold	£ Licence Fee	£ Licence Duly Paid
Bag	_	_	_		_	
Draft (River Foyle)	50	163	8,150	51	168	8,568
Draft (Fixed)	_	_	_	1	342	342
Draft (River Roe)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Draft (Culdaff Estuary)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Drift (Lough Foyle)	6	230	1,380	7	237	1,659
Drift (Lough & Sea)	77	251	19,327	69	259	17,871
Drift (Sea)	18	230	4,140	13	237	3,081
TOTALS	151		32,997	140		31,521

Table 25

Salmon Dealers Licences 2003 — 2004

Residence of Dealer	No. of Licences Issued	No. of Licences Issued	
	2003	2004	
Republic Of Ireland	8	8	
Northern Ireland	20	17	
TOTALS	28	25	

GNÍOMHAIREACHT NA LOCHANNA TUARASCÁIL BHLIANTÚIL

Ag cuimsiú na Tréimhse ó 1 Eanáir 2003 go 31 Nollaig 2004

GNÍOMHAIREACHT NA LOCHANNA

Tuarascáil Bhliantúil agus Cuntais

don tréimhse dár chríoch 31 Nollaig 2003 agus 31 Nollaig 2004

CLÁR ÁBHAR

1.	Réamhrá an Chathaoirligh	58
2.	Forbhreathnú an Phríomhfheidhmeannaigh	59
3.	Ráiteas Bunchuspóra	60
4.	Cuspóirí	60
5.	Comhaltas an Bhoird	60
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Glua	ais	70
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1. RÉAMHRA AN CHATHAOIRLIGH

Tá lúchair orm an Tuarascáil Bhliantúil do 2003 agus 2004, ina leagtar amach príomhéachtaí na heagraíochta agus dúshláin a bhí os ar gcoinne le linn na bliana, a chur i láthair.

Tá mé an-bhuíoch as tiomantas fhoireann Ghníomhaireacht na Lochanna agus as an tacaíocht a thug comhaltaí an Bhoird, ár Ranna Coimircíochta, an Roinn Cumarsáidí, Muirí agus Acmhainní Nádúrtha, an Roinn Talmhaíochta agus Forbartha Tuaithe; an Chomhairle Aireachta Thuaidh/Theas, na Ranna Airgeadais agus a bhfeidhmeannaigh.

Is iomaí dúshlan a bhí againn, ach, os a choinne sin, is iomaí éacht a rinne muid fosta. Thug an saineolas a fuair muid mar oidhreacht ó Choimisiún Iascaigh an Fheabhail bonn láidir dúinn le tógail air don todhchaí agus lenár n-aidhm a bhaint amach:

"tairbhí inbhuanaithe, sóisialta, geilleagracha agus comhshaoil a sholáthar trí chaomhnú, bhainistiú, chothú agus fhorbairt éifeachtach acmhainní iascaigh agus muirí Cheantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne le leas gach duine."

Peter Savage Cathaoirleach

2. FORBHREATHNÚ AN PHRÍOMHFHEIDHMEANNAIGH

Le linn tréimhse na tuarascála seo lean an obair ar na dréachtbhillí leis an reachtaíocht phríomhúil faoina bhfeidhmíonn Gníomhaireacht Lochanna Choimisiún an Fheabhail, Chairlinne agus Shoilse na hÉireann. D'úsáid na Ranna Coimircíochta acmhainní breise san obair seo agus rinneadh cuid mhór dul chun cinn.

Ag ullmhú d'achtú na reachtaíochta seo di, chríochnaigh an Ghníomhaireacht a dréachtPhlean Forfheidhmithe do rialúchán agus cheadúnú sliogéisc agus dobharshaothraithe agus cuirfear tús le comhairliúchán poiblí air seo go luath sa bhliain 2005.

Bhí seach-chonairí na mbradán a taifeadadh le linn na tréimhse ar fheabhas i 2003 ach bhí titim beag ann i 2004. Ba chúis seach-chonairí 2003 le síneadh seachtaine a chur leis an iascach tráchtála, ach níorbh amhlaidh do 2004 é. Tharla mórshlad ar éisc ar Abhainn na Sruthaile ar an Ómaigh i 2004 nuair a maraíodh corradh le 700 bradán. Dá bharr seo, druideadh an ceantar a bhí buailte leis d'iascaireacht slaite cúig seachtainí luath, i ndiaidh comhairliúcháin le hiascairí slaite áitiúla agus úinéirí iascaigh, leis an stoc póraithe a bhí fagtha a chaomhnú.

Lean an obair ar éagsúlacht ghéiniteach stoic bhradáin Cheantar an Fheabhail, agus foilseofar tuarascáil iomlán ar an obair cheannródaíochta seo i 2005. Faomhadh forbairt leanúnach an chórais bhainistiú bradán ag an Bhord agus ag na Ranna Coimircíochta sa mhéid is gur thionscain an Ghníomhaireacht, i gcomhpháirtíocht leis an Institiúid Mhuirí, an Institiúid Náisiúnta um Thaighde Talmhaíochta (An Fhrainc), Ollscoil Ghlaschú agus RTFT forbairt Eiseamláir Flúirse Réamhiascach agus críochnófar an obair seo i 2008.

Chuir "Riverwatch," ionad léirmhínithe na Gníomhaireachta, fáilte roimh an 10,000ú cuairteoir le linn tréimhse na tuarascála agus ba chúis na cláir fhor-rochtana mar "sruthán a ghlacadh i gcúram" agus "gorlann sa tseomra ranga" le spéis mhór ar fud na ndobharcheantar.

Ba rathúil freagrachtaí cothúla na Gníomhaireachta fosta, go háirithe an chéad Aonach Iascaireachta Slaite i Mí Mhárta 2004 a tharraing corradh le 3,000 cuairteoir agus féile Flaidireachta agus Iascaireacht Baoite Sáile Chairlinne, i measc ócáidí eile.

Creidim go bhfuil an Ghníomhaireacht ag dul chun cinn i gcónaí i dtaca lena freagrachtaí a chomhlíonadh de, agus ba maith liom mo bhuíochas don Bhord as a dtacaíocht agus a dtreoir, d'fhoireann na Gníomhaireachta as a dtiomantas agus dár Ranna Coimircíochta agus do Rúnaíocht na CATT as a gcuidiú agus a dtacaíocht leantach d'obair na Gníomhaireachta, a chur ar thaifead.

RJ Derick Anderson Príomhfheidhmeannach

3. RÁITEAS BUNCHUSPÓRA

Is aidhm do Ghníomhaireacht na Lochanna tairbhí inbhuanaithe, sóisialta, geilleagracha agus comhshaoil a sholáthar trí chaomhnú, bhainistiú, chothú agus fhorbairt éifeachtach acmhainní iascaigh agus muirí Cheantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne.

4. CUSPÓIRÍ

Is iad príomhchuspóirí na Gníomhaireachta i gCeantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne:-

- Iascaigh bhradáin agus intíre Cheantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne a chaomhnú agus a chosaint;
- Iascaigh bhradáin agus intíre Cheantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne a bhainistiú agus a fhorbairt;
- Forbairt Loch Feabhail agus Loch Cairlinne a chothú mar gheall ar thráchtáil agus áineas;
- Dobharshaothrú a cheadúnú agus a fhorbairt;
- Muirthurasóireacht a fhorbairt;
- Éifeachtacht mhéadaithe agus feabhsú leanúnach a éileamh i soláthar seirbhísí do gach custaiméir;
- Úsáid éifeachtúil, éifeachtach, gheilleagrach acmhainní atá ar fáil don Ghníomhaireacht a chinntiú.

Féach aguisín 1 do tháirgeacht os coinne spriocanna.

5. COMHALTAS AN BHOIRD 2003/2004

An tUas Peter Savage	Cathaoirleach
An Tiarna Cooke of Islandreagh	Leaschathaoirleach
An tUas Jack Allen	Ms Siobhan Logue
An tUas Keith Anderson *	An tUas Joseph Martin
An tUas Dick Blakiston-Houston	Jacqui Iníon McConville
An tUas Francis Feely	An tUas Tarlach O'Crosain
An Dr Patrick Griffin	An tUas Andrew Ward

^{*} d'éirigh as ar 17ú Samhain 2004 mar gheall ar thiomantais oibre

Tháinig an Bord i gceann a chéile ar shé ócáid le linn 2003, mar a leanas:

•	5ú Márta 2003	Óstán Theach Bhaile Mhic Scanláin, Dún Dealgan
•	21ú Bealtaine 2003	Ceanncheathrú na Gníomhaireachta, Préachán
•	9ú Iúil 2003	Ceanncheathrú na Gníomhaireachta, Préachán
•	3ú Meán	Fómhair 2003 Ceanncheathrú na Gníomhaireachta, Préachán
•	22ú Deireadh Fómhair 2003	Ionad Oidhreachta na Trionóide Naofa, Cairlinn
•	10ú Nollaig 2003	Ceanncheathrú na Gníomhaireachta, Préachán

Tháinig an Bord i gceann a chéile ar chúig ócáid le linn 2004, mar a leanas:

•	24ú Márta 2004	Ceanncheathrú na Gníomhaireachta, Préachán
•	19ú Bealtaine 2004	Óstán na Cathrach, Ard Macha
•	15ú Meán Fómhair 2004	Óstán Theach Bhaile Mhic Scanláin, Dún Dealgan
•	17ú Samhain 2004	Ceanncheathrú na Gníomhaireachta, Préachán
•	15 Nollaig 2004	Óstán na Cathrach, Ard Macha

Iniúchadh Airgeadais agus Pearsanra	Sliogéisc	Iascaigh Bhradáin agus Intíre	Muirthurasóireacht
Peter Savage	Joseph Martin	Dick Blakiston-Houston	Francis Feely
Jack Allen	Patrick Griffin	Tarlach O'Crosain	Andrew Ward
Siobhan Logue	Siobhan Logue	Andrew Ward	Lord Cooke of Islandreagh
Patrick Griffin	Tarlach O'Crosain	Francis Feely	Keith Anderson

6. FÓRAM COMHAIRLEACH CHEANTAIR AN FHEABHAIL AGUS CHAIRLINNE

Ag a chéad chruinniú, d'iarr an earnáil CATT – CFCSE ar an Bhord moltaí a thabhairt chun tosaigh le meicníochtaí comhairliúcháin a bhunú le grúpaí leasmhara ábhartha i gCeantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne. Ina dhiaidh sin thoiligh an CATT le bunú Fhóram Comhairleach Cheantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne trí phróiseas comhairliúchain a bhí neamhspléach ón Ghníomhaireacht le comhairle a thabhairt don Ghníomhaireacht maidir lena príomhchuspóirí straitéiseacha:-

- Caomhnú agus Cosaint
- Forbairt Dobharshaothraithe
- Forbairt iascaigh Intíre
- Forbairt Muirthurasóireachta
- Seirbhís do Chustaiméirí

Le linn tréimhse na tuarascála seo tionóladh na cruinnithe seo a leanas den Fhóram:

Eanáir 2003: D'éirigh An tUas Brian McDermott as an chathaoirleacht agus d'admhaigh an Fóram a thiomantas don fhóram reatha agus d'Fhóram Comhairleach Cheantar an Fheabhail a tháinig roimhe araon. Toghadh An tUas Pat McLaughlin mar chathaoileach, An tUas Eamon Mullan mar leaschathaoirleach agus An tUas Gary Neill mar rúnaí.

Márta 2003: Ghlac an Fóram le buan-orduithe nua agus phléigh siad an Cód Cleachtais Sliogéisc, Iniúchadh Áineasa agus Fóillíochta atá bunaithe ar Iascaigh agus an Staidéar Muirthurasóireachta atá molta fosta.

Meitheamh 2003: Tugadh cur i láthair don Fhóram ar Threoir Chreat Uisce an AE agus an tionchar ar réimsí freagrachta na Gníomhaireachta.

Meán Fómhair 2003: Phléigh an Fóram na torthaí leictri-iascaireachta agus seach-chonairí na mbradán don tséasúr; phléigh siad chomh maith na dréachtrialacháin mholta ar chaomhnú agus chosaint.

Samhain 2003: Fuair an Fóram cur i láthair ar an obair DNA – Géineolaíochta atá á déanamh i gcomhpháirtíocht le OBBF agus ar mholtaí na Gníomhaireachta d'Fhorbairt iascaireachta slaite i gceantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne fosta.

Aibreán 2004: I measc rudaí eile, pléadh an Staidéar Muirthurasóireachta agus dul chun cinn chun dáta ar dhréachtBhille Iascaigh an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne.

7. FOIREANN

Earcaíocht

Lean an Foras d'earcú a líon iomlán foirne buaine. Tá athbhreithniú á dhéanamh ar struchtúr eagrúcháin na Gníomhaireachta faoi láthair agus tá na moltaí a mbreithniú ag na Ranna Coimircíochta agus na Ranna Airgeadais. Fógraíodh folúntais go forleathan ar fud oileán na hÉireann agus cuireadh spéis mhór iontu. Ba d'ardchaighdeán na hiarratais agus fuarthas ó réimse leathan daoine iad maidir le hinscne agus cúlra pobail agus b'as an Tuaisceart agus as an Deisceart araon na hiarrthóirí. Líonadh na poist seo a leanas le linn 2003 agus 2004:

- Bainisteoir Iascaireachta Slaite
- OF1 (Airgeadais)
- Leasliagóir
- Oifigigh agus Cúntóir Riaracháin
- Feighlithe Abhann

Scoir

Níor scoir duine ar bith le linn tréimhse na tuarascála seo.

8. FORBAIRT FOIRNE

Lean an Ghníomhaireacht d'infheistiú in oiliúint agus i bhforbairt a foirne le linn tréimhse na tuarascála seo agus chuimsigh an clár oiliúna Teagascóir Inneallbháid, Loingseoireacht Chósta, Marthanas Mara, Garchabhair ar Bord Loinge agus bhí réimse eile cúrsaí agus seimineáir fheasachta ann, mar shampla Sláinte agus Sábháilteacht, Teastas i gCleachtas Bainistíochta agus Bainistiú Riosca.

Rinneadh anailís iomlán ar riachtanais oiliúna le linn 2004 agus is rún don Ghníomhaireacht pleananna forbartha pearsanta a thabhairt isteach i 2005.

9. TEICNEOLAÍOCHT EOLAIS

Tionscnaíodh athdhearadh láithreán gréasáin na Gníomhaireachta (www.loughs-agency.org) mar chuid de thiomantas na Gníomhaireachta do sholáthar táirsí úsáidí nua-aimseartha dóibh siúd atá ag iarraidh eolais ar iascaireacht slaite, mhuirthurasóireacht agus dhobharshaothrú i gCeantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne.

Chuir muid roinnt beart i bhfeidhm le slándáil agus cumarsáidí, le cois bailiú agus aistriú sonraí, a fheabhsú. Chuimsigh seo seirbhís leathanbhanda a thabhairt isteach inár gceanncheathrú, agus tá rún againn seo a thabhairt isteach de réir a chéile i ngach láithreán áirimh éisc de réir mar a bheas an tseirbhís á cur ar fáil níos forleithne, teicneolaíocht chianfhíseáin digitigh, a úsáidtear i ndearbhú go bhfuil córais áirimh éisc bailí, a phíolótú; cuireadh córas cúltacaí seachtracha in áit chomh maith.

10. IONAD OIDEACHAIS AGUS LÉIRMHÍNITHE "RIVERWATCH"

D'aithin Bord Turasóireachta Thuaisceart Éireann Ionad Léirmhínithe "Riverwatch" mar áit ar díol spéise do thurasóirí í i lár 2003 agus trí iarrachtaí margaíochta teoranta tháinig 4660 cuairteoir isteach. Bunaíodh ceangail le scoileanna agus le heagraíochtaí pobail trí scéimeanna píolótacha for-rochtana mar ghlanadh aibhneacha, tráthnónta staire, turais iascaireachta, etc. Forbraíodh naisc le háiteanna agus le nithe eile áitiúla ar díol spéise do thurasóirí iad agus le heagraíochtaí áitiúla mar Oifig Chuairteoirí agus Chomhdhála Dhoire agus Iarsmalann an Chuain, Ionad Cuairteoirí Du Pont agus Chúrsaí Farraige Toucan One le heispéireas chuairteoirí a leathnú agus a fheabhsú.

Le linn 2004, mar gheall ar mhargaíocht agus chothú méadaithe, tháinig 6203 cuairteoir le hamharc ar an ionad nó le bheith páirteach i gcláir oideachais fhor-rochtana. Leathnaíodh an clár for-rochtana le Gorlann sa tSeomra Ranga, Scaoileadh Gilidíní, Comharthaí Ríthábhachtacha, Féilte Iascaireachta, Líníocht Mhór, Féile Eolaíochta agus tionscnaimh eile mhionscála a chuimsiú. Cuireann na tionscadail fhor-rochtana leis na príomhtheachtaireachtaí in ionad na gcuairteoirí agus le hobair na Gníomhaireachta. Thaitin a gcuid eispéireas go mór le gach rannpháirtí agus tá ráitis mar seo a leanas i leabhar na gcuairteoirí:

"Spreagúil ó thaobh smaoinimh, oideachasúil, áiseanna iontacha."

"Cuir i láthair ar dóigh agus an-fhaisnéiseach. Iontas orm le pléisiúr!"

"Thaitin an turas seo go mór le daltaí agus múinteoirí araon. B'fhiú go mór é," – Ardscoil Naomh Peadair.

"Bhí lá iontach againn agus rinne muid cuid mhór oibre leantaí. Bheadh lúcháir as cuimse orainn an scaoileadh a dhéanamh arís an bhliain seo chugainn." – Bunscoil Broadbridge.

11. BAINISTIÚ AGUS FORBAIRT IASCAIGH

11.1 Bainistiú agus Forbairt Bradán

Cúlra

In Oirthuaisceart an Atlantaigh is sainiúil an córas atá i bhfeidhm do bhradáin i nDobharcheantar an Fheabhail. Bhunaigh Coimisiún Iascaigh an Fheabhail é i ndiaidh Tuarascála PF Elson agus ALW Tuomi "Iascaigh an Fheabhail, Bonn Nua do Bhainistiú Réasúnach" a foilsíodh i 1975. Rinneadh mionchoigeartú ar an straitéis san idirlinn agus úsáid á baint as an teicneolaíocht is nua-aimseartha agus as an eolas eolaíochta is déanaí, agus athbhreithniú iomlán ar spriocanna éalaithe ag Comhairleoirí Eolaíochta na Gníomhaireachta i 1997 san áireamh. Le tuilleadh mionsonraí a fháil ar na straitéisí seo agus ar an eolas a úsáideann an Ghníomhaireacht le hiascaigh a bhainistiú, féach, le do thoil, Tuarascálacha Bliantúla roimhe seo. Ina dhiaidh seo, tugtar tuairisc ghairid chun dáta ar an eolas a bailíodh i 2003 agus 2004.

Pointí Cuntais

Baisceanna Tráchtála

Bhí ísliú ar bhaisceanna foriomlána tráchtála do 2003 ar an bhliain roimhe (2002) cé gurbh airde iad ná an figiúr do 2001. Chuaigh go leor bradán thar an áiritheoir ar an Mhorn ag Muileann an tSiáin le síneadh seachtaine a chur leis an tséasúr iascaireachta tráchtála. Ba mhealltach séasúr 2004 do shrutheangacha cé go raibh baisceanna eangacha tarraingthe thart faoin mheán. Tá mionsonraí na mbaisceanna i dtáblaí 4, 5 agus 6 in Aguisín 2.

Áiritheoirí Éisc

D'oibrigh gach áiritheoir go sásúil i 2003 agus níor tuairiscíodh mórfhadhb ar bith. Bhí seach-chonair 2004 thar na háiritheoirí ar an Mhorn measartha maith cé go raibh líon an éisc a chuaigh thar na háiritheoirí ar an Fhinn agus ar an Ró ní b'ísle ná mar a bhí i mblianta roimhe seo agus bhí an Fhochaine tart faoin mheán. Ba í an Fhinn an t-aon abhainn i gceantar an Fheabhail nár chomhlíon a teorainneacha caomhnaithe agus a spriocanna bainistithe i 2004; leanfaidh an Ghníomhaireacht de mhonatóireacht a dhéanamh ar an chás seo. Bhí deacrachtaí leanúnacha teicniúla ag baint le háithritheoir Abhainn Coilleadh le linn na bliana agus, mar sin de, tá an cuntas ón láithreán seo neamhiomlán. Is féidir na torthaí seo a fháil i dTáblaí 2 agus 3 in Aguisín 2.

Iascaireacht Slaite

Bhí ceatadán na n-iascairí slaite, 15%, a thug torthaí a leabhar tuairisce i 2003 ní b'ísle ná figiúr 2002, cé go bhfuil an figiúr seo i bhfad níos airde ná mar a bhí sa ré réamhchlibeála éisc. I 2004 mhéadaigh ceatadán na dtorthaí a tuairiscíodh go 21% agus bhí líon coigeartaithe na mbradán a maraíodh beagnach mar a gcéanna le 2003, cé go raibh seo thíos go mór ar shéasúr 2002. Coigeartaíodh an bhaisc a tuairiscíodh le torthaí nár tuairiscíodh a chur san áireamh agus taispeántar na figiúirí seo i dTáblaí 10, 11 agus 12 in Aguisín 2.

Cuntais Log Sceite

Is ríthábhachtach dálaí na haimsire agus loig sceite á gcuntas nó is fíordheacair iad a aimsiú in uisce an-mhoirtiúil agus, lena chois sin, is féidir le sruthanna arda uisce na cairn ghairbhéil, a chruthaítear nuair atá loig sceite á ndéanamh, a leacú; nuair a bhíonn dálai níos soiléire uisce arís ann, mar sin de, ní léir go raibh an log sceite riamh ann. Ba bhliain mhaith 2003, áfach, i dtaca le dálaí uisce de, agus creidtear go bhfuarthas cuntas measartha beacht.

Leictri-iascaireacht

I 2003 rinneadh suirbhé leathchainníochtúil ar 396 láithrean i gceantar an Fheabhail trí leictri-iascaireacht. Ar an mheán fhoriomlán bhí 10 gilidín bric agus 19 gilidín bradáin ag gach láithreán.

I 2004 iascadh go leathchainniúil 484 láithreán go leictreach agus ar an mheán bhí 6 gilidín bric agus 17 gilidín bradáin ag gach láithreán. Rinneadh suirbhé ar 72 láithreán i gceantar Chairlinne agus ar 412 láithreán i gceantar an Fheabhail. Taobh istigh de cheantar an Fheabhail rinneadh suirbhé ar 150 láithreán sa réigiún thoir (An Ró, Burndennett agus an Fhochaine), 110 láithreán sa réigiún theas (An tSruthail, An Chamabhainn, Abhainn Droim Ratha agus an Fairywater), 43 láithreán sa réigiún thiar (An Fhinn, an Daoil agus Abhainn Chúil Damhcha) agus 109 láithreán sa réigiún láir (an Mhorn, Abhainn na Deirge agus Abhainn Coilleadh).

Tá tuilleadh mionsonraí ar fáil sa Tuarascáil Stádais atá ar fáil ón Ghníomhaireacht nó ar ár láithreán gréasáin www.loughs-agency.org

Clibeáil Sreinge Códaithe (CSC)

Leanadh den chlár seo i 2003 ar an Fhinn agus ar an Fhochaine agus tabhartar faoi ar roinnt fáthanna, agus bailiú sonraí bitheolaíochta ar sheach-chonair na ngéiteog agus íosmheastacháin ar rátaí marthanais mhuirí san áireamh. Tá achoimre i dTábla 1 ar líon na ngéiteog a clibeáladh ag Killygordan ar an Fhinn agus ar chuid de na tréithe bitheolaíocha. Aibhsíonn Tábla 2 na sonraí athghabhála.

Sainscagann an Institiúid Mhuirí na sonraí athghabhála ón chlár clibeála. Bíonn idirlinn 2 bhliain ann ó chlibeáltar éisc i mbliain ar bith go raibh na sonraí athghabhála ar fáil.

Baintear an eite shaille de gach iasc a mhicriclibeáltar (eite bheag idir eite an droma agus an ruball). Má mharaíonn iascaire ar bith bradán nó maighreán gan an eite seo, íoctar deontas, ach cloigeann an éisc a chur chuig Ceanncheathrú Ghníomhaireacht na Lochanna, Préachán, an áit agus an dáta ar maraíodh an t-iasc, an fad, an meáchan agus eiseamláir lainne.

Tábla 1. Líon na ngéiteog a clibeáladh ar an Fhinn 2002-2004

Bliain	Líon na nGéiteog	Meánaois	Meánfhad Meánmheáchan	
	a Clibeáladh	(cm)	(g)	
2002	690	2+	12.5	19.8
2003	2252	2+	12.7	20.2
2004	773	2+	12.73	20.31

Táblá 2. Sonraí athghabhála ó chlár mhicriclibeáil na Finne. Nótáil an mhoill i soláthar sonraí mar gheall ar an am a chaitear san fharraige agus an t-am atá riachtanach le sonraí a sainscagadh.

Bliain a Clibeáladh	Bliain a Athghabhadh	Líon na n-Iasc a Athghabhadh	Láithreán Athghabhála
2002	2003	10	Dún na nGall, ceantar an Fheabhail, An Cósta Thuaidh, Maigh Eo, Gaillimh
	2004	1	Abhainn na Finne
2003	2004	25	Dún na nGall, ceantar an Fheabhail, Maigh Eo, Ciarraí, Abhainn na Finne
	2005 (Níl sonraí ar bith ar fáil go fóill)	(Níl sonraí ar bith ar fáil go fóill)	(Níl sonraí ar bith ar fáil go fóill)

Cheannaigh an Ghníomhaireacht treallamh CSC trí Clár Tamhais Visce Interreg IIIa le húsáid i gceantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne. Cuirfidh seo ar chumas na Gníomhaireachta an clár a leathnú sna blianta romhainn.

Oibreacha Insrutháin

I ndiaidh an chláir ghéinitigh ar na mallaibh a d'aibhsigh neamhéifeacht chlár roimhe seo le stoc a chur ar an Ró, ghabh an Ghníomhaireacht sraith tionscnamh feabhsúcháin insrutháin de láimh i 2004. Chuimsigh siad seo, i ndobharcheantar na Camabhann, obair i Sruthán Ghleann Choraí agus in Abhainn Chloch na Finne chomh maith le baic dhothrasnaithe ag iasc a bhaint ar shiúl ar an Cranny Burn ar an Ómaigh. Chuimsigh scéimeanna eile feabhsaithe gnáthóg obair ar an Fhochaine agus ar an Ró. Dréachtadh iad seo i gcomhairle leis an Dr. Martin O'Grady ón Phríomh-Bhord Iascaigh agus táthar ag súil go mbeidh siad ina gcuidiú leis na seach-chonairí bradán agus breac ar ais chun an Fheabhail sna blianta atá le teacht a chaomhnú agus a fheabhsú.

Caomhnú

Lean an clár géiniteach ó 2003 i leith agus tuairiscíodh é i ndeireadh na bliana 2004. Tá athbhreithniú comhchéime á dhéanamh ar an tuarascáil faoi láthair agus eiseofar tuarascáil fhoilsithe i 2005 a bheas ar fáil ar láithreán gréasáin na Gníomhaireachta ag www.loughs-agency.org

11.2 Bainistiú agus Forbairt Gharbhiascaigh

Cúlra

Tá tábhacht ar leith le garbhiascaireacht i gceantar Chairlinne. Lean an Ghníomhaireacht d'oibriú le Comhairle Ceantair an Iúir agus Mhúirn agus le páirtithe leasmhara san earnáil turasóireachta leis an chanáil a fhorbairt agus a chothú. Tá acmhainn shuntasach forbartha i gCeantar an Fheabhail chomh maith agus in áiteanna eile i gCeantar Chairlinne. Tá na hiascaigh ar Lochanna Chúirt an Bharúin an-tábhachtach cheana féin, mar atá Abhainn na Sruthaile ag a cumar le hAbhainn Fairywater.

11.3 Bainistiú agus Forbairt Sliogéisc

Cúlra

Leanadh den chlár seachtainiúil monatóireachta cladaigh i Loch Feabhail i rith 2003 agus 2004 agus cuireadh láithreáin bhreise thagartha leis an liosta samplála le cumhdach spásúil níos mó den Loch a bhaint amach. Rinneadh monatóireacht ó bháid ó am go céile i Loch Cairlinne agus i Loch Feabhail araon le comórtas a dhéanamh leis na samplaí ón chladach.

Bainfear úsáid as na sonraí bonnlíne atá á dtaifeadadh le linn na n-ócáidí samplála seo le luaineacht in athruithe áitiúla comhshaoil a mheasúnú; is féidir ansin na luachanna seo a chrostagairt do thréimhsí síolraithe agus rátaí fáis sliogéisc sna Lochanna.

Chomh maith leis na taifid chaighdeáin uisce thuas thoisigh an Ghníomhaireacht ar uisce agus sliogéisc sa Loch a shampláil do chláir shamplála reachtúla a fheidhmíonn RTFT agus an Institiúid Mhuirí. Chuimsigh seo samplaí uisce a ghlacadh le flúirse an fhíteaplanctóin a mheas agus bláis nimhiúla algacha a aithint. Glactar na samplaí uisce do na cláir seo ó láithreáin i Loch Feabhail agus i Loch Cairlinne gach seachtain agus cuirtear ar aghaidh chuig na húdaráis ábhartha iad le haghaidh scrúdaithe. Glacadh samplaí de dhiúilicíní ó na Lochanna fosta ar bhonn míosúil agus cuireadh ar aghaidh chuig na ranna ábhartha iad le haicmiú ó thaobh comhchruinnithe nimhiúla algacha.

Rinne an Tionscnamh Dobharshaothraithe, BIM agus Gníomhaireacht na Lochanna comhshuirbhé sliogéisc ar Loch Feabhail i 2003 agus arís i 2004 le linn Mhí na Bealtaine agus Mhí Lúnasa. Chuimsigh an suirbhé seo dreidireacht an Locha agus rinneadh taifid de fhlúirse agus dháileadh diúilicíní, oisrí agus a gcreachadóirí. Tugadh réamh-achoimre ar an tsuirbhé do na hiascairí i Meán Fómhair 2004 ag léiriú méadú maith ar an iascach oisrí dúchasacha sna beirtreacha thuaidh; in áiteanna eile, áfach, bhí oisrí go mór níos lú ná i mblianta roimhe seo ach níor measadh go raibh dlús níos ísle ann ar chuid mhór de na beirtreacha.

I Mí na Bealtaine 2003, thionóil an Ghníomhaireacht ceardlann shliogéisc in Óstán Chúirt na Canála, Iúr Cinn Trá. "Ag Bainistiú Sliogéisc d'Inbhuaine" a ba teideal don cheardlann. Tharraing an cheardlann seo cainteoirí ón RA, ó Éirinn, ón Ollainn agus ó Mheiriceá. Thug na cainteoirí seo cuntas ar a dtaithí féin agus iad ag iarraidh iascaigh shliogéisc a bhainistiú i modh inbhuanaithe ina dtíortha féin agus thug siad mórán ábhair smaointe do thoscairí na ceardlainne i dtaca le bainistiú cuí acmhainní Loch Feabhail agus Loch Cairlinne de. Tá tuarascáil ar an cheardlann seo ar fáil ar láithreán gréasáin na Gníomhaireachta ag www.loughs-agency.org,

Críochnaíodh trialacha a bhain úsáid as treallamh Groundmaster RoxAnn fosta go luath sa bhliain 2003. Ceadaíonn an treallamh seo léarscáil mhionsonraithe de ghrinneall na farraige a chruthú trí shuirbhéireacht fhuaime ar an tsubstráit ó ardán báid. Ar an drochuair is féidir le dálaí aimsire dul i bhfeidhm ar iontaofacht thorthaí an chórais seo agus tá sé ag braith ar aimsir chiúin le feidhmiú go cruinn. Níorbh'fhéidir seo a dhéanamh i gcónaí i rith 2003 agus ba toisc fosta infhaighteacht bád agus oibrithe le linn shéasúr gnóthach na mbradán. Forbraíodh na trialacha a thuilleadh i 2004 agus tionscnaíodh suirbhé ar an Loch istigh i Mí Dheireadh Fómhair. D'oibrigh an suirbhé ar chóras eangaí 400m agus bailíodh sonraí RoxAnn ó traschriosanna domhanleithid anoir-siar agus aniar-soir agus spás 400m eatarthu. D'éirigh leis an tsuirbhé cuid mhór sonraí ar chineálacha substráite a bhí le fáil sa Loch istigh a bhailiú ach chuir an aimsir isteach ar an iarracht i dtreo dheireadh 2004, rud a d'fhág nach raibh cuid mhór de shonraí RoxAnn oiriúnach do léirmhíniú mar gheall ar spíceáil.

Bhí na Córais Mhonatóireachta Comhshaoil, a ceannaíodh i 2002, á bhforbairt ag tús 2003 agus seoladh an chéad bhulla sa chóras go mall i 2003. Ceadaíonn na córais seo taifid in situ, leanúnacha, uathoibríocha de theocht, ocsaigin thuaslagtha, dhoimhneacht agus fhluaraiseacht chlóraifille a dhéanamh. Tá teicneolaíocht phaitinnithe ghlanta ag na córais seo le ligint dóibh a bheith faoi uisce muirí ar feadh tréimhsí fada gan laghdú ar bith ar chruinneas torthaí le himeacht aimsire. Seoladh an chéad cheann de na córais seo ag Black Braes i Loch Feabhail agus táthar ag súil go soláthróidh an córas seo eolas ardchruinnis ar chaighdeán an uisce do shliogéisc san Fheabhail go ceann blianta fada. Tá na torthaí tosaigh maith agus tá an córas ag soláthar taifead mionsonraithe de theocht agus luaineacht i gclóraifill-a sa Loch istigh. Tá na sonraí ón chóras monatóireachta seo ar fáil ar líne le leas úsáideoirí príobháideacha agus oideachasúla. Tá mionchoigeartuithe á ndéanamh in inathraitheacht na sonraí agus táthar ag súil go gcuirfear Bulla Chairlinne in úsáid go luath sa bhliain 2004.

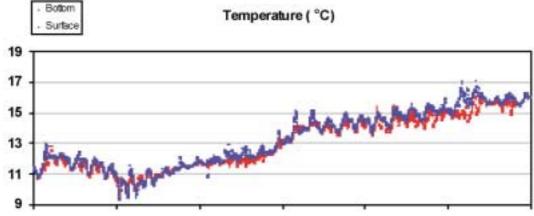
I rith 2004 seiceáladh agus calabraíodh an Córas Monatóireachta Comhshaoil atá in úsáid ag Black Braes gach mí. Tá an córas ag feidhmiú go maith agus tá na sonraí á mionchoigeartú sula gcuirtear ar fáil do na páirtithe leasmhara iad. Ceadaíonn na córais seo taifid in situ, leanúnacha, uathoibríocha de theocht, ocsaigin thuaslagtha, dhoimhneacht agus fhluaraiseacht chlóraifille a dhéanamh. Tá teicneolaíocht phaitinnithe ghlanta ag na córais seo le ligint dóibh a bheith faoi uisce muirí ar feadh tréimhsí fada gan laghdú ar bith ar chruinneas torthaí le himeacht aimsire. Seoladh an dara ceann de na córais i gCairlinn i 2004. Is é seo an chéad chóras a cuireadh in úsáid i gCairlinn agus go dtí seo tá sé ag oibriú go sármhaith, agus é ag soláthar sonraí a bhfuil géarghá leo ar luaineacht in athruithe comhshaoil san uisce. Tá na sonraí ón chóras monatóireachta seo ar fáil ar líne le leas úsáideoirí príobháideacha agus oideachasúla. Tá mionchoigeartuithe á ndéanamh in inathraitheacht na sonraí agus táthar ag súil go bhféadfar na sonraí uilig a chur i láthair i bhformáid inúsáide gan mhoill.

D'éirigh le hiarratas na Gníomhaireachta maoiniú a fháil trí Chlár Clár Tamhais Visce INTERREG IIIA le ceithre chóras breise a cheannacht, a seachadadh i Mí na Nollag 2004. Is rún go gcuirfear ceann in úsáid i lochanna amuigh an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne faoi seach. Táthar ag súil go gcuirfear ceann de na córais atá fágtha in úsáid ar thaobh na farraige de Loch Feabhail agus an ceann eile i sruthán fionnuisce.

Tosaíodh ar chlár le monatóireacht a dhéanamh ar chlóraifill agus chothaithigh le linn 2004. Bhain an clár le samplaí uisce ó 12 láithreán taobh istigh de Loch Feabhail agus Abhainn an Fheabhail a shampláil ar bhonn míosúil. Ceadaíonn

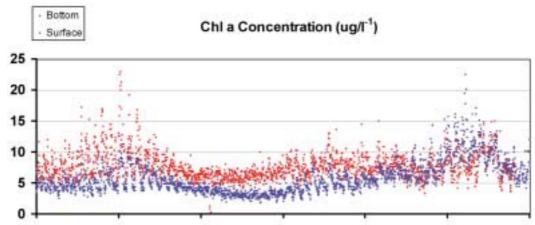
samplaí clóraifille agus cothaitheach meastacháin táirgeachta a dhéanamh agus ceadóidh siad cros-seiceáil le taifid na gcóras monatóireachta comhshaoil mar bheart calabráithe nó dearbhú caighdeáin. Tá an clár á reachtáil i gcomhar le Seirbhísí Uisceacha RTFT, a phróiseálfaidh samplaí agus a chinnfidh ar na torthaí.

- Grinneall Teocht (•C)
- Uachtar



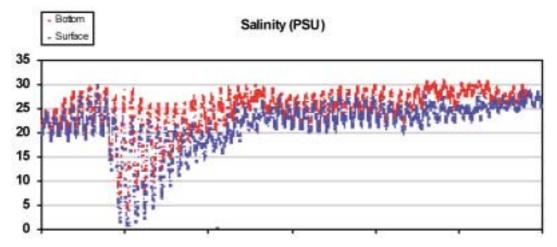
1 Bealtaine 6 Bealtaine 11 Bealtaine 16 Bealtaine 21 Bealtaine 26 Bealtaine 31 Bealtaine

- Grinneall Comhchruinniú Clóraifille-a (ug/l-1)
- Uachtar



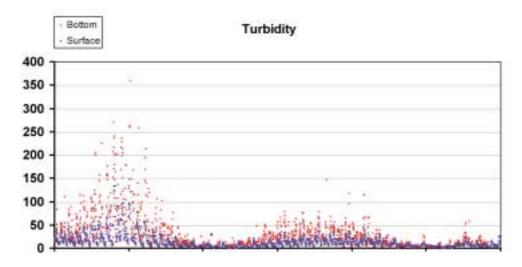
1 Bealtaine 6 Bealtaine 11 Bealtaine 16 Bealtaine 21 Bealtaine 26 Bealtaine 31 Bealtaine

- Grinneall Salandacht (PSU)
- Uachtar

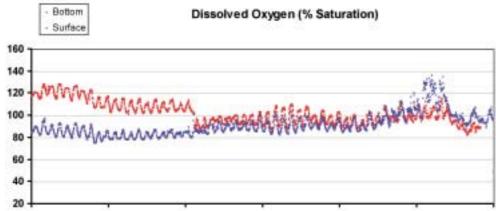


1 Bealtaine 6 Bealtaine 11 Bealtaine 16 Bealtaine 21 Bealtaine 26 Bealtaine 31 Bealtaine

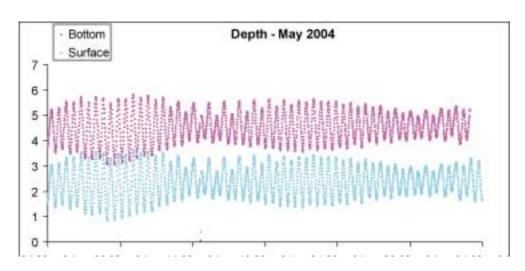
- Grinneall Moirtiúlacht
- Uachtar



- 1 Bealtaine 6 Bealtaine 11 Bealtaine 16 Bealtaine 21 Bealtaine 26 Bealtaine 31 Bealtaine
- Grinneall Ocsaigin Thuaslagtha (% Sáithiúchán)
- Uachtar



- 1 Bealtaine 6 Bealtaine 11 Bealtaine 16 Bealtaine 21 Bealtaine 26 Bealtaine 31 Bealtaine
- Grinneall Doimhneacht Bealtaine 2004
- Uachtar



1 Bealtaine 6 Bealtaine 11 Bealtaine 16 Bealtaine 21 Bealtaine 26 Bealtaine 31 Bealtaine

Rinneadh suirbhé ar ghníomhaíocht síolraithe oisrí dúchasacha i Loch Feabhail ó Bhealtaine go Lúnasa 2004. Bhain seo le sampla oisrí a ghlacadh ó phríomhbheirtreacha an Locha agus méid na gníomhaíochta síolraithe i ngach ceann acu a mheas. Baineadh úsáid as bailitheoirí sceithe le monatóireacht a dhéanamh ar shíothlú sceithe taobh istigh de na beirtreacha agus glacadh tomhais teochta agus salandachta i rith an tsamhraidh lena fhionnadh cad é mar a chuaigh na hinathruithe seo i bhfeidhm ar rath síolraithe an stoic. Ar an drochuair, ba bheag gníomhaíocht síolraithe a chonacthas sna samplaí agus measadh go mb'fheidir go raibh sin amhlaidh ceann is go raibh na hoisrí sna príomhbheirtreacha beag nó nach raibh líon na samplaí mór go leor.

Tá achoimre ar thonáiste táirgeachta do na sliogiascaigh i Lochanna an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne i dTábla 3

Tábla 3.

Spéiceas	Bliain	Ceantar Táirgthe	Méid (t)	Luach Iomlán (€)
Diúilicín Grinnill	2003	Loch Feabhail	15,318	€ 10,504,240
Oisre Dúchasach	2003	Loch Feabhail	50	ní fios
Diúilicín Grinnill	2003	Loch Cairlinne	1,500	€1,725,000
Oisre Gigas	2003	Loch Cairlinne	457	€900,350
Oisre Dúchasach	2004	Loch Feabhail	50	ní fios
Diúlicín Grinnill	2004	Loch Feabhail	12,162	€8,762,960
Oisre Gigas	2004	Loch Cairlinne	320	€332,200
Diúilicín Grinnill	2004	Loch Cairlinne	2,500	€2,468,000

12. CAOMHNÚ AGUS COSAINT IASCAIGH

Ia príomhfheidhm de chuid fhoireann Ghníomhaireacht na Lochanna Achtanna agus Rialacháin Iascaigh a chur i bhfeidhm. Cuirtear sonraí ar ghabhálacha Ghníomhaireacht na Lochanna i láthair i dTáblaí 21A agus B in Aguisín 2. Le linn 2003 bhí seach-chonairí na mbradán ar ais chun an Fheabhail ar fheabhas arís, ach cé gur chuir tréimhse fada, tirim i rith an tsamhraidh agus an fhómhair bac ar ghníomhaíocht iascaireachta slaite, bhog go leor bradán isteach san fhionnuisce is gur cuireadh síneadh seachtaine le hiascach tráchtala, mar a rinneadh i 2002.

I Mí Lúnasa 2004 tharla mórshlad ar éisc ar an tSruthail inar maraíodh corradh le 700 bradán fásta. I ndiaidh comhairliúcháin le páirtithe leasmhara áitiúla iascaireachta slaite agus le húinéirí iascaigh, thug an Ghníomhaireacht riail éigeandála isteach le deireadh an tséasúir ar an tSruthail agus ar a craobhaibhneacha a thabhairt chun tosaigh ó 21 Deireadh Fómhair go 13 Meán Fómhair. Thug an riail seo cosaint do na bradáin a bhí fágtha agus a bhí ag tarraingt ar a láthair sceite agus bhí sí ina cuidiú le hiarmhairt na heachtra a íoslaghdú mar a ba léir ó mheasúnú ar ghníomhaíocht sceite sa cheantar.

Thug rialacháin a tugadh isteach i 2004 tuilleadh cosanta do bhradáin earraigh, le teorainn mála bradáin nó bric amháin sa tréimhse ó 1 Márta go 31 Bealtaine, agus teorainn ceithre iasc sa chuid eile den tséasúr. Cuireann forghníomhú leanúnach reachtaíocht iascaigh ag foireann na Gníomhaireachta leis an laghdú follasach ar iascaireacht mhídhleathach i gcónaí.

Tá mionsonraithe ar ionchúisimh Ghníomhaireacht na Lochanna i dTáblaí 20A agus B in Aguisin 2.

Ba mhaith le Gníomhaireacht na Lochanna an cuidiú mór a thug RTFT, an Garda Síochána agus Seirbhís Póilíneachta Thuaisceart Éireann i bhforghníomhú na n-Achtanna Iascaigh i gceantar Ghníomhaireacht na Lochanna a admháil. Tá buíochas ar leith tuillte fosta ag na feighlithe príobháideacha abhann, a thugann cosaint bhreise d'iascaigh le leas gach duine go minic i dtosca deacra agus ar bhonn deonach. Tá Bord an CFCSE, Gníomhaireacht na Lochanna agus a foireann an-bhuíoch as an chuidiú seo.

Ghabh RTFT agus RCMAN, le cuidiú ó Ghníomhaireacht na Lochanna, patróil ar iascaigh diúilicíní síl de láimh i nDeireadh Fómhair agus Samhain 2003. D'éiligh seo patról leitheadach ar bord ACI Loch Bradán ag coimhéad gníomhaíochtaí dreidirí diúilicíní agus ag gabháil ar bord árthach le baisceanna agus caighdeán stoc síl a mheas. Bhí an t-iascach seo oscailte bunús na tréimhse ó Dheireadh Fómhair go hEanáir agus dhírigh an Ghníomhaireacht cuid mhaith dá hiarracht ar choimhéad an iascaigh seo agus ar éascú fheidhmeannaigh na roinne ina ról mar oifigigh an iascaigh seo.

13. CAIGHDEÁN UISCE

Stad an Ghníomhaireacht de ghníomhú mar ghníomhairí foirmeálta na Seirbhíse Comhshaoil agus Oidhreachta ar 31 Bealtaine 2004 i dtaca le cosc thruailliú uisce de. Coinníonn foireann na Gníomhaireachta a n-údarás, áfach, faoin Water

(Northern Ireland) Order 1999, agus trí fhorghníomhú na Foyle Fisheries Acts 1952 chomh maith. Ligeann seo d'fhoireann na Gníomhaireachta agus d'foireann na Seirbhíse Comhshaoil agus Oidhreachta oibriú as láimh a chéile má bhíonn feidhm leis. Leanfaidh an Ghníomhaireacht mar eagraíocht cheannais i bhfiosruithe a bhaineann le sladanna ar éisc

Déanfar foirmeálta na prótacail do na hidirghníomhaíochtaí idir an dá fhoras i Meamram Tuisceana atá á chomhdhréachtú ag an dá pháirtí faoi láthair.

Cé nach bhfuil baint ag an Ghníomhaireacht níos mó leis an chóras chuimsitheach monatóireachta ar aibhneacha, leanfaidh foireann na SCO leis sin agus beidh torthaí uile an chláir ar fáil don Ghníomhaireacht le haghaidh measúnaithe agus léirmhínithe.

Tá a mhacasamhail de chóras i bhfeidhm maidir le Comhthoil chomhlíonadh an chláir ghnáthshamplála, agus cuirtear torthaí na samplaí a bhailíonn foireann SCO ar fáil don Ghníomhaireacht. Ar an dóigh seo, tá an Ghníomhaireacht in ann feidhmíocht láithreán aonarach a mheasúnú agus gníomhú mar is cuí dá réir.

Creideann an Ghníomhaireacht gur céillí a straitéis, a dhíríonn ar dhobharcheantair, ar cosúil dóibh go bhfuil siad faoi strus, dá Clár um Thruailliú a Chosc go hOnnghníomhach agus go bhfuil sí le leas na ndobharcheantar seo. Faightear an buneolas don straitéis seo go príomha ó na suirbhéanna cáilíochtúla leictri-iascaireachta a dhéantar gach bliain, agus go pointe níos lú, ón chlár leis an eolas is déanaí a fháil ar ghnáthóga agus ó na suirbhéanna ar chomhaireamh log sceite.

Is comhairlí reachtúil an Ghníomhaireacht i gcónaí i dtaca le forbairtí de, a bhfuil an acmhainn acu tionchar a bheith acu ar chomhshaol na n-aibhneacha, ó thaobh chaighdeán an uisce nó ó thaobh gnáthóga fisiciúla. Cuimsíonn seo díospóireachtaí leis an tSeirbhís Foraoiseachta agus le comhlachtaí éagsúla foraoiseachta faoi thionchar féideartha scéimeanna plandála atá molta, leis an tseirbhís bóithre faoi bhealaí nua trasnaithe aibhneacha agus scéimeanna bóthair, leis an tSeirbhís Uisce faoi scéimeanna séarachais agus astarraingt uisce, leis an tSeirbhís Pleanála faoi fhorbraíochtaí nua, leis an tSeirbhís Comhshaoil agus Oidhreachta faoi chomhthoileanna doirte, a gcaighdeán agus a dtionchar féideartha, agus le Gníomhaireachta na n-Aibhneacha faoi cheisteanna bhainistiu draenála agus sruthchúrsaí, agus oibreacha aischur gnathóg san áireamh.

Cheannaigh agus shuiteáil an Ghníomhaireacht bullaí teileméadrachta i Loch Feabhail agus i Loch Cairlinne araon le roinnt gnéithe den chaighdeán uisce a thomhas agus a thaifeadadh a mbainfear úsáid astu le heiseamláirí acmhainneacht iompair do shliogéisc sa dá Loch a fhorbairt.

14. CLÁR TOMHAIS UISCE INTERREG IIIA AN AE

I 2004 fuair an Ghníomhaireacht maoiniú ó Chiste Forbartha Réigiúnaí na hEorpa trí Chlár INTERREG IIIA. Riar an tSeirbhís Comhshaoil agus Oidhreachta an maoiniú ar son Roinn an Chomhshaoil do na tionscadail seo a leanas:









- Árthach Patróil Cladaigh do Loch Cairlinne (€209k) Bainfidh an Ghníomhaireacht úsáid as an árthach seo d'obair chosanta agus shuirbhé i Loch Cairlinne go príomha.
- Ceithre Bhulla Monatóireachta Uath-Theileméadrachta (€233k) do mhonatóireacht fhíor-ama ar uiscí Loch Feabhail agus Loch Cairlinne araon. Tá an tionscadal seo i gcomhpháirtíocht leis an tSeirbhís Comhshaoil agus Oidhreachta, an Institiúid Mhuirí, an Roinn Talmhaíochta agus Forbartha Tuaithe agus an Ghníomhaireacht um Chosaint an Chomhshaoil agus cuirfear in úsáid é go luath sa bhliain 2005.
- Clibeáil Sreinge Códaithe agus Aonaid Bhraite (€82k). Úsáidfear na haonaid seo do sheach-chonair géiteog 2005 agus do mhonatóireacht ar bhradáin fhásta atá ag pilleadh.
- Cora agus Áiritheoir Éisc ar an tSruthail ar an Ómaigh (€155k). Forbraíodh an tionscadal seo i gcomhpháirtíocht le Comhairle Ceantair na hÓmaí agus tá sé le bheith críochnaithe i lár 2005.

15. TURASÓIREACHT MHUIRÍ

Faoi Chomhaontú na Breataine/na hÉireann tugadh sainchúram fhorbairt turasóireachta muirí don Ghníomhaireacht. Chuir fionraíocht Thionóil Thuaisceart Éireann moill le dul chun cinn ar fhorbairt na feidhme seo, ach críochnaíodh "Iniúchadh ar Acmhainn Fóillíochta agus Áineasa Iascachbhunaithe cheantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne araon" ag Fitzpatrick Associates i dtreo dheireadh na bliana 2002, a bhí mar bonn le comhairliúchán le grúpaí leasmhara agus le hullmhú phlean forbartha 5 bliana do Cheantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne. Tionscnaíodh comhstaidéar eile ar Fhóillíocht Mhuirí sa dá Cheantar i gcomhar le Grúpaí Réigiúnacha Trasteorann an Iarthuaiscirt agus an Oirthir i 2004.

GLUAIS

Baictéareolaíocht - Tagraíonn seo do bhaictéir

Suirbhéanna beantacha - Suirbhéanna ar ghrinneall na farraige

Bithocsainí – Tocsainí a tháirgeann speicis áirithe algaí

Iasc garbh – Éisc mar róiste, ruán, bhran, phéirse, ghailliasc, chúramán etc.

Deascadh uibheacha - Líon na n-uibheacha a dheascann iasc fásta

Leictri-iascaireacht – Teicníocht a úsáideann leictreachas le héisc a ghabháil. Baintear úsáid as saintreallamh le lucht leictreach a tháirgeadh a cheadaíonn néal a chur in éisc taobh istigh d'achar áirithe agus iad a ghabháil gan díobháil.

Ubháin súileacha – Céim fhorásach ubh bhradáin/bhric nuair a thagann súile an éisc óig ris.

Macrai-inveirteabraigh – Feithidí a fhaightear i srutháin.

Céimshrian sceite – Líon na n-iasc nár sceith go fóill ag deireadh an tséasúir.

Salmonids – Bric agus bradáin.

AGUISÍN 1

CUSPÓIR

TÁIRGEACHT OS COINNE SPRIOCANNA 2004

1. Iascaigh bhradán agus intíre Cheantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne a chaomhnú agus a chosaint.

PRÍOMHGHNÍOMHAÍOCHT

- 1.1 Cosaint ghnáthóg
- 1.2 Forghníomhú
- 1.3 Oideachas

SPRIOC FEIDHMÍOCHTA

- 1.1.1 Cosc truaillithe a chothú go honnghníomhach trí láithreacht ar aibhneacha agus trí 1,500 cuairt a thabhairt ar fheirmeacha.
- 1.1.2 Freagairt do gach tuairisc faoi thruailliú taobh istigh de 8 uair a chloig ón fhógra.
- 1.1.3 Ceanglais chosanta iascaigh a shonrú d'fhoraoiseacht, d'innealltóireacht agus d'oibreacha eile a théann i bhfeidhm ar chomhshaol aibhneach Cheantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne, agus freagairt taobh istigh de 21 lá ón chomhairliúchan.
- 1.2.1 120 lá cosanta ar farraige a sholáthar i Loch Feabhail agus san achar ar thaobh na farraige de Loch Feabhail, agus ceadúnais 100% de bháid a fheictear ag iascaireacht, a sheiceáil.
- 1.2.2 40 lá cosanta ar farraige a sholáthar i Loch Cairlinne.
- 1.2.3 3,000 ceadúnas iascaireachta slaite agus leabhair tuairisce a sheiceáil i gCeantar an Fheabhail, agus líon na n-iascairí slaite a bhraitear gan ceadúnas a laghdú go níos lú ná 0.5%.
- 1.2.4 600 ceadúnas iascaireachta slaite a sheiceáil i gCeantar Chairlinne, agus líon na n-iascairí slaite a bhraitear gan ceadúnas a laghdú go níos lú ná 0.5%.
- 1.2.5 100% leabhar tuairisce fhir eangaí atá ag feidhmiú a sheiceáil le linn an tséasúir tráchtála.
- 1.2.6 100% déileálaithe ceadúnaithe bradáin a sheiceáil uair sa tseachtain idir 1ú Márta agus 31ú Deireadh Fómhair.
- 1.3.1 Líon na gcuairteoirí ar ionad léirmhínithe "Riverwatch" a mhéadú le 50% ar chuairteanna 2003.

CUSPÓIR

2. Iascaigh bhradán agus intíre Cheantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne a bhainistiú agus a fhorbairt.

PRÍOMHGHNÍOMHAÍOCHT

- 2.1 Eolas a Bhainistiú.
- 2.2 Gnáthóga Iascaigh a fheabhsú.
- 2.3 Eolas agus comhairle a sholáthar maidir le Bille an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne.

TUAIRISC CHUN DÁTA

80% críochnaithe

Déanta go dtí seo - níl aon sárú ar CLS

Ag dul ar aghaidh faoi láthair

65% críochnaithe (Tá "Lough Bradan" á seirbhísiú agus á hathshreangú agus níl sí ar an fharraige)

23% críochnaithe (Tá Bdi Chairlinne á chóiriú)

84% críochnaithe

58% críochnaithe

Bainte amach

Bainte amach

6,203 (gníomhaíocht thionsclaíoch ag múinteoirí sa bhuaic-am) (4,660 i 2003)

TUAIRISC CHUN DÁTA

SPRIOC FEIDHMÍOCHTA

- 2.1.1 Figiúirí earcaithe iasc fásta atá dearbhaithe a bheith bailí a sholáthar ó na háiritheoirí iasc ar an Ró, an Fhochaine, an Mhorn, Abhainn Coilleadh, an Chamabhainn, Abhainn Chúil Damhcha agus an Fhinn faoi Mhí na Nollag 2004.
- 2.1.2 Suirbhé a dhéanamh ar 340 láithreán leictri-iascaireachta faoi dheireadh Mheán Fómhair 2004.
- 2.1.3 Rátaí dúshaothraithe ag iascaigh thráchtala agus áineasa a fhionnadh faoi Mhí na Nollag 2004.
- 2.1.4 Suirbhé a dhéanamh ar 5 iascaigh iasc garbh faoi Dheireadh Fómhair 2004.
- 2.1.5 Tabhairt faoi athbhreithniú ar theorainneacha caomhnaithe agus spriocanna céimshriain do dhobharcheantar an Fheabhail faoi Mheitheamh 2004.
- 2.1.6 Suirbhéanna fótagrafaíochta digití ón aer dhobharcheantair fhionnuisce an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne a chríochnú faoi Bhealtaine 2004.
- 2.1.7 Clár samplála a thabhairt isteach sna hiascaigh thrachtála bradáin le hathruithe aimseartha agus spásúla san iascra dúshaothraithe a fhionnadh.
- 2.2.1 Moltaí a chur isteach chuig na Ranna ábhartha do scéimeanna fheabhsú gnáthóg agus pleananna gnó gaolmhara don Daoil, d'Abhainn Chúil Damhcha, don Ró, don Fhochaine agus don Chamabhainn faoi Mhí an Mharta 2004.
- 2.2.2 Obair ar na scéimeanna fheabhsú gnáthóg a thosacht faoi Mhí na Bealtaine 2004.
- 2.2.3 Ceantair le haghaidh feabhsaithe a aithint i ngach fo-dhobharcheantar a bhainfidh méadú 5% ar sprioc sceite 2003 amach.
- 2.2.4 Feabhsú gnáthóg a chur i gcrích le méadú 10% ar sprioc sceite 2003 a bhaint amach.
- 2.2.5 20 grúpa de chliaint "Riverwatch" a ghríosú le húsáid a bhaint as clár "glac sruthán faoi chúram" le gnáthóg a srutháin/abhann áitiúil a fheabhsú.
- 2.3.1 Freagairt d'iarrataí ar eolas agus chomhairle ar Bhille an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne taobh istigh den sprioc-am atá leagtha síos, agus freastal ar Chéim an Choiste den Bhille.

CUSPÓIR

3. Forbairt Loch Feabhail agus Loch Cairlinne a chothú mar gheall ar thráchtáil agus áineas.

PRÍOMHGHNÍOMHAÍOCHT

3.1 Plean straitéiseach a ullmhú le forbairt Loch Feabhail agus Loch Cairlinne a chothú mar gheall ar thráchtáil agus áineas. Bailíocht na Múirne agus na Finne Críochnaithe – an chuid eile le críochnú i 2005.

An Leictri-iascaireacht críochnaithe.

Ag fanacht le torthaí FRI/Géineolaíochta agus Fótagrafaíochta Digití

Críochnaíodh suirbhé Loch Dearg i Mí Lúnasa. Tá an chuid eile le críochnú i 2005.

Ag dul ar aghaidh, mar atá 2.1.3

Críochnaíodh suirbhé na Finne. Tá an chuid eile ag fanacht le teicneolaíocht nua digiteach (Bealtaine 2005 an sprioc-am anois)

Obair DNA ag dul ar aghaidh.

Críochnaíodh an obair ar an Ró agus an Fhochaine. Táthar ag obair ar chásanna gnó don Dennett, do dhobharcheantar na hÓmaí agus don Abhainn Chúil Damhcha faoi láthair i gcomhpháirtíocht le Gníomhaireacht na n-Aibhneacha.

Críochnaíodh an obair ar an Ró agus ar an Fhochaine. Comhaontaíodh CLS le Gníomhaireacht na n-Aibhneacha.

Ag dul ar aghaidh. Féach 2.2.2

Ag dul ar aghaidh. Féach 2.2.2

Cuireadh moill leis seo de thairbhe measúnuithe riosca S agus S. Rinne dhá ghrúpa glanadóireacht – Oakgrove (Páirc Naomh Coluim) agus YMCA (Droimachaidh)

Ag dul ar aghaidh

TUAIRISC CHUN DÁTA

SPRIOC FEIDHMÍOCHTA

- 3.1.1 Plean straitéiseach a ullmhú faoi Mheitheamh 2004 do chothú agus d'fhorbairt Loch Feabhail agus Loch Cairlinne mar gheall ar thráchtáil agus áineas, agus aon socrú do mhaoiniú a fhaightear ón Staidéar ar Thurasóireacht Mhuirí agus ón Phlean Forbartha Áineasa agus Fóillíochta Bunaithe ar Iascaigh san áireamh.
- 3.1.2 Eolas chun dáta ar iascaireacht slaite a sholáthar ar láithreán gréasáin, líne eolais agus phreasnótaí iascaireachta slaite na Gníomhaireachta.

Tosaíodh ar dhréacht deiridh an Staidéir ar Thurasóireacht Mhuirí, fuarthas é agus tá an Fochoiste Turasóireachta Muirí á bhreithniú faoi láthair.

Ag dul ar aghaidh – preasráiteas seachtainiúil, foyleline, láithreán gréasáin tugtha chun dáta. Tá an láithreán gréasáin á athdhearadh faoi láthair.

TUAIRISC CHUN DÁTA

CUSPÓIR

4. Dobharshaothrú a cheadúnú agus a fhorbairt.

PRÍOMHGHNÍOMHAÍOCHT

- 4.1 Na páirteanna den Phlean Fhorfheidhmithe atá riachtanach a chur i bhfeidhm roimh achtú Bhille Iascaigh an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne.
- 4.2 Eolas agus comhairle a sholáthar ar Bhille Iascaigh an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne.

SPRIOC FEIDHMÍOCHTA

- 4.1.1 An clár monatóireachta a fhorbairt a thuilleadh le bonn eolaíoch a sholáthar do bhainistiú agus fhorfheidhmiú forálacha na Reachtaíochta Príomhúla atá le teacht.
- 4.1.2 Leanúint de chomhairliúchán ar na moltaí le dobharshaothrú inbhuanaithe a fhorbairt i Loch Feabhail agus i Loch Cairlinne taobh istigh de 6 mí ó achtú na Reachtaíochta Príomhúla.
- 4.1.3 Plean forbartha do dhobharshaothrú a thabhairt chun críche taobh istigh de 9 mí ó achtú na Reachtaíochta Príomhúla.
- 4.2.1 Freagairt d'iarrataí ar eolas agus chomhairle ar Bhille an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne taobh istigh den sprioc-am atá leagtha síos, agus freastal ar Chéim an Choiste den Bhille.

Tosaíodh ar obair FRI/DNA/ Fótagrafaíocht Digiteach.

Níl aon reachtaíocht phríomhúil ann go fóill. Níl aon reachtaíocht phríomhúil ann go fóill.

Níl aon reachtaíocht phríomhúil ann go fóill.

Níl aon reachtaíocht phríomhúil ann go fóill.

TUAIRISC CHUN DÁTA

CUSPÓIR

5. Muirthurasóireacht a fhorbairt.

PRÍOMHGHNÍOMHAÍOCHT

- 5.1 Plean straitéiseach a ullmhú d'fhorbairt mhuirthurasóireachta i gcomhairle le gníomhaireachtaí agus eagraíochtaí leasmhara eile
- 5.2 Forfheidhmiú na straitéise muirthurasóireachta a thosacht.

SPRIOC FEIDHMÍOCHTA

5.1.1 Straitéis a fhorbairt d'fhorbairt muirthurasóireachta i gCeantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne, agus aithint comhpháirtíochtaí féideartha, aon mholtaí maidir le maoiniú agus spriocanna forfheidhmithe san áireamh, faoi Mheitheamh 2004.

Fuarthas dréacht deiridh an Staidéir ar Mhuirthurasóireacht i ndiaidh ceardlanna comhairliúcháin. Ta sé á bhreithniú ag Bord/Fochoiste MT faoi láthair. 5.1.2 Tosacht ar fhorfheidhmiú na straitéise muirthurasóireachta faoi Mheán Fómhair 2004.

Tosófar an forfheidhmiú nuair a ghlacfar le moltaí an Staidéir.

CUSPÓIR

6. Éifeachtacht mhéadaithe agus feabhsú leanúnach a éileamh i soláthar seirbhísí do gach custaiméir.

PRÍOMHGHNÍOMHAÍOCHT

- 6.1 Soláthar eolais agus seirbhísí ardchaighdeáin do chustaiméirí, cumtha do riachtanais chustaiméirí.
- 6.2 Acmhainní daonna taobh istigh den Ghníomhaireacht a choinneáil agus a fheabhsú le caighdeán ard seirbhíse do chustaiméirí a chinntiú.
- 6.3 Dualgais maidir le Díriú ar Riachtanas Shóisialta agus Dualgais Chomhionannais (atl 75, NI Act 1998)

TUAIRISC CHUN DÁTA

SPRIOC FEIDHMÍOCHTA

- 6.1.1 Freagairt do gach comhfhreagrachas a fhaightear taobh istigh de 15 lá oibre.
- 6.1.2 Eolas tráthúil, ábhartha, cruinn a sholáthar do na Ranna Coimircíochta, do Bhord CFCSE, don Fhóram Chomhairleach agus do Rúnaireacht na Comhairle Aireachta Thuaidh/Theas le cloí le sprioc-amanna sainiúla.
- 6.1.3 An t-ábhar ar láithreán gréasáin na Gníomhaireachta a athbhreithniú agus a thabhairt chun dáta go rialta.
- 6.1.4 Earcú an 2ú Fóraim Chomhairligh a chríochnú faoi Aibreán 2004.
- 6.2.1 Deiseanna oiliúna agus forbartha, agus oiliúint ar chomhionannas san áireamh, a shocrú don fhoireann de réir Phlean Oiliúna agus Forbartha athmheasta na Gníomhaireachta.
- 6.3.1 nDRS a bhreithniú nuair atá gach gníomhaíocht á pleanáil, á soláthar agus á measúnú, agus athbhreithniú a dhéanamh ar phlean gníomhaíochta nDRS faoi Mhí na Nollag 2004 agus tuairiscí tráthúla, ráithiúla, chun dáta a sholáthar do na Ranna Coimircíochta.
- 6.3.2 Feasacht ar chomhdheiseanna i ngach gníomhaíocht a chothú agus a choinneáil i rith na bliana.
- 6.3.3 Príomh-mholtaí straitéis fhor-rochtana agus scaipthe na Gníomhaireachta a fhorfheidhmiú agus a chothú.
- 6.3.4 Athbhreithniú a dhéanamh ar Straitéis Bhainistiú Riosca na Gníomhaireachta agus í a thabhairt chun dáta nuair is gá, uair amháin sa ráithe ar a laghad.

Bainte amach.

Ag dul ar aghaidh.

Tá athdhearadh an láithreáin ghréasáin ar siúl anois agus tá sé le bheith críochnaithe go luath i 2005.

Comhairle ó CATT – síneadh bliana le próiseáil nósanna imeachta reatha IP an Fhóraim.

Ag dul ar aghaidh. Tionóladh ceardlann ar riachtanais oiliúna.

Ag dul ar aghaidh.

Ag dul ar aghaidh.

Ag dul ar aghaidh.

Tugtha chun dáta agus cheadaigh an Bord an clár.

CUSPÓIR

7. Úsáid éifeachtúil, éifeachtach, gheilleagrach na n-acmhainní atá ar fáil don Ghníomhaireacht a chinntiú.

TUAIRISC CHUN DÁTA

PRÍOMHGHNÍOMHAÍOCHT

7.1 Úsáid is fearr acmhainní na Gníomhaireachta a chinntiú, agus a chinntiú go gcloíonn an caiteachas uile leis an treoir ábhartha.

SPRIOC FEIDHMÍOCHTA

- 7.1.1 Cloí le treoir DAO agus treoir ábhartha airgeadais Thuaidh agus Theas, a chinntiú.
- 7.1.2 Cloí le socruithe Mheamraim Airgeadais Ghníomhaireacht na Lochanna.
- 7.1.3 Na Ranna Coimircíochta a chur ar an eolas faoi athruithe buiséadaigh ar bith (diallais a bhfuil athruithe buiséadaigh ag baint leo) in am tráthúil.
- 7.1.4 Athbhreithniú a dhéanamh ar Bheartas Calaoise na Gníomhaireachta faoi Mheán Fómhair agus leasuithe ar bith a fhorfheidhmiú.

Ag dul ar aghaidh.

MA comhaontaithe ag an Bhord agus sínithe ag na Ranna Coimircíochta.

Ag dul ar aghaidh

Athmheasta agus ionchorpraithe sa MA.

AGUISÍN 2

STAITISTICÍ AR CHAOMHNÚ CHOSAINT AGUS BHAINISTIÚ IASCAIGH

Tábla 1Cuntais Sceite Cheantar an Fheabhail 1995/96 – 2004/05

١													
A	Aibhneacha	Elson	1995/96	1996/97	1997/98	1998/99	1999/00	2000/01	2001/02	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	
*	An Chamabhainn	708	59	748	278	209	32	214	131	099	571	767	
	Abhainn Chúil Damhcha	0	46	74	45	31	0	42	0	24	12	0	
	An Daoil	422	51	106	29	69	16	72	99	80	88	0	
	Dennett	266	20	112	0	28	0	78	31	29	29	11	
*	Derg	734	1537	641	516	553	119	541	467	849	536	28	
*	Droim Ratha	999	59	09	153	117	80	147	150	545	321	473	
	An Fhochaine	590	82	572	0	84	53	87	233	673	441	501	
٧	An Fhinn	844	826	752	552	357	117	159	137	234	101	149	
*	Abhainn Ghleann Aichle	370	9	234	99	26	0	28	0	31	0	0	
*	An Mhorn	338	0	18	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
*	Abhainn Coilleadh	750	0	244	337	93	0	138	112	89	3	0	
V	< An Raoilleann	126	454	366	241	203	87	245	154	377	350	410	
	An Ró	1222	241	1247	0	169	136	383	186	630	672	43	
*	An tSruthail agus Craobh- aibhneacha	710	267	Nil	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Iomláin	7746	3678	5174	2272	1969	640	2134	1667	4238	3163	2412	
*	Córas na Moirne	4276	1928	1945	1367	866	231	1068	860	2153	1431	1298	
V	< Córas na Finne	970	1280	1118	793	260	204	404	291	611	451	559	
1													

Baineann na Figiúirí le "Riachtanais Mheasta Sceitheoirí" Dr Elson (Iascaigh an Fheabhail : Bonn Nua do Bhainistiú Réasúnach. Elson agus Tuomi. Tábla 14)

Tábla 2: Sonraí Áiritheoirí Éisc Cheantar an Fheabhail 1989 – 2004

Bliain	An Fhochaine	Muileann an	Abhainn Ghleann Aichle/	An Ró	An Fhinn
		tSiáin	Abhainn Coilleadh		
1989	8287				
1990	6458				
1991	4301	7987			
1992	7357	7420			
1993	8655	17978			
1994	7439	19908			
1995	10838	7547			
1996	13297	8978			
1997	3525	7047			
1998	3077	9599			
1999	*	6514			
2000	2551	4690			
2001	1518	6250	2742	3265	3311
2002	4288	12991	4543	5459	5768
2003	3097	12129	1908	4086	6461
2004	2,855	10,270	99	1.922	3,778

^{*}Bhí an t-áiritheoir in aingléas do shéasúr 1999

Tábla 3A: Sonraí Áiritheoirí Éisc Cheantar an Fheabhail 2003

Líon na n-iasc > 45cm

Mí	An Mhorn	An Fhinn	An Ró	An Fhochaine	Abhainn Coilleadh	
Eanáir		2				
Feabhra		-11				
Márta		43				
Aibreán		104				
Bealtaine	127	695	26	5	7	
Meitheamh	6040	1371	114	468	493	
Iúil	2837	2962	1604	1182	934	
Lúnasa	212	1	276	430	76	
Meán Fómhair	1002	809	518	186	216	
Deireadh Fómhair	731	396	954	462	182	
Samhain	952	183	535	362	1	
Mí na Nollag	228	-94	59	2	-1	
Iomlán	12129	6461	4086	3097	1908	

Tá figiúirí mínis ann go luath sa bhliain mar gheall ar bhradáin a sceith cheana féin imeacht ar ais chun na farraige.

Tábla 3B: Sonraí Áiritheoirí Éisc Cheantar an Fheabhail 2004

Líon na n-iasc > 45cm

Mí	An Mhorn	An Fhinn	An Ró	An Fhochaine	Abhainn Coilleadh	
Eanáir	65	3	-3	-6	0	
Feabhra	6	-16	-8	0	0	
Márta	-8	77	-1	0	2	
Aibreán	81	-16	-15	4	0	
Bealtaine	217	57	25	36	0	
Meitheamh	3344	1851	51	75	2	
Iúil	1908	880	35	903	0	
Lúnasa	1916	455	380	1002	77	
Meán Fómhair	1534	200	690	575	18	
Deireadh Fómhair	596	130	360	153	_	
Samhain	473	152	169	62	_	
Mí na Nollag	138	5	239	51	_	
Iomlán	10,270	3,778	1,922	2,855	99	

Tá figiúirí mínis ann go luath sa bhliain mar gheall ar bhradáin a sceith cheana féin imeacht ar ais chun na farraige.

Tábla 4A

Baisceanna Seachtainiúla Bradán agus Bláthán Cheantar an Fheabhail ag Innill Tráchtála 2003

Srutheangacha dar	Srutheangacha	gacha	Sruth Carraig M	Srutheangacha Carraid Mhic Hidhilin	Srut	Srutheangacha	Eangacha	Eangacha Tarraingthe	IoI	Iomláin
deireadh	An Fharraige Amháin	e Amháin	go F	go Farraige	Carraig	Carraig Mhic Uidhilín		an Ró		
	Lion	Cg	Lion	Сg	Lion	Сg	Lion	Cg	Lion	Сg
15-Meith.		1	1	I	1	I	1	I	1	I
21-Meith.	380	948	1249	3546	85	199	3110	9829	4824	11479
28-Meith.	543	1370	2148	5619	92	224	3315	7245	8609	14458
05-Iúil	652	1503	2528	6481	102	240	2628	5764	5910	13988
12-Iúil	200	1502	1769	4723	117	272	2953	5253	5039	11750
19-Iúil	487	1215	1377	3740	49	130	1804	4255	3717	9340
26-Iúil	358	924	1222	3265	22	26	1344	3229	2946	7474
02-Lún.	217	632	962	2936	35	94	1406	3483	2653	7145
09-Lún.	45	123	258	1590	111	34	931	2450	1545	4197
16-Lún.		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
23-Lún.	1	1	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
Iomláin	3382	8217	11846	31899	513	1249	16991	38465	32732	79830

Tábla 4B

Seachtain

19-Meith 26-Meith

03-Iúil 10-Iúil

Eangacha Tarraingthe An Feabhal agus An Ró Baisceanna Seachtainiúla Bradán agus Bláthán Cheantar an Fheabhail An Chúil Mhór go Carraig an Uidhilín Srutheangacha ag Innill Tráchtála 2004 Carraig an Uidhilín Srutheangacha go Farraige Srutheangacha An Fharraig Amháin Shuite Innill dar Deireadh

 Iomláin

07-Lún

24-Iúil 31-Iúil

17-Iúil

14-Lún 21-Lún 28-Lún Iomláin

Tábla 5

Baisceanna Bliantiúla Bradán agus Bláthán Cheantar an Fheabhail Ag Aicmí Éagsúla Innill Iascaigh Thráchtála 1994 – 2004

Aicm	Aicme Innill Iascaigh	caigh			Saisc Bliantúi	Baisc Bliantúil (Líonta) Bradán agus Bláthán	ıdán agus Blái	thán					
		1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Sruthean An Fhar Amháin	Srutheangacha: An Fharraige Amháin	4427	8413	2932	5509	7539	2792	3628	2169	5262	3382	2246	
Srutheang Loch agus Fharraige	Srutheangacha: Loch agus an Fharraige	16791	10656	10879	18840	22717	12097	17339	10739	22556	11846	10143	
Sruthe Loch	Srutheangacha: Loch Amháin	7590	6083	6147	7058	1040	208	1366	592	1033	513	411	
Eangacha Tarraingth An Feabha agus an R	Eangacha Tarraingthe: An Feabhal agus an Ró	10046	10760	10586	12556	11141	7893	10339	9476	11917	16991	9490	
Innill	Innill Shuite:	1	1	1		1	1	1				5	
IOMI	IOMLÁIN	38854	35912	30544	43964	42437	23290	32672	22976	40768	32732	22295	

Tábla 6

Meánbhaisceanna Bliantúla Bradán agus Bláthan Cheantar an Fheabhail do gach Aicme Innill Iascaigh Thráchtála 1994 – 2004

Aicme Innill Iascaireachta	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Srutheangacha: An Fharraige Amháin	221	421	154	290	377	147	202	121	310	188	173
Srutheangacha: Loch agus an Fharraige	207	133	136	248	288	153	228	141	289	154	147
Srutheangacha: Loch Amháin	069	507	683	642	92	56	171	74	129	73	59
Eangacha Tarraingthe: An Feabhal agus an Ró	165	192	196	246	227	184	220	220	277	347	421
Innill Shuite:	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	τ c

Tábla 7

Líon na gCeadúnas Tráchtála a Eisíodh 1994 – 2004

 ∞ 9/ ∞ 9/ ∞ 9/ Cineál Ceadúnais 1994 Srutheangacha: Loch agus an Fharraige Srutheangacha: An Fharraige Amháin Srutheangacha: Loch Amháin **Innill Shuite:** Eangacha Tarraingthe: An Feabhal An Ró

Tábla 8

Cionmhaireacht Ghlanbhaisce a Fuair Aicmí Éagsúla

Innill Iascaigh i gCeantar an Fheabhail 1994 - 2004

Aicme Innill				Cionmhaireac.	Cionmhaireacht Ghlanbhaisce Cheantar an Fheabhail	sce Cheantar	an Fheabhail				
Iascaireachta	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Srutheangacha: An Fharraige Amháin	11.4	23.4	9.6	12.5	17.8	12.8	11.1	9.4	12.9	10.3	10.1
Srutheangacha: Loch agus an Fharraige	43.2	29.7	35.6	42.9	53.4	55.4	53.1	46.7	55.4	36.2	45.5
Srutheangacha: Loch Amháin	19.5	16.9	20.1	16.0	2.5	2.3	4.2	2.6	2.5	1.6	1.8
Eangacha Tarraingthe:	25.9	30.0	34.7	28.6	26.3	29.5	31.6	41.3	29.2	51.9	42.58
An Feabhal agus an Ró	25.9	30.0	34.7	28.6	26.3	29.5	31.6	41.3	29.2	51.9	42.58
Innill Shuite:	1	I	1	1	I	I	I	1	I	I	0.02

Tábla 9

Ceannacháin Bradán a Maraíodh le Slat Márta – Aibreán 30ú 1991 – 2004

Bliain	Líon na mBradá a Ceannaíodh
1991	149
1992	172
1993	73
1994	483
1995	167
1996	129
1997	195
1998	186
1999	124
2000	170
2001	39
2002	118
2003	85
2004	151

Tábla 10A

TUAIRISCEÁIN BHAISCE SLAITE (BRADÁIN AGUS BLÁTHÁIN) 2003

2003	Márta	គ្ន	Aib	Aibrean	Bealt	bealtaine	Meit	Mermeamn	-				Fór	Fómhair	Fómhair	Derreadn Fómhair	Laiteadta	<u>E</u>	Iomiain	
T	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg
CAMOWEN									4	7	2	7	5	15	5	11			16	41
AN CAMABHAINN	-								4	7	2	7	5	15	5	11			16	41
CLANRYE																			0	0
CÚIL DAMHCHA																			0	0
DENNETT													2	9					2	9
DERG			2	5	14	63	22	62	45	91	13	27	25	20	35	69			156	367
DROIM RATHA									П	2			2	3	9	10			6	15
AN FHOCHAINE			2	2	∞	20	62	121	94	176	30	62	80	208	29	142			335	732
AN FHINN	13	38	7	21	183	547	160	323	145	290	18	34	34	26	∞	16	2	3	570	1328
AN FEABHAL			1	4			3	9	2	3									9	13
GLEANN AICHLE								2			3	10		2	16	43			21	57
AN MHORN			\vdash	3	6	33	89	144	107	222	71	153	104	292	28	182			418	1030
ABHAINN COILLEADH			2	7					5	11		4	12	38	∞	25			28	85
AN RAOILLEANN					2	∞		5	7	14	7	14	3						20	42
AN RÓ					2	9	5	6	40	82	16	53	36	103	29	178			158	431
AN tSRUTHAIL					5	19	13	35	36	75	111	18	21	20	14	35			100	232
WHITEWATER																			0	0
Abhainn neamh- thaifeadta									—	—	2	9			2	9			5	13
Iomláin	2	8	7	61	999	202	200	200	407	740	144	000	700	000	040	74.7	c	c	1011	1901

Tábla 10B

TUAIRISCEÁIN BHAISCE SLAITE (BRADÁIN AGUS BLÁTHÁIN) 2004

£007	Márta	E	Aib	Aibrean	beantaine	allie allie	Medical				1	Lullasa	Fói	Fómhair	Fóm	Fómhair	Laireadta	E E		=
Γ	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg
AN CHAMABHAINN	Z								3	∞	3	9	6	19	<u> </u>	2			16	35
CLANRYE																			0	0
CÚIL DAMHCHA																			0	0
DENNETT							2	10		2					3	11			9	23
DERG							16	31	44	96	2	4	12	28	6	25		2	84	186
DROIM RATHA											2	9		2					3	∞
AN FHOCHAINE					19	47	49	103	89	192	110	291	135	380	62	184			464	1197
AN FHINN	18	29	33	129	31	94	259	527	183	383	41	96	42	97				3	809	1397
AN FEABHAL	2	9		4			6	16		3		4		9					15	39
GLEANN AICHLE				4									12	39	17	52			31	95
AN MHORN			5	20	9	22	64	148	164	360	88	224	96	300	92	255	13	36	512	1366
ABHAINN COILLEADH				က					4	∞	12	33	22	71	23	78	2	5	64	199
AN RAOILLEANN							2	10	10	18			9	6				2	19	39
AN RÓ			2	∞			3	11	27	62	46	129	138	421	141	451			357	1082
AN tSRUTHAIL							4	6	24	52	18	43	10	30	10	33			99	167
WHITEWATER												—	5	10	11	23			17	35
Abhainn neamh- thaifeadta					2	7	5	6	4	9	7	15	2	9	3	7			23	50
Iomláin	20	73	43	160	9	170	410	2 2 0	1	4400	900	2	101	777	7	1404	•	•	1	7017

Tábla 11a

TUAIRISCEÁIN BHAISCE SLAITE (BRIC) 2003

2003	W	Márta	Ail	Aibreán	Bealtaine	aine	Meitl	Meitheamh	I	Iúil	Lún	Lúnasa	Mo	Meán Fómhair	Deireadh Fómhair	adh tair	Taifeadta	ta	Iomláin	. .
	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg
AN CHAMABHAINN	HAINN																		0	0
CLANRYE																			0	0
CUIL DAMHCHA	CHA																		0	0
DENNETT					1				10	2	7	3							18	10
DERG							1	1							2	1			3	2
DROIM RATHA	HA																		0	0
AN FHOCHAINE	INE				4	2	36	33	66	64	39	27	2	4	4	2			187	132
AN FHINN	3	2					∞	7	25	14	4	2	3	2					43	27
AN FEABHAL																			0	0
GLEANN AICHLE	HLE								2										2	1
AN MHORN							3	4	1	1	4	9	2	4					10	16
ABHAINN COILLEADH									∞	5									∞	5
AN RAOILLEANN	ANN						3	3	3	2	1								7	5
AN RÓ							7	4	26	27	15	11							78	42
AN tSRUTHAIL	II						3	1											3	1
WHITEWATER	iR																		0	0
Abhainn neamh- thaifeadta	h-												2	2					2	2
Iomláin	က	8			5	က	61	54	204	119	20	20	12	13	9	က	0	0	361	243

Tábla 11b

TUAIRISCEÁIN BHAISCE SLAITE (BRIC) 2004

2004	W	Márta	Ai	Aibreán	Bea	Bealtaine	Meitl	Meitheamh	Ii	Iúil	Lúr	Lúnasa	Mc	Meán Fómhair	Deireadh Fómhair	adh Iair	Taifeadta	e e	Iomláin	. s
	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Cg	Líon	Ç
AN CHAMABHAINN	HAINN																		0	0
CLANRYE																			0	0
CUIL DAMHCHA	CHA																		0	0
DENNETT							3	12	5	3	2	2							10	17
DERG																			0	0
DROIM RATHA	IA																		0	0
AN FHOCHAINE	INE					1	7	5	4	3			2						14	11
AN FHINN	1	1					2	2	2	3									5	9
AN FEABHAL																			0	0
GLEANN AICHLE	HLE																		0	0
AN MHORN									4	2	4	∞					1	2	10	13
ABHAINN COILLEADH									9	4			လ						10	9
AN RAOILLEANN	NNV																		0	0
AN RÓ			2						5	3				2	2	3			11	6
AN tSRUTHAIL																			0	0
WHITEWATER	R												3	9					3	9
Abhainn neamh- thaifeadta	-1	1	2	1	4	2	3	2	1		1	—							12	∞
Iomláin	8	83	4	1	73	က	17	23	27	20	∞	12	6	10	83	က	1	8	75	92

Táblá 12

Tuairisceáin Iascaireachta Slaite 2003 – 2004

	2003	2004
Líon na gCeadúnas a Eisíodh	8,399	9,629
Líon Iomlán na dTuairisceán a Fuarthas	1,303	1,348
Tuairisceáin mar Cheatadán d'Iomlán na gCeadúnas a Eisíodh	15.5	13.99
Líon na dTuairisceán "Náid"	293	264
Tuairisceáin "Náid" mar Cheatadán d'Iomlán na dTuairisceán	3.48	2.74
Líon na mBradán agus na mBláthán a Tuairiscíodh gur Maraíodh	1,844	2,285
Meánlíon na mBradán agus na mBláthán a Maraíodh an Tuairisceán	1.14	1.69
Líon na mBreac Geal a Maraíodh	361	75
Meánlíon na mBreac Geal a Maraíodh an Tuairisceán	0.03	0.06

TÁBLA 13A: Dáileadh Cheadúnais Slaite 2003

Áit Chónaithe	Daoiné Fásta agus Aosánaigh Séasúr	Ceadú	14 Lá	3 Lá	Daoiné Fásta agus Aosánaigh Garbhiascaireacht
Ceantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne	3417	858	21	165	4
An Chuid Eile de Thuaisceart Éireann	380	2619	4	529	114
An Chuid Eile de Phoblacht na hÉireann	380	2619	4	529	114
IOMLÁN	3836	3572	26	735	118
Sasain	24	12	48	47	1
Alba	1	4	9	18	_
An Bhreatain Bho	eag 1	2	1	3	_
Oileán Mhanann	_	1	4	1	_
IOMLÁN	26	19	62	69	1
An Spáinn	_	_	4	_	_
An Ostair	1	_		_	_
An Bheilg	_	1	1		_
An Danmhairg	1	_	_	3	_
An Fhrainc	4	1	2	14	_
An Ghearmáin	_	_	1	3	_
An Iodáil	_	_	_	_	_
An Ísiltír	_	1	_	1	_
An Pholainn	_	_	_	_	_
An Eilvéis	_	_	_	11	_
An tSualainn	_	_	_	_	_
IOMLÁN	6	3	8	32	_
An Astráil	1	_	_	_	
Ceanada	_		1	_	_
An tSeapáin	_	_	_	_	_
An Afraic	_	_	_	_	_
Meieiceá	_	_	_	1	_
An Nua-Shéalain	n —	1	_	1	_
IOMLÁN	1	1	1	2	_
FORIOMLÁN	3869	3595	97	838	119

TÁBLA 13B: Dáileadh Cheadúnais Slaite 2004

Áit Chónaithe	Daoiné Fásta agus Aosánaigh Séasúr	Ceadú	14 Lá	3 Lá	Daoiné Fásta agus Aosánaigh Garbhiascaireacht
Ceantair an Fheabhail agus Chairlinne	3627	1361	18	288	94
An Chuid Eile de Thuaisceart Éireann	593	2605	14	440	3
An Chuid Eile de Phoblacht na hÉireann	54	168	19	155	1
IOMLÁN	647	2773	33	595	4
Sasain	35	19	22	77	_
Alba	7	4	3	18	_
An Bhreatain Bhe	eag 2	_	_	_	_
Oileán Mhanann	1	_	3	1	_
IOMLÁN	45	23	28	96	0
An Spáinn			1	1	_
An Ostair	1	_	_	_	_
An Bheilg	_	_	3		_
An Danmhairg	2	1	_	_	_
An Fhrainc	5	6	3	27	_
An Ghearmáin	_	1	1	13	_
An Iodáil	1	_	_	_	_
An Ísiltír	2	_	4	5	_
An Pholainn	_	_	_	1	_
An Eilvéis	_	_	_	4	_
An tSualainn	_	_	_	_	_
IOMLÁN	11	8	12	51	0
An Astráil	_	_	_	_	_
Ceanada		1	_	1	_
An tSeapáin	_	_	_	_	_
An Afraic	_	_	_	1	_
Meieiceá	_	1	4	3	_
An Nua-Shéalaini	n —	2	_		_
IOMLÁN	0	4	4	5	0
FORIOMLÁN	4430	4169	95	1035	98

Tábla 14

Líon na nDréachtcheadanna Doirte a Breithníodh

2002 - 2004

Cineál Eisiltigh	2002	2003	2004
Cóireáil Séarachais	38	27	50
Greanroiseadh/Cairéal	5	4	2
Líonadh Talaimh	0	1	3
Tionsclaíoch	3	1	1
Feirm Éisc	0	0	1
Uisce Stoirme	11	11	13
Tógáil Mhóna	0	0	0
Dumpáil san Fharraige	0	1	0
Níochán Feithiclí	2	1	2
Stáisiún Líonta/Dáileadh Ola	3	0	1
Próiseáil Bia	0	0	0
IOMLÁIN	62	46	73

Tábla 15

Líon na gCeadanna a Eisíodh le hEisilteach a Dhoirteadh

Cineál Gnó	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Cóireáil Séarachais	15	19	35	24	60
Greanroiseadh/Cairéal	10	4	4	2	2
Líonadh Talaimh	3	0	0	4	4
Tionsclaíoch	3	1	3	4	3
Feirm Éisc	0	0	0	0	1
Uisce Stoirme	14	10	10	12	11
Níochán Feithiclí	2	2	2	1	2
Stáisiún Líonta/Dáileadh	Ola 3	1	2	1	2
Próiseáil Bia	2	1	0	0	0
IOMLÁIN	52	38	56	48	85

2000 - 2004

Tábla 16

Mionsonraí Shampláil Eisilteach Ceantair Dhoire agus Chairlinne 2002, 2003 agus 2004

Cineál Eisiltigh	Lío	on na Samp a Glacadh			n na Samp Iarthas Sás			on na Samp bhfuarthas	
	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004
Dramhaíl Feirme	19	20	14	0	0	0	19	20	14
Séarachas	4	4	3	0	0	0	4	4	3
Dramhaíl Trádála	a 2	2	3	0	0	0	2	2	3
Nithe eile	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Iomláin	26	26	20	0	0	0	26	26	20

Tábla 17

Mionsonraí Shampláil Eisilteach Ceantair Bhun an Phobail 2002 – 2004

Cineál Eisiltigh		on na Samp a Glacadh			on na Samp uarthas Sás			on na Samp bhfuarthas	
2	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004
Dramhaíl Feirme	2	3	4	0	0	0	2	3	4
Séarachas	2	2	3	0	0	0	2	2	3
Dramhaíl Trádála	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	1
Iomláin	6	5	8	0	0	0	6	5	8

Tábla 18

Scrúduithe ar Chosc Thruailliú Uisce agus Teagmhais Thruaillithe Doire

2002 - 2004

Cineál Eisiltigh	a Rin	na Scrúdu meadh ach acthas Trua	nach		na dTeagr Truaillithe		Lío	n na Rabh a tugadh	adh
	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004
Dramhaíl Talmhaíochta	1505	1107	1309	81	73	56	70	59	42
Séarachas	182	194	274	18	27	14	5	9	5
Dramhaíl Tionsclaíoch Trádála	61	79	39	39	16	37	17	12	23
Doirteadh Ola	15	42	27	6	2	4	4	2	4
Nithe eile	9	27	21	2	4	3	2	4	3
Iomláin	1772	1449	1670	146	122	114	98	86	77

Tábla 19

Scrúduithe ar Chosc Thruailliú Uisce Ceantar Bhun an Phobail 2002 – 2004

Cineál Eisiltigh	a Rin	na Scrúdu neadh ach acthas Trua	nach		na dTeagr Truaillithe		Lío	n na Rabh a tugadh	adh
	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004	2002	2003	2004
Dramhaíl Talmhaíochta	394	341	407	14	12	14	14	11	10
Dramhaíl Séarachais	30	36	37	18	21	16	9	2	3
Doirteadh Dramhaíola Tionsclaíche agus Trádála	41	32	29	4	2	3	4	0	3
Iomláin	465	409	473	36	35	33	27	13	16

TÁBLA 20A MIONSONRAÍ IONCHÚISEAMH 2003

		Cú	iseanna Cur	tha i Leith ag	:		
	An Cineál Coire		ann na naireachta	Constablach	nt Ríoga Uladh	An Garda	Síochána
]	Rathúil	Mírathúil	Rathúil	Mírathúil	Rathúil	Mírathúil
1.	Iascaireacht slaite gan ceadúnas	7	1	_	_	_	_
2.	Iascaireacht slaite taobh amuigh den tséasúr	2	_	_	_	_	_
3.	Iascaireacht slaite in achar coiscthe	1	3	_	_	_	_
4.	Iascaireacht slaite mhídhleathach	5	3	_	_	_	_
5.	Seilbh gheafa nó ghléis mhídhleathaigh	_	_	_	_	_	_
6.	Coireanna sciobtha	_	_	_	_	_	_
7.	Treaspás ar Iascach Measctha	_	_	_	_	_	_
8.	Úsáid eangaí in achar coiscthe	_	_	_	_	_	_
9.	Seilbh/úsáid eangaí mídhleathaí	4	11	_	_	_	_
10.	Iascaireacht le heangach i dtréimhse druidte nó fionraí	_	1	_	_	_	_
11.	Pearsa údaraithe a ionsaí/a chosc	9	5	_	_	_	_
12.	Seilbh mhídhleathach éisc	11	4	_	_	_	_
13.	Bád/feithicil a úsáid le cuidiú le coir	3	_	_	_	_	_
14.	Strus briste a shárú	_	_	_	_	_	_
15.	Ligean d'ábhar díobhálach dul isteach in abhainn		1	_	_	_	_
16.	A bheith i do chúis le hábhar díobhálach dul isteach i abhainn	5	_	_	_	_	_
17.	Coireanna a bhaineann le déileáil brac	dán —	_	_	_	_	_
18.	Inneall suite a chur suas/a úsáid	13	1	_	_	_	_
ION	MLÁN NA GCÚISEANNA	60	30	_	_	_	_

TÁBLA 20B: MIONSONRAÍ IONCHÚISEAMH 2004

		Cú	iseanna Curth	a i Leith ag	:		
	An Cineál Coire		ann na naireachta	SI	РТЕ	An Garda	Síochána
		Rathúil	Mírathúil	Rathúil	Mírathúil	Rathúil	Mírathúil
1.	Iascaireacht slaite gan ceadúnas	_	2	_		_	
2.	Iascaireacht slaite taobh amuigh den tséasúr	2	2	_	_	_	_
3.	Iascaireacht slaite in achar coiscthe	3	_	_	_	_	_
4.	Iascaireacht slaite mhídhleathach	3	2	_	_	_	_
5.	Seilbh gheafa nó ghléis mhídhleathaigh	_	_	_	_	_	_
6.	Coireanna sciobtha	_	_	_	_	_	_
7.	Treaspás ar Iascach Measctha	_	_	_	_	_	_
8.	Úsáid eangaí in achar coiscthe	1	3	_	_	_	_
9.	Seilbh/úsáid eangaí mídhleathaí	1	13	_	_	_	_
10.	Iascaireacht le heangach i dtréimhse druidte nó fionraí	2	2	_	_	_	_
11.	Pearsa údaraithe a ionsaí/a chosc	5	2	_	_	_	_
12.	Seilbh mhídhleathach éisc	8	2	_	_	_	_
13.	Bád/feithicil a úsáid le cuidiú le coir	5	_	_	_	_	_
14.	Strus briste a shárú	_	_	_	_	_	_
15.	Ligean d'ábhar díobhálach dul isteach in abhainn		3	_	_	_	_
16.	A bheith i do chúis le hábhar díobhálach dul isteach in abhainn	3	_	_	_	_	_
17.	Coireanna a bhaineann le déileáil bradán	_	_	_	_	_	_
18.	Inneall suite a chur suas/a úsáid	4	_	_	_	_	_
19.	Gan ainm a thabhairt/ mionsonraí bréagacha	1	_	_	_	_	_
ION	MLÁN NA GCÚISEANNA	38	29	_	_	_	_

TÁBLA 21A

Gabhálacha 2003

Innill	Eangacha	Slata agus Roithleáin	Báid	Báidíní	Geafanna	Éisc	Eile
CFCSE	165	10	22	0	0	152	6
SPTE	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Garda	0	0	0	0	0	8	0
Cumainn Iascaireachta Slaite	e 52	0	2	2	0	0	0
IOMLÁIN	219	10	24	2	0	160	6

TÁBLA 21B

Gabhálacha 2004

Innill	Eangacha	Bradóga Sla Roi	ta agus thleáin	Báid	Báidíní Gea	afanna	Éisc	Eile	Baoite
CFCSE	145	2	12	14	0	0	129	6	4
SPTE	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0
Garda	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cumainn Iascaireacht	44 a Slaite	0	4	2	1	0	0	1	0
IOMLÁIN	189	2	16	16	1	0	137	7	4

Tábla 22A

Ceadúnais Slaite 2003 - 2004

Cur Síos	2003 Líon na gCeadúnas	2003 Dleacht Cheadúnais	2004 Líon na gCeadúnas	2004 Dleacht Cheadúnais
	2,529	£54,373.50	2,781	£41,715
Garbhiascaireacht	109	£872	85	£1,275
– Daoine Fásta	1,340	£2,680	1,549	£3,098
Aosánaigh				
Garbhiascaireacht – Aosánaigh	10	£20	13	£26
Ceadú	3,595	£3,595	4,169	£4,169
Ceithre Lá Déag	97	£1,018.50	95	£712.50
3 Lá	838	£4,190	1,035	£3,622.50
IOMLÁIN	8,518	£66,749	9,727	£54,618

Tábla 23 Ceadanna Iascaireachta Slaite 2003 – 2004

	2003	2003	2004	2004	
Cineál Ceada	Líon	£	Líon	£	
An Feabhal	14	£280	12	£240	
An Feabhal – Aosánaigh	11	£110	4	£40	
River Finn	129	£2,580	102	£2,040	

Tábla 24

Ceadúnais Eangaí 2003 – 2004

	2003	2003	2003	2004	2004	2004	
Cur Síos ar an Cheadúnas	Líon na gCeadúnas a Díoladh	£ Táille Cheadúnais	£ Dleacht Cheadúnais a Íocadh	Líon na gCeadúnas a Díoladh	£ Táille Cheadúnais	£ Dleacht Cheadúnais	
Mála	_	_	_	_	_		
Eangach Tarraingthe (An Feabhal)	50	163	8,150	51	168	8,568	
Eangach Tarraingthe (Suite)	_	_	_	1	342	342	
EangachTarraingthe (An Ró)	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Eangach Tarraingthe (Inbhear Chúil Damhch	a) —	_	_	_	_	_	
Eangach Srutha (Loch Feabhail)	6	230	1,380	7	237	1,659	
Eangach Srutha (Loch agus Farraige)	77	251	19,327	69	259	17,871	
Eangach Srutha (farraige	18	230	4,140	13	237	3,081	
IOMLÁIN	151		32,997	140		31,521	

Tábla 25 Ceadúnais Déileálaithe Bradán 2003 – 2004

Áit Chónaithe an Déileálaí	Líon na gCeadúnas a Eisíodh 2003	Líon na gCeadúnas 2004	
Poblacht na hÉireann	8	8	
Tuaisceart Éireann	20	17	
IOMLÁIN	28	25	

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

Foreword

The Board presents the financial accounts for the year ended 31 December 2003.

Brief History

The Foyle Fisheries Commission was established in 1952 under legislation enacted in both jurisdictions with the primary objective of the conservation of the Foyle waterway system. Following the Good Friday Agreement, the Foyle, Carlingford and Irish Lights Commission (FCILC) was created to continue the work done by the Foyle Fisheries Commission and to achieve similar objectives in Carlingford Lough and its waterways.

The FCILC became operational on 2 December 1999 at which time the assets and liabilities of the Foyle Fisheries Commission were transferred to the Loughs Agency.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with:

- A form directed by and approved by the Department of Finance and Personnel and the Department of Finance as provided for in the Body's Financial Memorandum.
- The annual reports and accounts guidance provided by the Department of Finance and Personnel, and the Department of Finance.

Statutory Background

The British/Irish Agreement Act 1999 and the North/South (Implementation Bodies) (N.I.) Order 1999 provided for the transfer of the powers of the Foyle Fisheries Commission to a new body, The Foyle, Carlingford and Irish Lights Commission (FCILC). The FCILC is composed of two agencies, the Loughs Agency and the Irish Lights Commission. The functions of the Irish Lights Commission have not yet transferred to the FCILC, as this requires amendment to the current United Kingdom legislation.

These accounts deal with the Loughs Agency of the FCILC. The Lights Agency is not in operational existence.

Result for the Year

The Loughs Agency is jointly funded by the Department of Communications, Marine and Natural Resources, and the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development (the Departments). The Loughs Agency incurred a deficit of £202,865 Stg/€293,373 for the year ended 31 December 2003 (2002: surplus of £116,867 Stg/€186,011)

Performance Targets

The Draft Annual Reports and Accounts guidance for North/South Implementation Bodies (published February 2001) requires the reporting of financial performance against key targets. During the previous year (2001), the Agency prepared and obtained the approval from the North/South Ministerial Council, of a corporate plan for 2002-2004 and a business plan for 2002. As the activities of the Loughs Agency do not correlate with measuring its performance against financial targets, the Agency has not reported performance targets in these accounts.

Principal Activities

The strategic priorities of the Loughs Agency can be grouped into 4 major areas:

- 1) Fisheries management and development
- 2) Conservation and protection of fisheries
- 3) Shellfish and aquaculture
- 4) Marine tourism

The Annual Report provides further detail of the Loughs Agency's work on these areas during the year.

Changes in Fixed Assets

Details of the movement in fixed assets are set out in note 7 to the accounts.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003 (contd)

Research and Development

The North/South Ministerial Council, during 2001, approved expenditure by the Agency on a programme of research to investigate the genetic profiling of the salmon in the Foyle catchment. This is to be undertaken by the Department of Agriculture for Northern Ireland, the Marine Institute and Queen's University, Belfast. This work will be carried out from 2002 to 2004. It is intended that the results will be incorporated into the Agency's management strategy for salmon. Total expenditure on this programme in 2003 was £1,429/ \in 2,067 (2002: £43,352/ \in 69,001).

Post Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events since the year end that would affect these accounts.

Charitable Donations

The Loughs Agency made no charitable donations during the year.

Board Members

Mr Peter Savage

Chairperson

Lord Cooke of Islandreagh

Vice Chairperson

Mr Jack Allen

Ms Siobhan Logue

Mr Keith Anderson

Mr Joseph Martin

Mr Dick Blakiston-Houston

Mr Francis Feely

Dr Patrick Griffin

Mr Andrew Ward

Mr Tarlach O'Crossain

Ms Jacqui McConville

The present board members were appointed with effect from 12 December 2002. The North/South Ministerial Council's plenary meeting in Armagh on 13 December 1999 confirmed the creation of the original board of the Foyle, Carlingford and Irish Lights Commission. The positions of the Chairperson and Vice Chairperson were confirmed at the North/South Ministerial Council's sectoral meeting for the Trade and Business Development Body on 21 January 2000.

Board Members' Responsibilities

The board monitors and directs the work of the Loughs Agency towards the achievement of the objectives approved by the North/South Ministerial Council. These objectives are fully detailed in the Agency's corporate and business plans. They require the Agency to provide sustainable benefits to the economy, the environment and to society in the Foyle and Carlingford areas through the conservation, protection, development, and management of water based resources. They also require the Agency to raise public awareness of the resources of the waterways of the area and deliver these improvements through the development of partnerships with the users of the catchments.

Employment Objectives

The Loughs Agency is committed to providing information to employees and to consulting them on appropriate matters. The Loughs Agency follows the Northern Ireland Civil Service Code of Practice on Employment of Disabled People and aims to ensure that disablement is not a bar to recruitment or advancement.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003 (contd)

Payment to Suppliers

The Loughs Agency is committed to the prompt payment of bills for goods and services received within 30 days, in accordance with the Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998. During the year 97% (2002: 98%) of bills were paid within this standard.

Health and Safety

The Loughs Agency is committed to adhering to all existing legislation on health and safety at work to ensure that staff and customers enjoy the benefits of a safe environment.

Future Developments

The future developments in the Loughs Agency's activities are more fully detailed in the Annual report that accompanies these financial statements. The most significant development that will impact on the work of the Loughs Agency will be following the implementation of the amended Foyle Fisheries Acts, which will fully roll out the responsibilities of the Agency in the areas of Aquaculture, Shellfisheries and Marine Tourism.

Accountable Person

Mr Derick Anderson, Chief Executive, is the accountable person of the Loughs Agency.

D ANDERSON

Chief Executive

Date 20th October 2004

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

Statement of Accountable Person's Responsibilities

The Department of Finance and Personnel and the Department of Finance have directed the Loughs Agency to prepare a statement of accounts for each financial year in the form and on the basis set out in the accounts direction on page 132. The accounts are prepared on an accruals basis and must give a true and fair view of the Agency's state of affairs at the year end and of its income and expenditure, recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the financial year.

In preparing the accounts, the Loughs Agency is required to:

- Observe the accounts direction issued by the sponsor departments, including the relevant accounting disclosure requirements, and apply accounting policies on a consistent basis;
- Make judgements and estimates on a reasonable basis;
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed and disclose and explain any material departures in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Agency will continue in operation.

The Chief Executive's responsibilities as the accountable person for the Loughs Agency, including responsibility for the propriety and regularity of the public finances and for the keeping of proper records, are set out in the Agency's Financial Memorandum.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

Statement on the System of Internal Control

As accountable person, I have responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal control, which supports the achievement of departmental policies, aims and objectives, as set out by the departments' Ministers whilst safeguarding the public funds and departmental assets for which I am personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to me in Government Accounting.

The system of internal control is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives. It can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness.

Internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify the principal risks to the achievement of departmental policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the nature and extent of those risks and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. This process has been in place for the year ended 31 December 2003 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts, and it accords with Treasury guidance.

As accountable person, I also have responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of internal control. The Loughs Agency has established the following processes:

- Comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget that is reviewed and agreed by the senior management and audit committee;
- Regular reviews by management of financial reports including bank reconciliations, payment schedules, grant in aid and other income;
- Clearly defined capital investment control guidelines;
- Appropriate formal project management disciplines.
- In December 2003 a meeting was held to update the risks previously identified and update the Draft Risk Register. In addition actions were identified and allocated to relevant Loughs Agency officers/staff.
- The Board approved the Draft Risk Register on 24th March 2004.
- Three meetings of the Audit and Finance and Personnel Committee took place in 2003 at which the progress of the risk management process was reviewed, and all Internal Audit reports were addressed.

The Loughs Agency has an agreement with the Internal Audit Units of the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and the Department of Communications, Marine and Natural resources to carry out the internal audit testing of the Agency. The work of the internal audit units is informed by analysis of the risk to which the Loughs Agency is exposed and annual internal audit plans are based on this analysis. The internal audit units provide a report on the internal audit activity in the Loughs Agency. The report includes an independent opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Loughs Agency's system of internal control. In their 2002/03 Annual Assurance Statement, Internal Audit identified a number of areas of concern. Management has dealt with the majority of these. Those that remain outstanding fall into two categories, those which management has plans in place to address, and those, which are dependent upon the completion of the staffing review.

My review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by the work of the internal audit units of the departments, and the executive managers within the Loughs Agency who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework, and comments made by the external auditors in their management letter and other reports.

D ANDERSON Chief Executive

Date 20th October 2004

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

Foyle Carlingford and Irish Lights Commission

The Certificate of the Comptrollers and Auditors General to the House of Commons and the Houses of the Oireachtas

We have audited the financial statements on pages 118 to 132. Our audit has been carried out pursuant to the provisions of the North/South Co-operation (Implementation Bodies) (Northern Ireland) Order 1999 and the British-Irish Agreement Act 1999 which require us to audit and certify, in co-operation, the financial statements presented to us by the Body.

Respective responsibilities of the Board, the Chief Executive and the Auditors

The responsibilities of the Board and the Chief Executive, including those pertaining to the preparation of the accounts and the regularity of the financial transactions are set out in the Foreword to the Accounts on pages 111 to 113 and the Statement of the Agency's and Chief Executive's responsibilities on page 4. It is our responsibility to audit the accounts. As a result of our audit we express an opinion on the accounts.

We review whether the statement on page 115 reflects the Agency's compliance with applicable guidance on corporate governance and report any material instance where it does not do so, or if the statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information we are aware of from our audit of the accounts. We also report, if, in our opinion, the Foreword or other information in the Annual Report is not consistent with the accounts.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board.

An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the Board and Chief Executive in the preparation of the account, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Agency's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by error, or by fraud or other irregularity and that, in all material respects, the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by the Northern Ireland Assembly, Parliament and Dáil Éireann and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. However, the evidence available to us was limited because, as explained in Note 2 to the accounts, no actuarial review has been commissioned since 1993 at which time the accrued pension liability was STG£1,308,900 (€1,854,319). Therefore, we were unable to assess whether the current provision of STG£459,071 (€650,366) is sufficient. There were no other satisfactory audit procedures that we could adopt to confirm that the Superannuation Scheme Provision is properly stated.

In forming our opinion we have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Qualified opinion arising from limitation in audit scope

In our opinion:

- except for any adjustments that might have been found necessary had we been able to obtain sufficient evidence concerning the Superannuation Scheme Provision proper accounting records have been kept by the Agency and the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the Agency at 31 December 2003 and of its transactions, total recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the accounts direction issued under the governing legislation.
- In all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purpose intended by the Northern Ireland Assembly, Parliament and Dáil Éireann and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

In respect alone of the limitation on our work relating to the Superannuation Scheme Provision:

 We have not obtained all the information and explanations that we considered necessary for the purposes of our audit;

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

• We were unable to determine whether proper accounting records had been maintained.

J M Dowdall Comptroller and Auditor General for Northern Ireland 106 University Street Belfast BT7 1EU 18th November 2004 John Purcell Irish Comptroller and Auditor General Dublin Castle Dublin 2

18th November 2004

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 December 2003

		2002-03	2001-02	2002-03	2001-02
	Note	£ Stg	£ Stg	€	€
Income					
Revenue grants from Departments	4	1,038,172	1,367,100	1,501,352	2,175,945
Ordinary income	5	124,484	164,027	180,023	261,074
EU and government grants released	10	297,430	162,493	430,128	258,632
EU and government grants on disposal of assets		(438)	(11,644)	(633)	(18,533)
Water pollution		235,092	225,300	339,978	358,599
Bailiffing		18,162	12,850	26,265	20,452
Interest received		5,036	3,362	7,283	5,351
		1,717,938	1,923,488	2,484,396	3,061,520
Expenditure					
Staff costs	3	1,027,217	897,422	1,485,510	1,428,382
Administration	6	616,321	651,844	891,292	1,037,508
Currency exchange		(1,164)	4,151	(1,683)	6,607
Depreciation	7	278,429	253,204	402,650	403,012
		1,920,803	1,806,621	2,777,769	2,875,509
Operating (Deficit)/Surplus					
Transferred to Reserves	12	(202,865)	116,867	(293,373)	186,011

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

The Loughs Agency has no recognised gains or losses other than those included in the results above, and therefore no separate statement of recognised gains and losses has been presented.

The notes on pages 121 to 132 form part of these accounts.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2003

		2003	2002	2003	2002
	Note	£ Stg	£ Stg	€	€
Fixed Assets					
Tangible fixed assets	7	3,711,649	3,737,193	5,258,293	5,721,344
		3,711,649	3,737,193	5,258,293	5,721,344
Current Assets					
Debtors and prepayments	8	216,577	346,519	306,825	530,492
Cash at bank and in hand		248,612	184,903	352,209	283,071
		465,189	531,422	659,034	813,564
Current Liabilities					
Creditors and accruals	9	(259,294)	(145,355)	(367,342)	(222,527)
Net Current Assets		205,895	386,067	291,692	591,037
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		3,917,544	4,123,260	5,549,985	6,312,381
Provisions					
Superannuation Scheme	11	(459,071)	(429,017)	(650, 366)	(656,791)
Net Assets		3,458,473	3,694,243	4,899,619	5,655,590
Represented By					
Capital grants	10	3,288,475	3,324,580	4,658,783	5,089,666
General reserve	12	169,998	369,663	240,836	565,924
		3,458,473	3,694,243	4,899,619	5,655,590

The notes on pages 121 to 132 form part of these accounts.

D ANDERSON

Chief Executive

Date: 20th October 2004

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

Cash Flow Statement For the year ended 31 December 2003

	Note	2002-03 £ Stg	2001-02 £ Stg	2002-03 €	2001-02 €
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from		25 206	01 004	90 170	100 011
Continuing Activities Servicing of finance — interest received		35,386 5,036	91,884 3,362	28,178 7,283	132,211 5,351
Capital expenditure and financial investment		(240,800)	(473,417)	,	
Capital experiencial and imancial investment		(240,000)	(473,417)	(340,456)	(722,973)
Net cash outflow before financing		(200,378)	(378,171)	(304,995)	(585,411)
Financing		264,087	502,890	374,132	769,884
Increase in Cash		63,709	124,719	69,137	184,473
Reconciliation of Operating Surplus/(Deficit) to Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from Continuing Activity					
Operating deficit before interest		(207,901)	113,505	(300,656)	180,660
(Profit)/Loss on disposal of fixed assets	6	(12,085)	(15,420)	(17,477)	(24,543)
Depreciation	7	278,429	253,204	402,650	403,012
Capital grant release	10	(297, 430)	(162,493)	(430, 128)	(258,632)
Profit on disposal of capital grant assets		438	11,644	633	18,533
Increase in debtors		129,942	(70,714)	223,667	(78,650)
(Increase)/decrease in creditors and provisions		143,993	(37,842)	138,390	(123,654)
Exchange difference			_	11,099	15,485
Net Cash Outflow from Continuing Activities		35,386	91,884	28,178	132,211
Capital Expenditure and Financial Investment					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	7	(264,087)	(502,890)	(374,132)	(769,884)
Proceeds from disposal of tangible fixed assets	•	23,287	29,473	33,676	46,911
Trocceds from disposar of tangible fixed assets					
Net Cash Outflow from Capital Expenditure and Financial Investment		(240,800)	(473,417)	(340,456)	(722,973)
Reconciliation of Financing					
Capital grants received	4	264,087	502,890	374,132	769,884
Net Cash Inflow from Financing		264,087	502,890	374,132	769,884
8					
Reconciliation of Net Cash Flow to Movement in Cash					
Increase/(Decrease) in cash in year		63,709	124,719	69,137	184,473
Explained as follows:					
At 1 January		184,903	60,184	283,072	98,598
At 31 December		248,612	184,903	352,209	283,071
Cash at bank and in hand		63,709	124,719	69,137	184,473

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

Notes to the Accounts

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Accounting

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The significant accounting policies adopted are set out below. The Board members consider that these accounting policies are suitable, have been consistently applied, and are supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

(b) Fixed Assets and Depreciation

From 1 January 2003 a policy has been put in place whereby only assets (or groups of assets where appropriate) with costs greater than £1,000/ \in 1,446 have been capitalised. Prior to this all items of a capital nature were capitalised regardless of cost.

Fixed assets are stated on the balance sheet at cost less depreciation at annual rates calculated to write off the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives. The Agency uses the straight line method of depreciation.

The rates in use are as follows

Land & buildings, Interpretive Centre4%Boats & boating equipment15%Slipway2%

Equipment & plant, office equipment, fixtures & fittings 2, 4, 10, 15, 20, 25% Computer equipment 10, 15, 20, 25%

Motor vehicles 25%

(c) Currency

The financial statements are stated denominated in £Stg as the Board members consider this to be the base currency. The figures contained in the Income and Expenditure Account were converted using the average Euro exchange rate for the year and the Balance Sheet using the rate at the year end. The gain/loss on exchange, which arises from transactions effected in Euro, is deducted from/added to that part of the Loughs Agency's deficit, which is funded by the Department of Communications, Marine and Natural resources in the Republic of Ireland and the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development in Northern Ireland.

(d) Pension Costs

The Loughs Agency, under the Foyle Area (Pension) (Amendment) Regulations 1979 made in exercise of its powers under paragraph 16 of the Third Schedule to that Act, provides retirement benefits to its employees. Where a provision exists for a beneficiary, any pension paid is charged firstly against this provision. Should the provision be exhausted, the cost of any pension paid is charged to the income and expenditure account. During the period, one member of staff was on secondment from the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development. Secondees from the Northern Ireland Civil Service continue to be members of the Principal Civil Service Pension Scheme (Northern Ireland).

(e) EU and Government Grants

Capital expenditure incurred to acquire fixed assets and investments is credited to the government grant reserve from grant in aid received. EU and Government grants are released to the Revenue Account at the same percentage rate as the assets to which they relate are depreciated. Any surplus arising on revaluation of tangible fixed assets is credited to the government grant reserve. On disposal of a tangible fixed asset or redemption of a fixed investment where applicable, the profit or loss arising is credited or charged to the Income and Expenditure account. A transfer from the grant reserve equal to the profit or loss arising is made to the Income and Expenditure account. The balance remaining on the grant reserve in relation to the asset disposed, which represents proceeds on disposal is then transferred to the general reserve account.

(f) Leases

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to administrative costs on a straight line basis over the terms of the lease.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

2 SUPERANNUATION SCHEME

The Loughs Agency came into existence on 2 December 1999. On that date the Loughs Agency assumed all the assets and liabilities of the Foyle Fisheries Commission. The Agency operated a defined benefit pension scheme for current and former employees, which provides for benefits based on final pensionable pay.

An actuarial review of the scheme has not been carried out since 1993, at which time the accrued liability was calculated at £1,308,900.

Whilst the Agency is obliged to meet all future pension commitments, no provision for any obligation in excess of £459,071/ \in 650,366 has been made in these accounts.

Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 17 covers retirement benefits and applies to all accounts with account year ends from June 2001. The objective of the FRS is to ensure that:

- (a) Financial statements reflect at fair value the assets and liabilities arising from an employer's retirement benefit obligation and any related funding;
- (b) The operating costs of providing retirement benefits to employees are recognised in the accounting period(s) in which the benefits are earned by the employees, and the related finance costs and any other changes in value of the assets and liabilities are recognised in the accounting period in which they arise; and
- (c) The financial statements contain adequate disclosure of the cost of providing retirement benefits and the related gains, losses, assets and liabilities.

2002

2002

The Department of Finance and Personnel, the Department of Finance and the Government Actuaries Department have been preparing a new pension scheme specifically for North/South Implementation Bodies. Although work on the new scheme is fairly advanced, it is unlikely to be available to permanent staff until the end of 2004. An actuarial valuation of the Agency's pension liability will be carried out prior to joining this scheme. This should then enable the Agency to comply with FRS 17.

3 STAFF COSTS AND BOARD REMUNERATION (in financial period 1 January 2003 to 31 December 2003)

		2003	2002
(a)	The average monthly number of employees (full time equivalent) was:		
	Administrative	8	9
	Field staff and inspectorate	35	31
		_	
	Total	43	40

It should be noted that the average monthly number of staff includes a secondee from a different department.

(b) The costs incurred in respect of these employees were:

	2003	2002	2003	2002
	£	£	€	€
Staff costs	777,700	686,130	1,124,671	1,092,079
Social security costs	53,785	43,971	77,781	69,986
Other pension costs	137,341	118,551	198,616	188,692
Total Staff Costs	968,826	848,652	1,401,068	1,350,757
Board remuneration	55,834	46,571	80,744	74,125
Social security costs	2,557	2,199	3,698	3,500
Total Board Costs	58,391	48,770	84,442	77,625

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

Total Board and Staff Costs	1,027,217	897,422	1,485,510	1,428,382

- (c) Excluding the Chief Executive, there were no employees whose remuneration exceeded £40,000/€57,846 per annum.
- (d) The Chief Executive's emoluments including pension scheme contributions were as follows:

2003	2002	2003	2002
£	£	€	€
65,829	60,309	95,469	95,991

The Chief Executive's total emoluments of £65,829/ \in 95,469comprise a salary of £57,309/ \in 82,877 and pension contributions of £3,202/ \in 4,631. The benefit in kind, which relates to the provision of a motor vehicle, attributed to the Chief Executive was £5,318/ \in 7,961. The Chief Executive is an ordinary member of the Agency's pension scheme.

(e) The total emoluments of the board members (including the chairperson) were as follows:

2002	2003	2002	2003
€	€	£	£
77,625	80,744	48,770	55,834

(e) Number of board members (excluding the chairperson) whose emoluments fell within the following bands:

	2003	2002
NIL — STG£5,000/€7,231	10	12
STG£5,001/€7,232 to STG£10,000/€14,462	2	2

⁽f) The chairperson's emoluments amounted to £8,000/€11,569. Board members' salaries are not pensionable.

4 REVENUE AND CAPITAL GRANTS

Revenue Grants Received in Year	2003	2002	2003	2002
	£	£	€	€
Department of Communications, Marine and				
Natural Resources	519,086	683,550	750,676	1,087,972
Department of Agriculture and Rural Developments	519,086	683,550	750,676	1,087,973
Total	1,038,172	1,367,100	1,501,352	2,175,945
Capital Grants Received in Year	2003	2002	2003	2002
	£	£	€	€
Department of Communications, Marine and				
Natural Resources	132,044	251,445	187,066	384,942
Department of Agriculture and Rural Developments	132,043	251,445	187,066	384,942
	264,087	502,890	374,132	769,884

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

5 ORDINARY INCOME

	2003	2002	2003	2002
	£	£	€	€
Normal Activities				
Licence Duties	107,593	149,076	155,596	237,277
Fishery rent and rates	2,926	2,468	4,231	3,928
	110,519	151,544	159,827	241,205
Other Activities				
Fines and costs recovered	11,772	10,974	17,024	17,467
Sundry receipts	2,193	1,509	3,171	2,402
	13,965	12,483	20,195	19,869
Total	124,484	164,027	180,022	261,074
6 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES				
	2003	2002	2003	2002
	£	£	€	€
Ex gratia payments	_	1,200	_	1,910
Staff training	10,555	8,346	15,264	13,284
Bank charges	3,132	3,191	4,529	5,079
Postage	6,094	5,750	8,813	9,152
Advertising	26,854	22,163	38,835	35,276
Light and heat	16,142	6,276	23,344	9,989
Telephone	43,696	35,741	63,191	56,887
Operating lease - rent	5,000	5,000	7,231	7,958
Insurance	70,650	69,003	102,170	109,829
Audit	17,000	15,000	24,585	23,875
Accountancy	17,908	60,539	25,898	96,357
Motor vehicle expenses	51,641	33,791	74,681	53,783
Boat stores	2,083	255	3,012	406
Boat maintenance	20,585	48,427	29,769	77,079
Printing and stationery	43,064	21,046	62,277	33,498
Licence dealers commission	12,577	10,816	18,188	17,215
Maintenance and repairs	16,501	23,776	23,863	37,843
Miscellaneous	2,495	4,409	3,608	7,018

	2003	2002	2003	2002
	${f t}$	£	€	€
Travelling and conference expenses	35,997	29,230	52,057	46,524
Hospitality	9,620	8,789	13,912	13,989
Health and safety	12,874	20,185	18,618	32,127
Cleaning	8,269	6,403	11,958	10,191
Computer consumables and maintenance	19,390	4,494	28,041	7,153
Other equipment costs	21,624	4,293	31,272	6,833
Subscriptions	10,791	10,480	15,605	16,680
Surveys	9,624	10,738	13,918	17,091
Legal and professional fees	59,658	92,737	86,274	147,605
(Profit)/Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(12,085)	(15,420)	(17,477)	(24,543)
Purchases ledger old balances written off	_	1,827	_	2,908
Research programme	20,839	43,352	30,136	69,001
Tagging expenses	15,647	11,696	22,628	18,616
Interpretive centre expenses	19,033	8,388	27,525	13,351
Equality scheme	_	18,777	_	29,886
Bad and doubtful debts	3,849	16,660	5,566	26,518
Counter site expenses	15,214	4,486	22,001	7,140
	616,321	651,844	891,292	1,037,508

7 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	SETS									
	Land & Buildings	Slipway	Inter- pretive Centre	Boats & Boating Equipment	Fixtures & Equipment	Plant & Equipment	Office Equipment	Computer Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Total
	3	£	£	£	£	3	£	3	3	3
Cost										
At 1 January 2003	1,950,233	57,105	401,213	578,231	42,503	1,435,330	32,525	162,364	226,601	4,886,105
Additions	11,817			74,027		96,774	4,338	7,014	70,117	264,087
Disposals				(3,491)					(41,853)	(45,344)
At 31 December 2003	1,962,050	57,105	401,213	648,767	42,503	1,532,104	36,863	169,378	254,865	5,104,848
Depreciation										
At 1 January 2003	149,470	2,038	1,363	466,155	12,545	345,821	14,958	63,560	93,002	1,148,912
Charge for year	65,011	1,142	12,855	30,596	5,006	74,361	3,893	28,803	56,762	278,429
Depreciation on disposal				(729)					(33,413)	(34,142)
At 31 December 2003	214,481	3,180	14,218	496,022	17,551	420,182	18,851	92,363	116,351	1,393,199
Net Book Value										
At 31 December 2003	1,747,569	53,925	386,995	152,745	24,952	1,111,922	18,012	77,015	138,514	3,711,649
At 31 December 2002	1,800,763	55,067	399,850	112,076	29,958	1,089,509	17,567	98,804	133,599	3,737,193
Net Book Value — €										
At 31 December 2003 — \in	2,475,780	76,396	548,256	216,394	35,349	1,575,260	25,518	109,107	196,233	5,258,293
At 31 December 2002 — \in	2,756,826	84,303	612,138	171,579	45,863	1,667,951	26,894	151,261	204,529	5,721,344

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

8 DEBTORS AND PREPAYMENTS

		2003	2002	2003	2002
		£	£	€	€
Tra	ade Debtors and Prepayments				
Tr	ade debtors	22,013	15,070	31,186	23,071
Pro	epayments	52,921	46,049	74,973	70,497
W	ater Pollution	58,724	185,634	83,194	284,192
Ba	iliffing	18,162	46,527	25,730	71,229
Ins	surance	9,050	_	12,821	_
Fis	shing rent & rates	4,936	2,468	6,993	3,778
In	ternational Fund for Ireland	50,771		71,928	
		216,577	295,748	306,825	452,767
Debto	rs due after more than one year				
	ternational Fund for Ireland	_	50,771	_	77,726
Total		216,577	346,519	306,825	530,493
9 CI	REDITORS AND ACCRUALS				
0 01		2003	2002	2003	2002
		£	£	€	€
Tra	ade creditors	32,787	200	46,450	306
Ac	cruals	226,507	145,155	320,892	222,221
То	tal	259,294	145,355	367,342	222,527
10 CA	APITAL GRANTS				
				2003	2002
				£	£
(a)	EU Surveillance Grant (DOM)				
	At 1 January			26,739	44,053
	Received during year				_
	Amortised in year			(22,593)	(14,310)
				4,146	29,743
	Disposal of grant assets				(3,004)
	At 31 December			4,146	26,739
	Received during year Amortised in year Disposal of grant assets			(22,593) 	(14,310)

		2003	2002
(1) (1.1	(DADD)	£	£
	monoid Enhancement Programme (DARD)	444.000	450 500
	1 January	441,666	456,529
	ceived during year	-	
Am	nortised in year	(69,921)	(14,863)
At	31 December	371,745	441,666
(c) Bui	ilding Fund (DARD/DOM)		
At	1 January	1,771,892	1,845,964
Rec	ceived during year	_	_
Am	nortised in year	(79,389)	(74,072)
At :	31 December	1,692,503	1,771,892
(d) Fin	nn Basin Project (EU Funding)		
At	1 January	4,176	6,245
Rec	ceived during year	_	_
Am	nortised in year	(2,732)	(2,069)
At	31 December	1,444	4,176
(e) Sal	monoid Enhancement Programme (2) (DARD)		
At	1 January	57,935	59,148
Rec	ceived during year	_	_
	nortised in year	(1,213)	(1,213)
At	31 December	56,722	57,935
(f) Add	ditional Angling Spaces		
At	1 January	86,456	88,289
Rec	ceived during year	_	_
Am	nortised in year	(1,700)	(1,833)
At :	31 December	84,756	86,456
		2003	2002
		${f \hat{t}}$	£

			2003 £	2002 £
(g) International Fund for Ireland			2	2
At 1 January			49,479	50,042
Received during year			_	_
Amortised in year			(563)	(563)
At 31 December			48,916	49,479
(h) Water Hatchery (Landfill Tax)				
At 1 January			9,133	9,533
Received during year			_	_
Amortised in year			(400)	(400)
At 31 December			8,733	9,133
(i) Tourist Angling Measure (DOM)				
At 1 January			253,148	258,782
Received during year			_	_
Amortised in year			(29,999)	(5,634)
At 31 December			223,149	253,148
(j) Capital Expenditure Grant (DOM/DARD)				
At 1 January			623,956	168,602
Received during year			264,087	502,890
Amortised in year			(88,920)	(47,536)
			799,123	623,956
Disposal of grant assets			(2,762)	
At 31 December			796,361	623,956
Summary of Capital Grants	2003	2002	2003	2002
	£	£	€	€
Closing Balances as at 31 December				
EU Surveillance Grant (DOM)	4,146	26,739	5,874	40,935
Salmonoid Enhancement Programme (DARD)	371,745	441,666	526,651	676,155
Building Fund (DARD/DOM)	1,692,503	1,771,892	2,397,769	2,712,625
Finn Basin Project (EU Funding)	1,444	4,176	2,046	6,393

Summary of Capital Grants	2003	2002	2003	2002
	£	£	€	€
Salmonoid Enhancement Programme (2) (DARD)	56,722	57,935	80,358	88,694
Additional Angling Spaces	84,756	86,456	120,074	132,357
International Fund for Ireland	48,916	49,479	69,299	75,748
Water Hatchery (Landfill Tax)	8,733	9,133	12,372	13,982
Tourist Angling Measure (DOM)	223,149	253,148	316,135	387,549
Capital Expenditure Grant (DOM/DARD)	796,361	623,956	1,128,205	955,228
	3,288,475	3,324,580	4,658,783	5,089,666
Amortised in Year				
EU Surveillance Grant (DOM)	22,593	14,310	32,673	22,777
Salmonoid Enhancement Programme (DARD)	69,921	14,863	101,116	23,657
Building Fund (DARD/DOM)	79,389	74,072	114,808	117,897
Finn Basin Project (EU Funding)	2,732	2,069	3,951	3,293
Salmonoid Enhancement Programme (2) (DARD)	1,213	1,213	1,754	1,931
Additional Angling Spaces	1,700	1,833	2,458	2,917
International Fund for Ireland	563	563	814	896
Water Hatchery (Landfill Tax)	400	400	578	637
Tourist Angling Measure (DOM)	29,999	5,634	43,383	8,967
Capital Expenditure Grant (DOM/DARD)	88,920	47,536	128,592	75,660
	297,430	162,493	430,127	258,632
11 SUPERANNUATION SCHEME				
			2003	2002
			£	£
At 1 January			429,017	423,571
Employee's contributions			36,127	33,130
Loughs Agency's contributions			36,127	33,131
Contributions to pensions by Loughs Agency			101,214	85,420
			602,485	575,252
Payments during the year				
Annual pensions			(118,965)	(101,303)
Lump sum payments			(24,449)	(44,932)
At 31 December			459,071	429,017
At 31 December — Euro			€650,366	====================================

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

Charge to Income and Expenditure Account	2003	2002	2003	2002
	£	£	€	€
Loughs Agency's contributions for staff	36,127	33,131	52,245	52,733
Loughs Agency's contributions for pensioners	101,214	85,420	146,371	135,959
	137,341	118,551	198,616	188,692

The pension scheme currently operated by the Loughs Agency is covered by the Foyle Area (Pension) (Amendment) Regulations 1979. Section 9 of the regulations covers retirement on medical grounds. This section states that when a person retires on medical grounds then the length of pensionable service to be used when calculating the lump sum and annual pension should be increased as follows:

- a) If the pensionable service is less than ten years then it should be doubled
- b) If it is ten years or more it should be increased to either twenty years or by six years.

During the 2003 year, one member of staff retired on medical grounds. The length of pensionable service was increased by six and two thirds rather than six years. This was to ensure parity between Loughs Agency staff and Northern Ireland Civil Service staff. The difference between the amounts due to the individual for both lump sum and pension when calculated using six years and six and two thirds years was £728/ \in 1,031.

During the 2002 year, one member of staff retired on medical grounds. The length of pensionable service was increased by six and two thirds rather than six years. The difference between the amounts due to the individual for both lump sum and pension when calculated using six years and six and two thirds years was £687€973.

Pension payments were also made to individuals who retired in previous years and who had their length of service increased by the additional two thirds of a year. The value of these additional payments is not known, but will be small and not material.

12 GENERAL RESERVE

		2003	2002	2003	2002
		£	£	€	€
	At 1 January	369,663	238,148	565,924	390,151
	Transfer of capital grant on disposal of grant assets	3,200	14,648	4,899	23,314
	(Deficit)/Surplus for year	(202,865)	116,867	(293,373)	186,011
	Exchange difference	_	_	(36,614)	(33,552)
	At 31 December	169,998	369,663	240,836	565,924
13	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS				
		2003	2002	2003	2002
		${f f}$	${f f}$	€	€
	Contracted for	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Authorised by Loughs Agency but not yet				
	contracted for	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

14 OPERATING LEASE

At 31 December 2003 the Agency had an annual commitment under a short term business letting agreement for the ground floor office at Old Quay Lane, Carlingford of £5,000.

15 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Foyle, Carlingford and Irish Lights Commission (Loughs Agency) is a North/South Implementation Body sponsored by the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development in Northern Ireland, and the Department of Communications, Marine and Natural Resources in the Republic of Ireland.

The above named departments are regarded as related parties. During the period Loughs Agency has had various transactions with these departments.

None of the members of key management staff or other related parties has undertaken any material transactions with the Loughs Agency during the period.

16 CONTINGENT LOSS/GAIN

There were two ongoing tribunal cases (from the same claimant) against the Agency at the balance sheet date. The potential costs to the Agency were estimated at £35,000/€49,585. As a result of the death of the claimant in early 2004, the Loughs Agency has obtained assurance from their legal advisors that the cases will not be pursued.

During 2003 the Loughs Agency was pursuing a claim against a limited company for compensation following a fish kill. A settlement was reached whereby the limited company were to pay damages to the sum of £30,000/Ä42,501 to the Loughs Agency and meet the legal costs of the claim.

17 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Financial Instruments

Due to the non — trading nature of its activities and the way the Agency is financed, the Agency is not exposed to the degree of financial risk faced by business entities. The Agency has very limited powers to borrow or invest surplus funds and financial assets and liabilities are generated by day-to-day operational activities and are not held to change the risks facing the Agency in undertaking its activities.

The Agency's financial instruments mainly consist of cash, trade debtors and trade creditors.

(b) Liquidity, Interest rate and Foreign Currency Risk

The Agency's net revenue resource requirements are financed by resources voted annually by the Assembly, or Parliament and the Oireachtas, as largely is its capital expenditure. It is not therefore exposed to significant liquidity risks. The Agency does not access funds from commercial sources and so is not exposed to significant interest rate risk. The Agency's transactions are effected in the currencies of each part of Ireland, with realised gains and losses being taken to the Income and Expenditure account. The Agency's exposure to foreign currency risk is not significant as it receives agreed levels of funding from its sponsoring departments, Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and Department of Communications, Marine and Natural Resources, in sterling and euro respectively and does not engage in trading activities. However as the Agency receives one half of its funding from Department of Communications, Marine and Natural Resources in Euro, yet discharges the majority of its transactions in sterling, it is exposed to foreign currency risk to a limited degree.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003 ACCOUNTS DIRECTION

ACCOUNTS DIRECTION GIVEN BY THE NORTHERN DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT, THE SOUTHERN DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNICATIONS, MARINE AND NATURAL RESOURCES WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE FINANCE DEPARTMENTS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NORTH/SOUTH CO-OPERATION (IMPLEMENTATION BODIES) (NORTHERN IRELAND) ORDER 1999 AND THE SOUTHERN BRITISH-IRISH AGREEMENT ACT 1999

The annual accounts shall give a true and fair view of the income and expenditure and cash flows for the financial year, and the state of affairs as at the year end. Subject to this requirement, the Loughs Agency shall prepare for the financial period ended 31 December 2000 and subsequent years in accordance with:

- a) The North/South Implementation Bodies Annual reports and Accounts Guidance;
- b) Other guidance which Finance Departments may issue from time to time in respect of accounts which are required to give a true and fair view;
- c) Any other specific disclosures required by sponsoring departments.

Except where agreed otherwise with finance departments, in which case the exception shall be described in the notes to the accounts.

Signed by authority of the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development

Signed by authority of the Department of Communications, Marine and Natural Resources

Gerald Lavery

Maurice Mullen

Date 3rd August 2001

Date 6th September 2001

FOYLE, CARLINGFORD AND IRISH LIGHTS COMMISSION LOUGHS AGENCY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

Foreword

The Board presents the financial accounts for the year ended 31 December 2004.

Brief History

The Foyle Fisheries Commission was established in 1952 under legislation enacted in both jurisdictions with the primary objective of the conservation of the Foyle waterway system. Following the Good Friday Agreement, the Foyle, Carlingford and Irish Lights Commission (FCILC) was created to continue the work done by the Foyle Fisheries Commission and to achieve similar objectives in Carlingford Lough and its waterways.

The FCILC became operational on 2 December 1999 at which time the assets and liabilities of the Foyle Fisheries Commission were transferred to the Loughs Agency.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with:

- A form directed by and approved by the Department of Finance and Personnel and the Department of Finance as provided for in the Body's Financial Memorandum.
- The annual reports and accounts guidance provided by the Department of Finance and Personnel, and the Department of Finance.

Statutory Background

The British/Irish Agreement Act 1999 and the North/South (Implementation Bodies) (N.I.) Order 1999 provided for the transfer of the powers of the Foyle Fisheries Commission to a new body, The Foyle, Carlingford and Irish Lights Commission (FCILC). The FCILC is composed of two agencies, the Loughs Agency and the Irish Lights Commission. The functions of the Irish Lights Commission have not yet transferred to the FCILC, as this requires amendment to the current United Kingdom legislation.

These accounts deal with the Loughs Agency of the FCILC. The Lights Agency is not in operational existence.

Result for the Year

The Loughs Agency is jointly funded by the Department of Communications, Marine and Natural Resources, and the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development (the Departments). The Loughs Agency incurred a surplus of £89,677 Stg/€130,956 for the year ended 31 December 2004 (2003: deficit of £202,865 Stg/€293,373).

Performance Targets

The Draft Annual Reports and Accounts guidance for North/South Implementation Bodies (published February 2001) requires the reporting of financial performance against key targets. During the year, the Agency prepared and obtained the approval from the North/South Ministerial Council, of a corporate plan for 2005-2007 and a business plan for 2005. As the activities of the Loughs Agency do not correlate with measuring its performance against financial targets, the Agency has not reported performance targets in these accounts.

Principal Activities

The strategic priorities of the Loughs Agency can be grouped into 4 major areas:

- 1) Fisheries management and development
- 2) Conservation and protection of fisheries
- 3) Shellfish and aquaculture
- 4) Marine tourism

The Annual Report provides further detail of the Loughs Agency's work on these areas during the year.

Changes in Fixed Assets

Details of the movement in fixed assets are set out in Note 7 to the accounts.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

Research and Development

The North/South Ministerial Council, during 2001, approved expenditure by the Agency on a programme of research to investigate the genetic profiling of the salmon in the Foyle catchment. This was undertaken by the Department of Agriculture for Northern Ireland, the Marine Institute and Queen's University, Belfast. This work was completed in 2004. The results are incorporated into the Agency's management strategy for salmon. Total expenditure on this programme in 2004 was £37,429/ \in 55,163 (2003: £1,429/ \in 2,067).

Post Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events since the year end that would affect these accounts.

Charitable Donations

The Loughs Agency made no charitable donations during the year.

Board Members

Mr Peter Savage

Chairperson

Lord Cooke of Islandreagh

Vice Chairperson

Mr Jack Allen

Ms Siobhan Logue

Mr Keith Anderson (Resigned 17th November 2004)

Mr Joseph Martin

Mr Dick Blakiston-Houston

Mr Francis Feely

Dr Patrick Griffin

Mr Andrew Ward

Mr Tarlach O'Crossain

Ms Jacqui McConville

The present board members were appointed with effect from 12 December 2002. The North/South Ministerial Council's plenary meeting in Armagh on 13 December 1999 confirmed the creation of the original board of the Foyle, Carlingford and Irish Lights Commission. The positions of the Chairperson and Vice Chairperson were confirmed at the North/South Ministerial Council's sectoral meeting for the Trade and Business Development Body on 21 January 2000.

Board Members' Responsibilities

The board monitors and directs the work of the Loughs Agency towards the achievement of the objectives approved by the North/South Ministerial Council. These objectives are fully detailed in the Agency's corporate and business plans. They require the Agency to provide sustainable benefits to the economy, the environment and to society in the Foyle and Carlingford areas through the conservation, protection, development, and management of water based resources. They also require the Agency to raise public awareness of the resources of the waterways of the area and deliver these improvements through the development of partnerships with the users of the catchments.

Employment Objectives

The Loughs Agency is committed to providing information to employees and to consulting them on appropriate matters. The Loughs Agency follows the Northern Ireland Civil Service Code of Practice on Employment of Disabled People and aims to ensure that disablement is not a bar to recruitment or advancement.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

Payment to Suppliers

The Loughs Agency is committed to the prompt payment of bills for goods and services received within 30 days, in accordance with the Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998. During the year 90.74% (2003: 97%) of bills were paid within this standard.

Health and Safety

The Loughs Agency is committed to adhering to all existing legislation on health and safety at work to ensure that staff and customers enjoy the benefits of a safe environment.

Future Developments

The most significant development that will impact on the work of the Loughs Agency will be following the implementation of the amended Foyle Fisheries Acts, which will fully roll out the responsibilities of the Agency in the areas of Aquaculture, Shellfisheries and Marine Tourism.

Accountable Person

Mr Derick Anderson, Chief Executive, is the accountable person of the Loughs Agency.

D Anderson Chief Executive

23rd August 2005

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

Statement of Accountable Person's Responsibilities

The Department of Finance and Personnel and the Department of Finance have directed the Loughs Agency to prepare a statement of accounts for each financial year in the form and on the basis set out in the accounts direction on page 186. The accounts are prepared on an accruals basis and must give a true and fair view of the Agency's state of affairs at the year end and of its income and expenditure, recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the financial year.

In preparing the accounts, the Loughs Agency is required to:

- Observe the accounts direction issued by the sponsor departments, including the relevant accounting disclosure requirements, and apply accounting policies on a consistent basis;
- Make judgements and estimates on a reasonable basis;
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed and disclose and explain any material departures in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Agency will continue in operation.

The Chief Executive's responsibilities as the accountable person for the Loughs Agency, including responsibility for the propriety and regularity of the public finances and for the keeping of proper records, are set out in the Agency's Financial Memorandum.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

Statement on Internal Control

1. Scope of Responsibility

As Accountable person, I have responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal control, that supports the achievement of Agency's policies, aims and objectives, as set out by the departments' Ministers whilst safeguarding the public funds and departmental assets for which I am personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to me in Government Accounting.

2. The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the Agency's policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in the Loughs Agency for the year ended 31 December 2004 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts, and it accords with Treasury guidance.

3. Capacity to handle risk

The senior management takes responsibility for applying and overseeing the risk management process primarily to ensure that it is operating as intended, to challenge content of the risk register and enable the Chief Executive to report on the process to the Loughs Agency. In addition to reviewing the risk framework, all recommendations received from both the internal and external auditors are reviewed, with controls being enhanced or introduced as necessary.

All staff are expected to work within the Loughs Agency policies on risk management, alert management to emerging risks or control weaknesses, participate fully in the risk management process and assume responsibility for risks and controls within their own areas of work.

A training needs assessment was carried out in 2004 and the Loughs Agency is now in the process of developing individual training plans. Whilst it will not be specific to risk management this will form part of the process.

4. The risk and control framework

The Loughs Agency developed a risk register during 2003 subsequently updated in 2004. The register identifies the key risks facing the Loughs Agency and these have been categorised under headings. The register details management's assessment of the key risks and associated controls and actions required to mitigate these risks. Each risk has been assessed for its severity and for the effectiveness of the controls currently operating.

5. Review of effectiveness

As accountable person, I have responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. My review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by the work of the internal audit units of the departments, and the executive managers within the Loughs Agency who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework, and comments made by the external auditors in their management letter and other reports. I have been advised of the implications of the result of my review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Board of the Audit Committee and plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

As accountable person, I also have responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of internal control. The Loughs Agency has established the following processes:

- Comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget that is reviewed and agreed by the senior management and audit committee;
- Regular reviews by management of financial reports including bank reconciliations, payment schedules, grant in aid and other income;
- Clearly defined capital investment control guidelines;
- Appropriate formal project management disciplines.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

- In December 2003 a meeting was held to update the risks previously identified and update the Draft Risk Register. In addition actions were identified and allocated to relevant Loughs Agency officers/staff.
- The Board approved the Draft Risk Register on 24th March 2004.
- Two meetings of the Audit and Finance and Personnel Committee took place in 2004 at which the progress of the risk management process was reviewed, and all Internal Audit reports were addressed.

The Loughs Agency has an agreement with the Internal Audit Units of the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and the Department of Communications, Marine and Natural Resources to carry out the internal audit testing of the Agency. The work of the internal audit units is informed by analysis of the risk to which the Loughs Agency is exposed and annual internal audit plans are based on this analysis.

6. Significant Internal Control Problems

The internal audit units provided a report on the internal audit activity in the Loughs Agency during 2004. The report included an independent opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Loughs Agency's system of internal control. In their 2004 Annual Assurance Statement (presented January 2005), Internal Audit identified a number of areas of concern and these included

- The organisational structure is currently under review and has been from 2001 with no resolution to date of the staffing issues;
- There is an over reliance on individual members of staff in relation to financial tasks, IT management and policy procedures;
- Poor debt management procedures;
- No fixed asset register

Management has plans in place to address the above issues.

D ANDERSON Chief Executive

Date 23rd August 2005

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

Foyle Carlingford and Irish Lights Commission

The Certificate of the Comptrollers and Auditors General to the Northern Ireland Assembly, the House of Commons and the Houses of the Oireachtas

We have audited the financial statements on pages 166 to 186. Our audit has been carried out pursuant to the provisions of the North/South Co-operation (Implementation Bodies) (Northern Ireland) Order 1999 and the British-Irish Agreement Act 1999 which require us to audit and certify, in co-operation, the financial statements presented to us by the Agency.

Respective responsibilities of the Board, the Chief Executive and the Auditors

The responsibilities of the Board and the Chief Executive, including those pertaining to the preparation of the accounts and the regularity of the financial transactions are set out in the Foreword to the Accounts on pages 158 to 180 and the Statement of the Accountable Person's responsibilities on page 161. It is our responsibility to audit the accounts. As a result of our audit we express an opinion on the accounts.

We review whether the statement on pages 162 and 163 reflects the Agency's compliance with applicable guidance on corporate governance and report any material instance where it does not do so, or if the statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information we are aware of from our audit of the accounts. We also report, if, in our opinion, the Foreword or other information in the annual report is not consistent with the accounts.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the Board and Chief Executive in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Agency's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by error, or by fraud or other irregularity and that, in all material respects, the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and Dáil Éireann and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. However, the evidence available to us was limited because, as explained in Note 2 to the accounts, no actuarial review has been commissioned since 1993 at which time the accrued pension liability was $STG£1,308,900 \ (€1,854,319)$. Therefore, we were unable to assess whether the current provision of $STG £506,542 \ (€738,386)$ is sufficient. There were no other satisfactory audit procedures that we could adopt to confirm that the Superannuation Scheme Provision is properly stated.

In forming our opinion we have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Qualified opinion arising from limitation in audit scope

In our opinion:

- Except for any adjustments that might have been found necessary had we been able to obtain sufficient evidence concerning the Superannuation Scheme Provision, proper accounting records have been kept by the Agency and the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the Agency at 31 December 2004 and of its transactions, total recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the accounts direction issued under the governing legislation.
- In all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and Dáil Éireann and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

In respect alone of the limitation on our work relating to the Superannuation Scheme Provision:

- We have not obtained all the information and explanations that we considered necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- We were unable to determine whether proper accounting records had been maintained.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

J M Dowdall Comptroller and Auditor General for Northern Ireland 106 University Street Belfast BT7 1EU 7th September 2005 John Purcell Irish Comptroller and Auditor General Dublin Castle Dublin 2

7th September 2005

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 December 2004

		2004	2003	2004	2003
	Note	£ Stg	£ Stg	€	€
Income					
Revenue grants from Departments	4	1,798,542	1,038,172	2,650,691	1,501,352
Ordinary income	5	139,847	124,484	206,107	180,023
EU and government grants released	10	377,456	297,430	556,295	430,127
EU and government grants on disposal of assets		55,507	(438)	81,806	(633)
Water pollution — monitoring of rivers		97,071	235,092	143,063	339,978
Bailiffing		18,162	18,162	26,767	26,266
Interest received		7,702	5,036	11,351	7,283
		2,494,287	1,717,938	3,676,080	2,484,396
Expenditure					
Staff costs	3	1,091,660	1,027,217	1,608,887	1,485,510
Administration	6	1,017,940	616,321	1,500,240	891,292
Currency exchange		6,314	(1,164)	10,517	(1,683)
Depreciation	7	288,696	278,429	425,480	402,650
		2,404,610	1,920,803	3,545,124	2,777,769
Operating Surplus/(Deficit) Transferred to Reserves	12	89,677	(202,865)	130,956	(293,373)

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

The Loughs Agency has no recognised gains or losses other than those included in the results above, and therefore no separate statement of recognised gains and losses has been presented.

The notes on pages 169 to 186 form part of these accounts.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2004

		2004	2003	2004	2003
	Note	£ Stg	£ Stg	€	€
Fixed Assets					
Tangible fixed assets	7	4,066,204	3,711,649	5,927,308	5,258,293
Current Assets					
Debtors and prepayments	8	195,555	216,577	285,061	306,825
Cash at bank and in hand		490,765	248,612	715,388	352,209
		686,320	465,189	1,000,449	659,034
Current Liabilities					
Creditors and accruals	9	(206,579)	(259,294)	(301,130)	(367,342)
Net Current Assets		479,741	205,895	699,319	291,692
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		4,545,945	3,917,544	6,626,627	5,549,985
Provisions					
Superannuation Scheme	11	(506,542)	(459,071)	(738,386)	(650,366)
Net Assets		4,039,403	3,458,473	5,888,241	4,899,619
Represented By					
Capital grants	10	3,779,728	3,288,475	5,509,709	4,658,783
General reserve	12	259,675 ————	169,998	378,532	240,836
		4,039,403	3,458,473	5,888,241	4,899,619

The notes on pages 169 to 186 form part of these accounts.

D ANDERSON

Chief Executive

Date: 23rd August 2005

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 December 2004

Cash flow Statement for the year cha	cu or D	2004	2003	2004	2003
	Note	£ Stg	£ Stg	€	€
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from		(4.4.770.0)	07.000	(4 7 0 7 4)	00.470
Continuing Activities		(14,700)	35,386	(15,371)	28,178
Return on investment and servicing of finance		7,702	5,036	11,351	7,283
Capital expenditure and financial investment		(635,258)	(240,800)	(936,244)	(340,456)
Net cash outflow before financing		(642,256)	(200,378)	(940,264)	(304,995)
Financing		884,409	264,087	1,303,443	374,132
Increase in Cash		242,153	63,709	363,179	69,137
Reconciliation of Operating Surplus/ (Deficit) to Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from Co	ntinuing A	activities			
Operating surplus/(deficit)		89,677	(202,865)	130,956	(293,373)
(Profit) on disposal of fixed assets	6	(7,993)	(12,085)	(11,781)	(17,477)
Depreciation	7	288,696	278,429	425,480	402,650
Capital grant release	10	(181,829)	(297, 430)	(267,979)	(430, 127)
Revenue grant released	10	(195,627)		(288, 316)	_
(Profit)/Loss on disposal of capital grant assets		(55,507)	438	(81,806)	633
Interest received		(7,702)	(5,036)	(11,351)	(7,283)
Decrease in debtors		21,022	129,942	21,764	223,667
Grants receivable		39,809	_	58,030	_
(Decrease)/Increase in creditors and provisions		(5,246)	143,993	(21,808)	138,390
Exchange difference			_	31,440	11,098
Net Cash Outflow from Continuing Activities		(14,700)	35,386	(15,371)	28,178
Capital Expenditure and Financial Investment					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	7	(674,670)	(264,087)	(994,329)	(374,132)
Proceeds from disposal of tangible fixed assets		39,412	23,287	58,085	33,676
Net Cash Outflow from Capital Expenditure					
and Financial Investment		(635,258)	(240,800)	(936,244)	(340,456)
Reconciliation of Financing					
Capital grants received	10	659,110	264,087	971,396	374,132
Revenue grant received	10	225,299	_	332,047	_
Net Cash Inflow from Financing		884,409	264,087	1,303,443	374,132
Reconciliation of Net Cash Flow to Movement i	n Cash				
Increase in cash in year		242,153	63,709	363,179	69,137
Explained as follows:		•	•		
At 1 January		248,612	184,903	352,209	283,072
At 31 December		490,765	248,612	715,388	352,209
Increase in cash in year		242,153	63,709	363,179	69,137
•					

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

Notes to the Accounts

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Accounting

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The significant accounting policies adopted are set out below. The Board members consider that these accounting policies are suitable, have been consistently applied, and are supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

(b) Fixed Assets and Depreciation

From 1 January 2003 a policy was put in place whereby only assets (or groups of assets where appropriate) with costs greater than £1,000/€1,446 have been capitalised. Prior to this all items of a capital nature were capitalised regardless of cost.

Fixed assets are stated on the balance sheet at cost less depreciation at annual rates calculated to write off the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives. The Agency uses the straight line method of depreciation.

Fixed asset additions are depreciated from the month of purchase and no depreciation charged in year of disposal.

The rates in use are as follows

Land & buildings, Interpretive Centre4%Weirs4%Boats & boating equipment15%Slipway2%

Equipment & plant, office equipment, fixtures & fittings 2, 4, 10, 15, 20, 25% Computer equipment 10, 15, 20, 25%

Motor vehicles 25%

(c) Currency

The financial statements are stated denominated in £Stg as the Board members consider this to be the base currency. The figures contained in the Income and Expenditure Account were converted using the average Euro exchange rate for the year and the Balance Sheet using the rate at the year end. The gain/loss on exchange, which arises from transactions effected in Euro, is deducted from/added to that part of the Loughs Agency's surplus/(deficit), which is funded by the Department of Communications, Marine and Natural Resources in the Republic of Ireland and the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development in Northern Ireland.

(d) Pension Costs

The Loughs Agency, under the Foyle Area (Pension) (Amendment) Regulations 1979 made in exercise of its powers under paragraph 16 of the Third Schedule to that Act, provides retirement benefits to its employees. Where a provision exists for a beneficiary, any pension paid is charged firstly against this provision. Should the provision be exhausted, the cost of any pension paid is charged to the income and expenditure account. During the period, one member of staff was on secondment from the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development. Secondees from the Northern Ireland Civil Service continue to be members of the Principal Civil Service Pension Scheme (Northern Ireland).

(e) EU and Government Grants

Capital expenditure incurred to acquire fixed assets and investments is credited to the government grant reserve from grant in aid received. Any surplus arising on revaluation of tangible fixed assets is credited to the government grant reserve. On disposal of a tangible fixed asset or redemption of a fixed investment where applicable, the profit or loss arising is credited or charged to the Income and Expenditure account. A transfer from the grant reserve equal to the profit or loss arising is made to the Income and Expenditure account. The balance remaining on the grant reserve in relation to the asset disposed, which represents proceeds on disposal is then transferred to the general reserve account.

(f) Leases

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to administrative costs on a straight line basis over the terms of the lease.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

2 SUPERANNUATION SCHEME

The Loughs Agency came into existence on 2 December 1999. On that date the Loughs Agency assumed all the assets and liabilities of the Foyle Fisheries Commission. The Agency operated a defined benefit pension scheme for current and former employees, which provides for benefits based on final pensionable pay.

An actuarial review of the scheme has not been carried out since 1993, at which time the accrued liability was calculated at £1,308,900.

Whilst the Agency is obliged to meet all future pension commitments, no provision for any obligation in excess of £506,542/€738,386 has been made in these accounts.

Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 17 covers retirement benefits and applies to all accounts with account year ends from June 2001. The objective of the FRS is to ensure that:

- (a) Financial statements reflect at fair value the assets and liabilities arising from an employer's retirement benefit obligation and any related funding;
- (b) The operating costs of providing retirement benefits to employees are recognised in the accounting period(s) in which the benefits are earned by the employees, and the related finance costs and any other changes in value of the assets and liabilities are recognised in the accounting period in which they arise; and
- (c) The financial statements contain adequate disclosure of the cost of providing retirement benefits and the related gains, losses, assets and liabilities.

The Department of Finance and Personnel, the Department of Finance and the Government Actuaries Department have been preparing a new pension scheme specifically for North/South Implementation Bodies. Although work on the new scheme is fairly advanced, it is unlikely to be available to permanent staff until the end of 2005. An actuarial valuation of the Agency's pension liability will be carried out prior to joining this scheme. This should then enable the Agency to comply with FRS 17.

3 STAFF COSTS AND BOARD REMUNERATION (in financial period 1 January 2004 to 31 December 2004)

		2004	2003
(a)	The average monthly number of employees (full time equivalent) was:		
	Administrative	8	8
	Field staff and inspectorate	35	35
	Total	43	43

It should be noted that the average monthly number of staff includes a secondee from a different department and temporary summer time appointments.

(b) The costs incurred in respect of these employees were:

	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	€	€
Staff costs	848,892	777,700	1,251,097	1,124,671
Social security costs	60,383	53,785	88,992	77,781
Other pension costs	125,720	137,341	185,286	198,616
Total Staff Costs	1,034,995	968,826	1,525,375	1,401,068
Board remuneration	54,292	55,834	80,016	80,744
Social security costs	2,373	2,557	3,496	3,698
Total Board Costs	56,665	58,391	83,512	84,442
Total Board and Staff Costs	1,091,660	1,027,217	1,608,887	1,485,510

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

Staff costs above include the following

	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	€	€
Contracted (Seconded) staff	41,506	36,513	61,172	52,805
Temporary staff	124,623	80,452	183,669	116,350
Total Staff Costs	166,129	116,965	244,841	169,155

- (c) Excluding the Chief Executive, there were no employees whose remuneration exceeded £40,000/€57,846 per annum.
- (d) The Chief Executive's emoluments including pension scheme contributions were as follows:

2004	2003	2004	2003
£	£	€	€
75,430	65,829	111,169	95,469

The Chief Executive's total emoluments of £75,430/ \in 111,169 (2003 £65,829/ \in 95,469) comprise a salary of £64,594/ \in 95,200 (2003 £57,309/ \in 82,877) and pension contributions of £4,112/ \in 6,060 (2003 £3,202/ \in 4,631) and social security costs of £6,724/ \in 9,909. The benefit in kind, which relates to the provision of a motor vehicle, attributed to the Chief Executive was £4,953/ \in 7,300 (2003 £5,318/ \in 7,961). The Chief Executive is an ordinary member of the Agency's pension scheme.

(e) The total emoluments of the board members (including the chairperson) were as follows:

2004	2003	2004	2003
£	£	€	€
54,292	55,834	80,016	80,744

(f) Number of board members (including the chairperson) whose emoluments fell within the following bands:

	2004	2003
NIL — STG£5,000/€7,231	10	10
STGf5 001/€7 232 to STGf10 000/€14 462	2	2

⁽g) The chairperson's emoluments amounted to £7,255/€10,692 (2003 £8,000/€11,569). Board members' salaries are not pensionable.

4 REVENUE AND CAPITAL GRANTS

Revenue Grants Received in Year	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	€	€
Department of Communications, Marine and Natural Resources	899,271	519,086	1,325,346	750,676 ————
Department of Agriculture and Rural Developments	899,271	519,086	1,325,345	750,676
Total	1,798,542	1,038,172	2,650,691	1,501,352

	Capital Grants Received in Year	2004	2003	2004	2003
		£	£	€	€
	Department of Communications, Marine and				
	Natural Resources	100,729	132,044	148,454	187,066
	Department of Agriculture and Rural Developments	100,729	132,043	148,455	187,066
		201,458	264,087	296,909	374,132
5	ORDINARY INCOME				
		2004	2003	2004	2003
		£	£	€	€
	Normal Activities				
	Licence Duties	96,120	107,593	141,662	155,596
	Fishery rent and rates	2,558	2,926	3,770	4,231
	-	98,678	110,519	145,432	159,827
	Other Activities				
	Fines and costs recovered	38,970	11,772	57,434	17,024
	Sundry receipts	2,199	2,193	3,241	3,172
		41,169	13,965	60,675	20,196
	Total	139,847	124,484	206,107	180,023
6	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES				
		2004	2003	2004	2003
		£	£	€	€
	Staff training	17,788	10,555	26,216	15,264
	Bank charges	3,804	3,132	5,606	4,529
	Postage	7,997	6,094	11,786	8,813
	Advertising	31,592	26,854	46,561	38,835
	Light and heat	15,148	16,142	22,325	23,344
	Telephone	32,807	43,696	48,350	63,191
	Operating lease — rent	4,942	5,000	7,283	7,231
	Insurance	88,955	70,650	131,101	102,170
	Audit	29,000	17,000	42,740	24,585
	Accountancy	25,403	17,908	37,439	25,898
	Motor vehicle expenses	49,076	51,641	72,329	74,681

Boat stores	9,553	2,083	14,080	3,012
Boat maintenance	38,786	20,585	57,163	29,769
Printing and stationery	30,805	43,064	45,401	62,277
Licence dealers commission	8,256	12,577	12,168	18,188
Maintenance and repairs	29,558	16,501	43,562	23,863
Miscellaneous	12,194	2,495	17,972	3,608
Travelling and conference expenses	32,908	35,997	48,500	52,057
Hospitality	4,727	9,620	6,966	13,912
Health and safety	5,999	12,874	8,841	18,618
Cleaning	6,729	8,269	9,918	11,958
Computer consumables and maintenance	25,123	19,390	37,026	28,041
Other equipment costs	38,212	21,624	56,316	31,272
Subscriptions	12,845	10,791	18,931	15,605
Surveys	7,225	9,624	10,649	13,918
Legal and professional fees	60,289	59,658	88,857	86,274
(Profit) on disposal of fixed assets	(7,993)	(12,085)	(11,781)	(17,477)
Research programme	27,501	20,839	40,531	30,136
Tagging expenses	10,620	15,647	15,651	22,628
Interpretive centre expenses	30,186	19,033	44,487	27,525
Bad and doubtful debts	5,080	3,849	7,486	5,566
Bad Debt Recovered	(8,330)	_	(12,277)	_
Counter site expenses	3,672	15,214	5,412	22,001
Conservation and protection works	92,796	_	136,763	_
Marine Tourism Study	39,680	_	58,480	_
Disbursements to Vital Signs Participators	195,007	_	287,402	_
	1,017,940	616,321	1,500,240	891,292

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

7 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	IXED ASSET	S									
	Land & Buildings	Slipway	Weirs	Inter- pretive Centre	Boats & Boating Equipment	Fixtures & Plant & Equipment		Office Equipment	Computer Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	3	£	£	3	£	£	3	
Cost At 1 January 2004 Additions Reclassified Disposals	1,962,050	57,105	97,958 1,118,233	401,213	648,767 204,550 — (45,334)	42,503	1,532,104 255,722 (1,118,233)	36,863	169,378 20,279 —	254,865 96,161 — (82,743)	5,104,848 674,670 — (128,077)
At 31 December 2004	1,962,050	57,105	1,216,191	401,213	807,983	42,503	669,593	36,863	189,657	268,283	5,651,441
Depreciation At 1 January 2004 21 Charge for year 6 Adjustment (10 Reclassified Depreciation on disposal	214,481 65,331 (10,048) 76 sposal	3,180	44,729	14,218 16,049 — (76)	496,022 32,933 ———————————————————————————————————	17,551 5,006	420,182 52,534 ————————————————————————————————————	18,851 4,347	92,363	116,351 44,721 ————————————————————————————————————	1,393,199 298,744 (10,048) —
At 31 December 2004	269,840	4,323	210,866	30,191	494,084	22,557	306,579	23,198	124,314	99,285	1,585,237
Net Book Value At 31 December 2004	1,692,210	52,782	1,005,325	371,022	313,899	19,946	363,014	13,665	65,343	168,998	4,066,204
At 31 December 2003	1,747,569	53,925		386,995	152,745	24,952	1,111,922	18,012	77,015	138,514	3,711,649
Net Book Value — At 31 December 2004 — €	-€	76,940	1,465,462	540,839	457,571	29,075	529,166	19,920	95,251	246,349	5,927,308
At 31 December 2003 — €	2,475,780	76,396		548,256	216,394	35,349	1,575,260	25,518	109,107	196,233	96,233 5,258,293

During the year the Loughs Agency carried out a review of fixed assets and as a result reclassified weirs as a separate category and wrote back £10,048 of depreciation provided on land. Similarly an adjustment of £60,156 was required re amortised grant release (see Note 10c).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

8 DEBTORS AND PREPAYMENTS

		2004	2003	2004	2003
		£	£	€	€
	Trade Debtors and Prepayments				
	Trade debtors	22,997	22,013	33,522	31,186
	Prepayments	55,112	52,921	80,336	74,973
	Water Pollution	45,087	58,724	65,724	83,194
	Bailiffing	18,162	18,162	26,475	25,730
	Insurance	7,612	9,050	11,096	12,821
	Other Debtors	6,776	4,936	9,878	6,993
	Grants Receivable	39,809	50,771	58,030	71,928
		195,555	216,577	285,061	306,825
9	CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS	<u> </u>			
		2004	2003	2004	2003
		£	£	€	€
	Trade creditors	14,544	32,787	21,200	46,450
	Accruals	192,035	226,507	279,930	320,892
		206,579	259,294	301,130	367,342
10	CAPITAL GRANTS				
				2004	2003
				£	£
	(a) EU Surveillance Grant (DCMNR) At 1 January			4,146	26,739
	Received during year			(9.491)	(22 502)
	Amortised in year			(2,431)	(22,593)
	D'annal of Court Anna			1,715	4,146
	Disposal of Grant Assets			(601)	
	At 31 December			1,114	4,146

	2004	2003
(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	£	£
(b) Salmonoid Enhancement Programme (DARD)		444.000
At 1 January	371,745	441,666
Received during year		
Amortised in year	(22,645)	(69,921)
At 31 December	349,100	371,745
(c) Building Fund (DARD/DCMNR)		
At 1 January	1,692,503	1,771,892
Received during year		
Adjustment (see note 7)	60,156	
Amortised in year	(67,391)	(79,389)
At 31 December	1,685,268	1,692,503
(d) Finn Basin Project (EU Funding)		
At 1 January	1,444	4,176
Received during year		
Amortised in year	(1,133)	(2,732)
At 31 December	311	1,444
(e) Salmonoid Enhancement Programme (2) (DARD)		
At 1 January	56,722	57,935
Received during year	_	_
Amortised in year	(2,427)	(1,213)
At 31 December	54,295	56,722
(f) Additional Angling Spaces		
At 1 January	84,756	86,456
Received during year		_
Amortised in year	(9,693)	(1,700)
At 31 December	75,063	84,756

(g) International Fund for Ireland At 1 January 48,916	£ 49,479
At 1 January 48,916	49.479
·	40.410
Receivable during year 24,249	
Amortised in year (3,001)	(563)
At 31 December 70,164	48,916
(h) Water Hatchery (Landfill Tax)	
At 1 January 8,733	9,133
Received during year —	_
Amortised in year (400)	(400)
At 31 December 8,333	8,733
(i) Tourist Angling Measure (DCMNR)	
At 1 January 223,149	253,148
Received during year —	_
Amortised in year (12,690)	(29,999)
At 31 December 210,459	223,149
(j) Capital Expenditure Grant (DCMNR/DARD)	
At 1 January 796,361	623,956
Received during year 201,458	264,087
Amortised in year (115,080)	(88,920)
882,739	799,123
Disposal of grant assets (54,906)	(2,762)
At 31 December 827,833	796,361
(k) Rigid Inflatable Boat	
At 1 January —	_
Received during year 146,520	_
Amortised in year —	_
At 31 December 146,520	_

			2004	2003
			£	£
(l) Water Quality Monitoring Buoys				
At 1 January				_
Received during year			163,264	_
Amortised in year			(3,401)	
At 31 December			159,863	
(m) Tagging and Detection Units				
At 1 January				_
Received during year			56,262	_
Amortised in year			(1,172)	_
At 31 December			55,090	
(n) Omagh Weir			 _	
At 1 January			_	_
Receivable during year			15,560	_
Received during year			91,606	
Amortised in year			(522)	_
At 31 December			106,644	
Summary of Capital Grants	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	€	€
Closing Balances as at 31 December				
EU Surveillance Grant (DCMNR)	1,114	4,146	1,624	5,874
Salmonoid Enhancement Programme (DARD)	349,100	371,745	508,883	526,651
Building Fund (DARD/ DCMNR)	1,685,268	1,692,503	2,456,615	2,397,769
Finn Basin Project (EU Funding)	311	1,444	453	2,046
Salmonoid Enhancement Programme (2) (DARD)	54,294	56,722	79,144	80,358
Additional Angling Spaces	75,063	84,756	109,419	120,074
International Fund for Ireland	70,164	48,916	102,278	69,299
Water Hatchery (Landfill Tax)	8,333	8,733	12,147	12,372
Tourist Angling Measure (DCMNR)	210,459	223,149	306,786	316,135
Capital Expenditure Grant (DCMNR/DARD)	827,833	796,361	1,206,732	1,128,205
Rigid Inflatable Boat	146,520	_	213,582	_
Water Quality Monitoring Buoys	159,863	_	233,032	_
Tagging and Detection Units	55,090		80,305	_

106,644	_	155,455	_
3,750,056	3,288,475	5,466,455	4,658,783
			
2,431	22,593	3,583	32,673
22,645	69,921	33,374	101,116
7,233	79,389	10,660	114,808
1,134	2,732	1,671	3,951
2,427	1,213	3,577	1,754
9,693	1,700	14,286	2,458
3,001	563	4,423	814
400	400	590	578
12,690	29,999	18,703	43,383
115,080	88,920	169,604	128,592
_			_
3,401		5,012	_
1,172	_	1,727	_
522	_	769	_
181,829	297,430	267,979	430,127
2004	2003	2004	2003
£	£	€	€
6	_	9	_
	_		_
224,679	_	331,132	_
225,299		332,047	
2004	2003	2004	2003
£	£	€	€
6	_	9	_
614	_	905	_
195,007	_	287,402	_
195,627		288,316	
	3,750,056 2,431 22,645 7,233 1,134 2,427 9,693 3,001 400 12,690 115,080 3,401 1,172 522 181,829 2004 £ 6 614 224,679 225,299 2004 £ 6 614 195,007	3,750,056 3,288,475 2,431 22,593 22,645 69,921 7,233 79,389 1,134 2,732 2,427 1,213 9,693 1,700 3,001 563 400 400 12,690 29,999 115,080 88,920 — 3,401 1,172 — 522 — 181,829 297,430 2004 2003 £ £ 6 — 224,679 — 225,299 — 2004 2003 £ £ 6 — 614 — 195,007 —	3,750,056 3,288,475 5,466,455 2,431 22,593 3,583 22,645 69,921 33,374 7,233 79,389 10,660 1,134 2,732 1,671 2,427 1,213 3,577 9,693 1,700 14,286 3,001 563 4,423 400 400 590 12,690 29,999 18,703 115,080 88,920 169,604 — — — 3,401 — 5,012 1,172 — 1,727 522 — 769 — — — 181,829 297,430 267,979 — — — 181,829 297,430 267,979 — — — 6 — 9 614 — 906 224,679 — 331,132 — — — 225,299 — 332,047 £ £

Closing Deferred Revenue balances	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	€	€
Vital Signs	29,672		43,254	
	29,672		43,254	
Closing Debtor balances	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	€	€
International Fund for Ireland	24,249	_	35,348	_
Omagh Weir	15,560	_	22,682	_
	39,809		58,030	
Summary of Grants				
Received in year	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	€	€
Capital Grants	659,110	264,087	971,396	374,132
Revenue Grants	225,299	_	332,047	_
	884,409	264,087	1,303,443	374,132
Releases in year	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	€	€
Capital Grants Released in the year	181,829	297,430	267,979	430,127
Revenue Grants Released in the year	195,627		288,316	
	377,456	297,430	556,295	430,127
Closing balances at year end	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	€	€
Capital Grants	3,750,056	3,288,475	5,466,455	4,658,783
Revenue Grants	29,672	_	43,254	_
	3,779,728	3,288,475	5,509,709	4,658,783

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

11 SUPERANNUATION SCHEME

			2004	2003
			£	£
At 1 January			459,071	429,017
Employee's contributions			39,852	36,127
Loughs Agency's contributions			39,852	36,127
Contributions to pensions by Loughs Agency			85,868	101,214
			624,643	602,485
Payments during the year				
Annual pensions			(118,101)	(118,965)
Lump sum payments			_	(24,449)
At 31 December			506,542	459,071
At 31 December — Euro			€738,386	= 650,366
Charge to Income and Expenditure Account	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	€	€
Loughs Agency's contributions for staff	39,852	36,127	58,734	52,245
Loughs Agency's contributions for pensioners	85,868	101,214	126,552	146,371
	125,720	137,341	185,286	198,616

The pension scheme currently operated by the Loughs Agency is covered by the Foyle Area (Pension) (Amendment) Regulations 1979. Section 9 of the regulations covers retirement on medical grounds. This section states that when a person retires on medical grounds then the length of pensionable service to be used when calculating the lump sum and annual pension should be increased as follows:

During the 2003 year, one member of staff retired on medical grounds. The length of pensionable service was increased by six and two thirds rather than six years. This was to ensure parity between Loughs Agency staff and Northern Ireland Civil Service staff. The difference between the amounts due to the individual for both lump sum and pension when calculated using six years and six and two thirds years was £728/ \in 1,031.

Pension payments were also made to individuals who retired in previous years and who had their length of service increased by the additional two thirds of a year. The value of these additional payments is not known, but will be small and not material.

a) If the pensionable service is less than ten years the it should be doubled

b) If it is ten years or more it should be increased to either twenty years or by six years.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

12 GENERAL RESERVE

	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	€	€
At 1 January	169,998	369,663	240,836	565,924
Transfer of capital grant on disposal of grant asse	ets —	3,200	_	4,899
Surplus/(Deficit) for year	89,677	(202,865)	130,956	(293,373)
Exchange difference	_	_	6,740	(36,614)
At 31 December	259,675	169,998	378,532	240,836
13 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS				
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	£	£	€	€
Contracted for	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Authorised by Loughs Agency but not yet contracted for	75,000	NIL	109,328	NIL

14 OPERATING LEASE

At 31 December 2004 the Agency had an annual commitment under a short term business letting agreement for the ground floor office at Old Quay Lane, Carlingford of $\leq 6,349/£4,308$.

15 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Foyle, Carlingford and Irish Lights Commission (Loughs Agency) is a North/South Implementation Body sponsored by the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development in Northern Ireland, and the Department of Communications, Marine and Natural Resources in the Republic of Ireland.

The above named departments are regarded as related parties. During the period Loughs Agency has had various transactions with these departments.

None of the members of key management staff or other related parties has undertaken any material transactions with the Loughs Agency during the period.

16 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Financial Instruments

Due to the non-trading nature of its activities and the way the Agency is financed, the Agency is not exposed to the degree of financial risk faced by business entities. The Agency has very limited powers to borrow or invest surplus funds and financial assets and liabilities are generated by day to day operational activities and are not held to change the risks facing the Agency in undertaking its activities.

The Agency's financial instruments mainly consist of cash, trade debtors and trade creditors.

(b) Liquidity, Interest rate and Foreign Currency Risk

The Agency's net revenue resource requirements are financed by resources voted annually by Parliament and the Oireachtas, as largely is its capital expenditure. It is not therefore exposed to significant liquidity risks. The Agency's transactions are effected in the currencies of each part of Ireland, with realised gains and losses being taken to the Income and Expenditure account. The Agency's exposure to foreign currency risk is not significant

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

as it receives agreed levels of funding from its sponsoring departments, Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and Department of Communications, Marine and Natural Resources, in sterling and euro respectively and does not engage in trading activities. However as the Agency receives one half of its funding from Department of Communications, Marine and Natural Resources in Euro, yet discharges the majority of its transactions in sterling, it is exposed to foreign currency risk to a limited degree.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

Account Direction

ACCOUNT DIRECTION GIVEN BY THE NORTHERN DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT, THE SOUTHERN DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNICATIONS, MARINE AND NATURAL RESOURCES WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE FINANCE DEPARTMENTS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NORTH/SOUTH CO-OPERATION (IMPLEMENTATION BODIES) (NORTHERN IRELAND) ORDER 1999 AND THE SOUTHERN BRITISH-IRISH AGREEMENT ACT 1999

The annual accounts shall give a true and fair view of the income and expenditure and cash flows for the financial year, and the state of affairs as at the year end. Subject to this requirement, the Loughs Agency shall prepare for the financial period ended 31 December 2000 and subsequent years in accordance with:

- a) The North/South Implementation Bodies Annual reports and Accounts Guidance;
- b) Other guidance which Finance Departments may issue from time to time in respect of accounts which are required to give a true and fair view;
- c) Any other specific disclosures required by sponsoring departments.

Except where agreed otherwise with finance departments, in which case the exception shall be described in the notes to the accounts.

Signed by authority of the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development

Signed by authority of the Department of Communications, Marine and Natural Resources

Gerald Lavery

Maurice Mullen

Date 3rd August 2001

Date 6th September 2001



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